

Research and development opportunities in red alder (*Alnus rubra* Bong.).



Callum Bell

CSUN

Jeremy Yoder



Daniel Ballhorn

Red alder: *Alnus rubra* Bong.



Goals for this meeting

- Bring awareness of our work to broader red alder community
- Become better integrated with others in the field
- Discover value of our research materials, especially the provenance trial
- Explore funding sources
- Build an alliance aimed at further work
- Introductions



NCGR History

- New Mexico non profit
- Formed in 1994
- Software and database support for the DOE human genome project
- Research
- Bioinformatics
- Software
- Education



The screenshot shows the homepage of the National Center for Genome Resources (NCGR). At the top, there is a navigation menu with links for HOME, ABOUT, RESEARCH, SERVICES, EDUCATION, and CONTACT. The main header features the NCGR logo and the text "National Center for Genome Resources" and "Genomic data science and education for a better world". Below this, there are four columns representing different areas: Research, Bioinformatics, Software, and Education. Each column has a brief description and a "LEARN MORE" button. A central section celebrates 25 years of excellence with a quote from Subash Das, DVM, PhD, Senior Scientist at Takeda Pharmaceuticals. The footer contains information about NCGR, contact details, and copyright information.

NCGR
National Center for Genome Resources

HOME ABOUT RESEARCH SERVICES EDUCATION CONTACT

National Center for Genome Resources

Genomic data science and education for a better world

Research

NCGR's faculty conduct research across a broad range of topics at the forefront of genetics, genomics, and bioinformatics.

[LEARN MORE](#)

Bioinformatics

NCGR offers a variety of bioinformatics services, including analysis, custom pipelines, data visualization and on-site computing resources.

[LEARN MORE](#)

Software

Some problems require novel software solutions. NCGR has a long history of developing algorithms and implementing pragmatic, innovative software for bioinformatic analyses.

[LEARN MORE](#)

Education

Education is a fundamental component of NCGR's mission. NCGR offers a variety of education opportunities and training services.

[LEARN MORE](#)

Celebrating 25 years of excellence!

“

NCGR has been a great collaborator in supporting Takeda's tetravalent dengue vaccine (TDV) program: Their expertise in bioinformatics and sequencing resulted in a very productive collaboration with excellent results.

— Subash Das, DVM, PhD, Senior Scientist Discovery Research at [Takeda Pharmaceuticals](#)

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About NCGR

The National Center for Genome Resources is a not-for-profit research institute that innovates, collaborates, and educates in the field of genomic data science. As leaders in DNA sequence analysis, we partner with government, industry, and academia to drive biological discovery in all kingdoms of life. We deliver value through expertise in experimental design, software, computation, data integration and training a skilled workforce.

[More >](#)

Contact

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WASHINGTON STATE
UNIVERSITY

Norman G. Lewis

Deciphering the molecular basis of elite red alder lines and their *Frankia alni* symbionts (NSF award 1547842)

Research materials all owned by Weyerhaeuser and licensed to WSU:

- Red alder clone collection
- *Frankia* strains and root nodules
- Provenance trial

► G3 (Bethesda). 2023 Mar 26;13(6):jkad060. doi: [10.1093/g3journal/jkad060](https://doi.org/10.1093/g3journal/jkad060) 

Annotated genome sequence of a fast-growing diploid clone of red alder (*Alnus rubra* Bong.)


[Kim K Hixson](#)^{1,2}, [Diego A Fajardo](#)³, [Nicholas P Devitt](#)⁴, [Johnny A Sena](#)⁵, [Michael A Costa](#)⁶, [Qingyan Meng](#)⁷, [Clarissa Boschiero](#)⁸, [Patrick Xuechun Zhao](#)⁹, [Eric J Baack](#)¹⁰, [Vanessa L Paurus](#)¹¹, [Laurence B Davin](#)¹², [Norman G Lewis](#)¹³, [Callum J Bell](#)^{14,✉}



► Front Plant Sci. 2024 Nov 7;15:1349635. doi: [10.3389/fpls.2024.1349635](https://doi.org/10.3389/fpls.2024.1349635) 

RNA-seq and metabolomic analyses of beneficial plant phenol biochemical pathways in red alder

[Kim K Hixson](#)^{1,2,†}, [Qingyan Meng](#)^{1,†}, [Syed G A Moinuddin](#)^{1,†}, [Mi Kwon](#)¹, [Michael A Costa](#)¹, [John R Cort](#)^{1,3}, [Laurence B Davin](#)¹, [Callum J Bell](#)⁴, [Norman G Lewis](#)^{1,*}

► Sci Data. 2024 Dec 18;11:1343. doi: [10.1038/s41597-024-04131-0](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41597-024-04131-0) 

A root nodule microbiome sequencing data set from red alder (*Alnus rubra* Bong.)

[Callum J Bell](#)^{1,✉}, [Johnny A Sena](#)¹, [Diego A Fajardo](#)¹, [Evan M Lavelle](#)¹, [Michael A Costa](#)², [Barrington Herman](#)³, [Laurence B Davin](#)², [Norman G Lewis](#)², [Alison M Berry](#)⁴



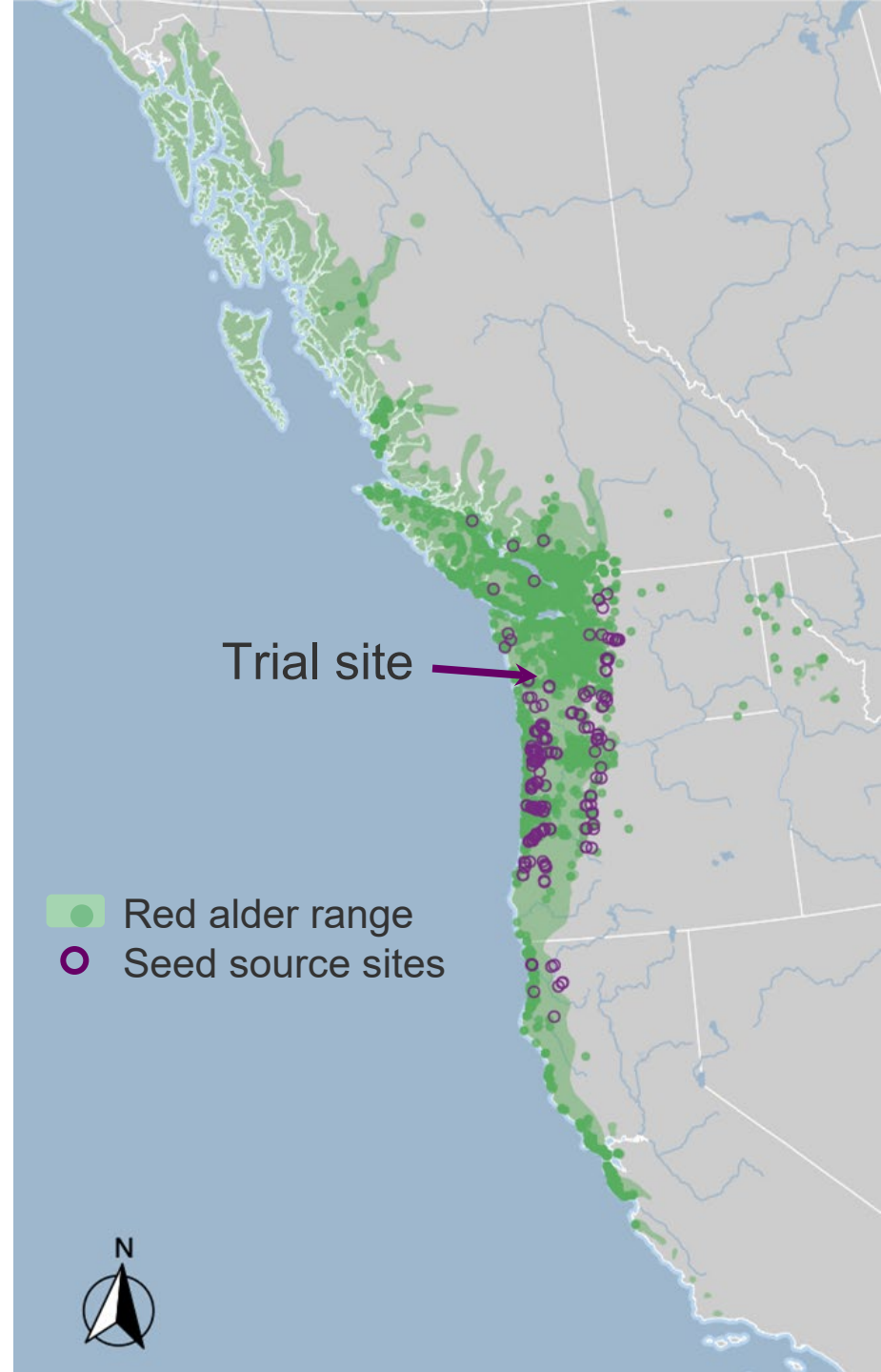
► Microbiol Resour Announc. 2021 Oct 28;10(43):e00800-21. doi: [10.1128/MRA.00800-21](https://doi.org/10.1128/MRA.00800-21) 

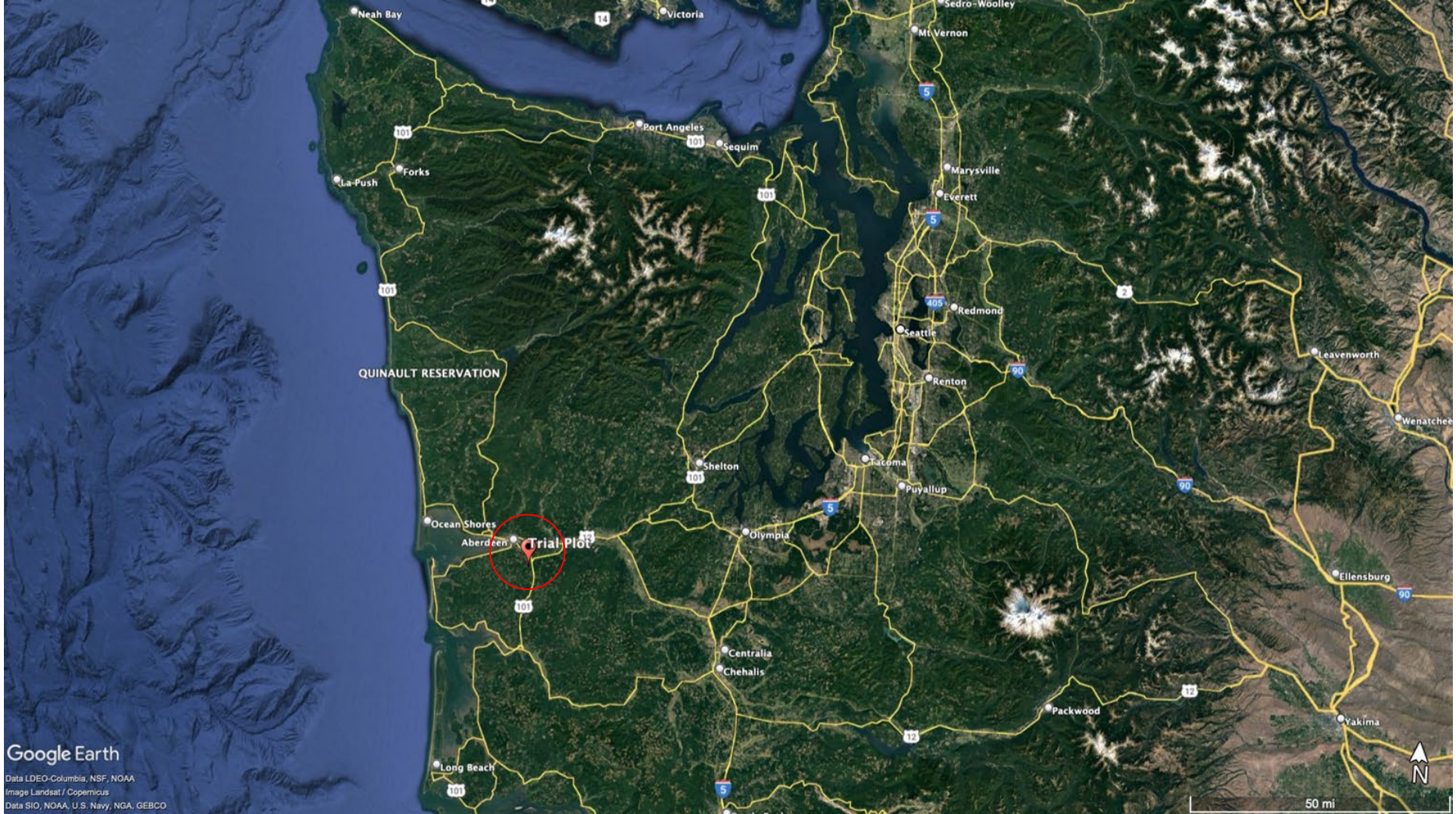
Contiguous Genome Sequence of *Frankia* sp. Strain Ar13, Isolated from Root Nodules of *Alnus rubra* Bong

[Callum J Bell](#)^{a,✉}, [Johnny A Sena](#)^a, [Isaac S Gifford](#)^b, [Alison M Berry](#)^b

Weyerhaeuser provenance trial

- 350 original trees
- Seed collected from each tree
- Open pollinated
- 16 half-siblings from each tree
- Planted in a common location
- Randomized into 16 blocks





Google Earth
Data LDEO-Columbia, NSF, NOAA
Image Landsat / Copernicus
Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

50 mi
N



KAY Anderson
614 Line
10/10/1980
10/10/1980

Block 1
Block 2
Block 3
Block 4
Block 5
Block 6
Block 7
Block 8
Block 9
Block 10
Block 11
Block 12





Google Earth

900 ft





Google Earth

Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO
Data LDEO-Columbia, NSF, NOAA



300 ft

Study genetic variation by GBS (Genotyping by Sequencing)

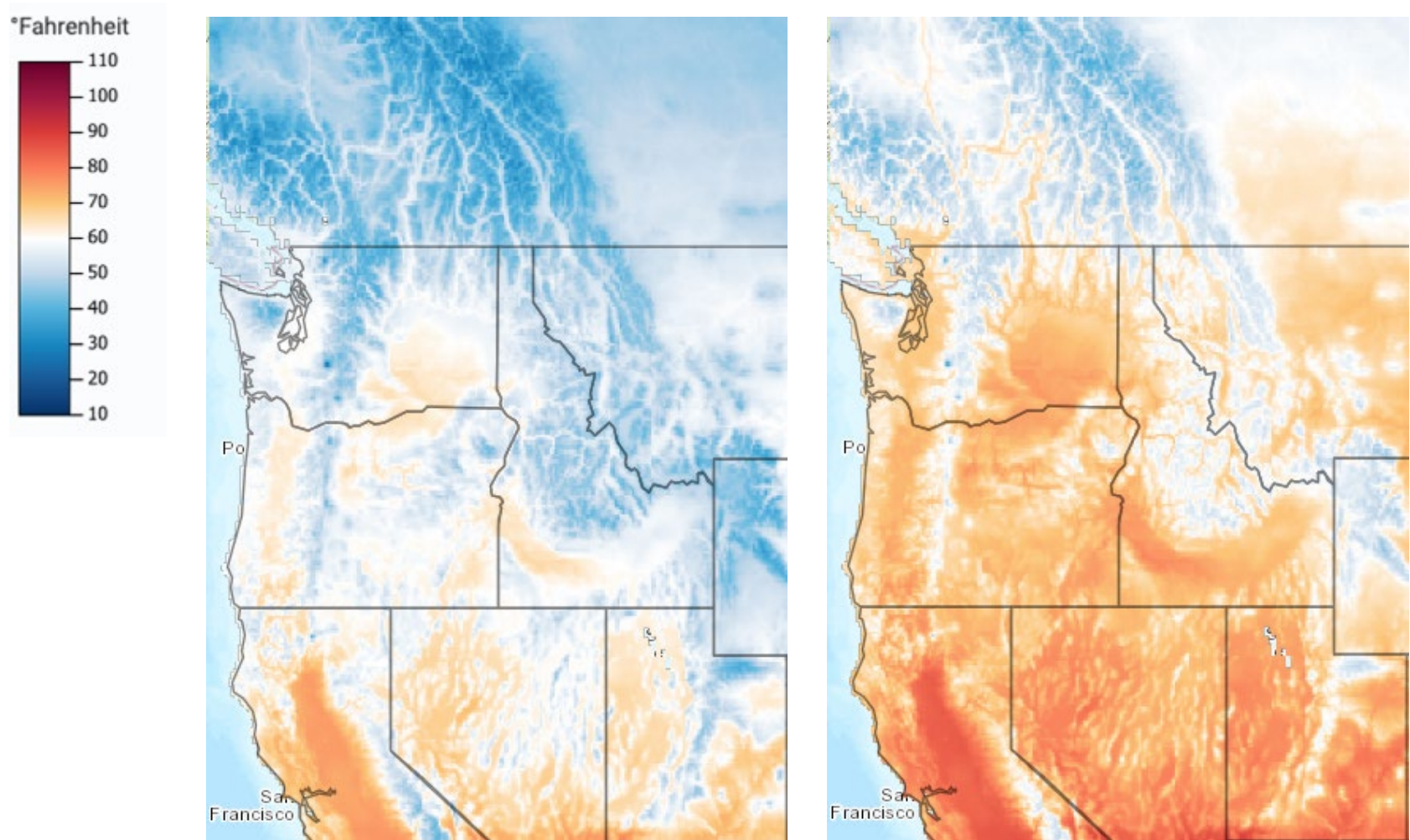
- Locate the trees
- Sample the best and worst growing tree from each family of 16
- Leaf DNA extraction
- 523 trees passed QC
- ApeK1 digestion
- 7.6 M 101 bp reads per sample
- SNP calling with FreeBayes
- 501,933 SNPs
- Combined data with Ballhorn lab

Analysis of GBS data

- GWAS for growth traits
 - Height
 - Diameter at Breast Height (DBH)
 - Estimated volume
 - Best/worst grower in family
- Genotype-Environment associations
 - Precipitation
 - Temperature
 - Soil variables

Climate models

CMIP5 (Coupled Model Intercomparison Project Phase 5)



1961-1990 mean

2099, high emissions scenario

Climate models

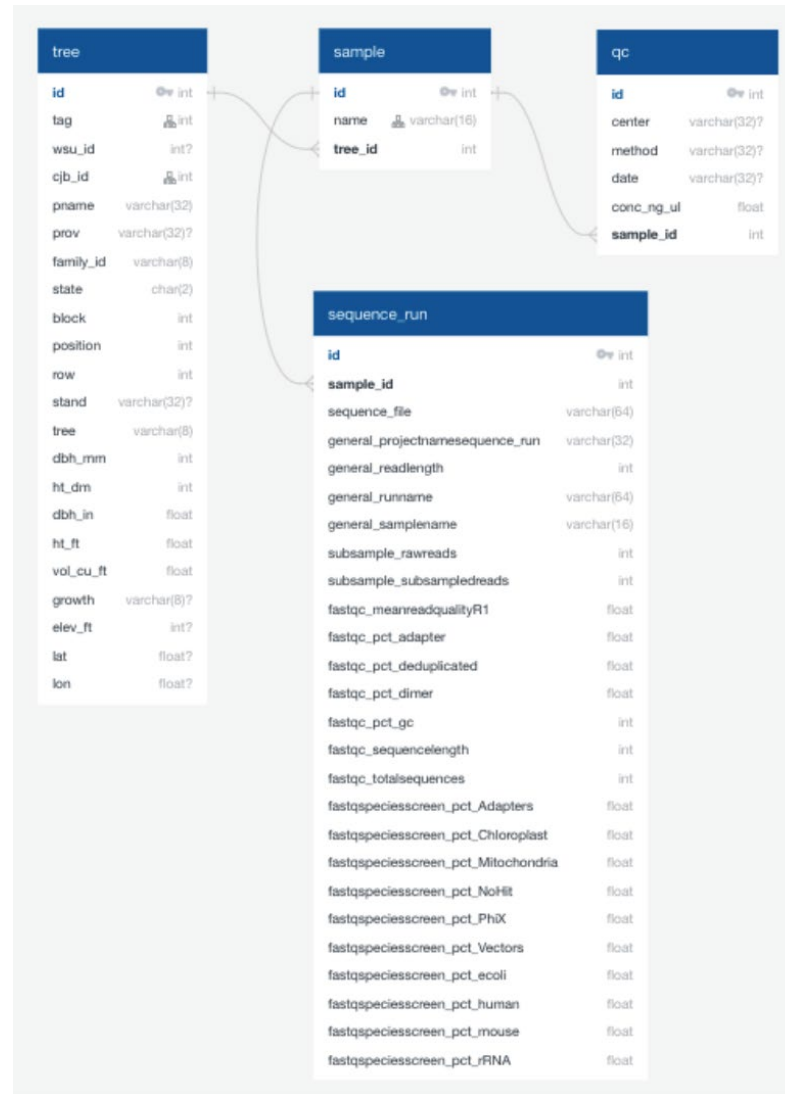
Aberdeen, Washington



Data from the U.S. Climate Resilience Toolkit Climate Explorer



Provenance trial database



Jeremy Yoder

Ecology, evolution, &
population genetics

Search

Welcome

The Yoder Lab

Scientific publications

Writing portfolio

Speaking engagements

Interviews & media

Denim & Tweed

Contact

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Welcome

I'm Jeremy Yoder, an Assistant Professor in the [Department of Biology](#) at California State University Northridge. I study local adaptation and *coevolution* — the ways that living things shape each other's evolutionary history — particularly in mutualism.

Evolutionary theory explains how events that occur over a single day or a single growing season ultimately shape million-year-long patterns of biodiversity. I use field studies, mathematical models, and genomic data to understand how interacting species shape each other's evolutionary history.

For more detailed project descriptions and opportunities to join in research at the undergraduate, graduate, and postdoctoral level, see [my lab website](#).

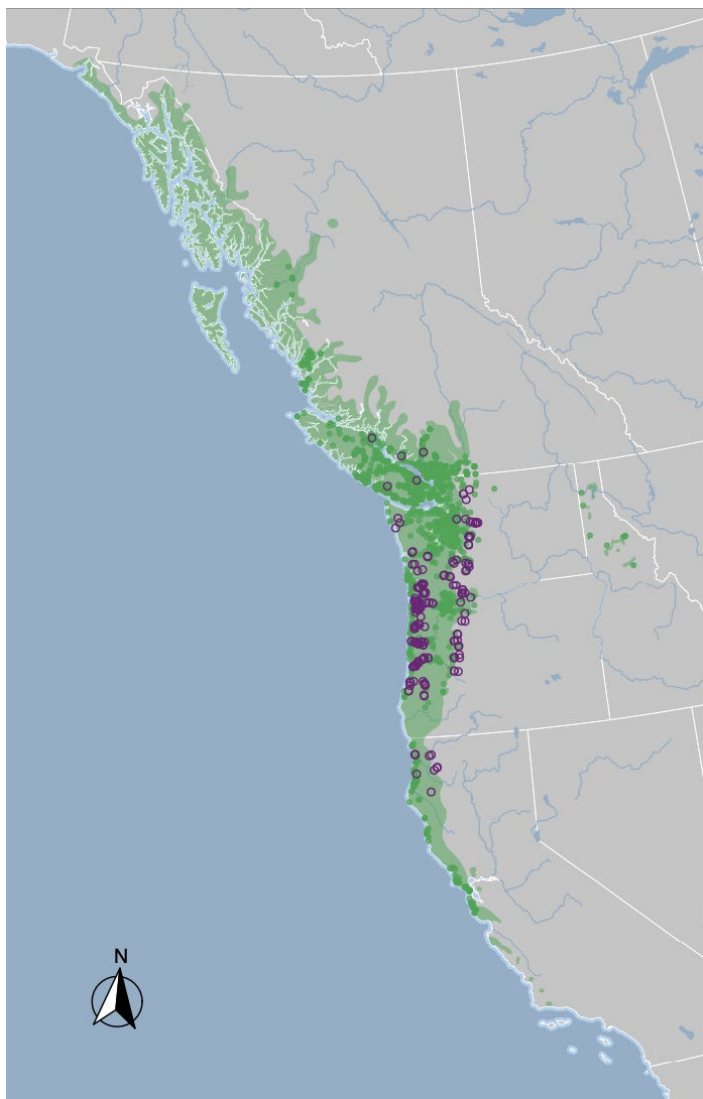
For updates personal and professional of varying degrees of formality, see my blog, [Denim and Tweed](#).



— In the field with a big, happy Joshua tree. (Photo by C MacDonald)

<https://lab.jbyoder.org/>

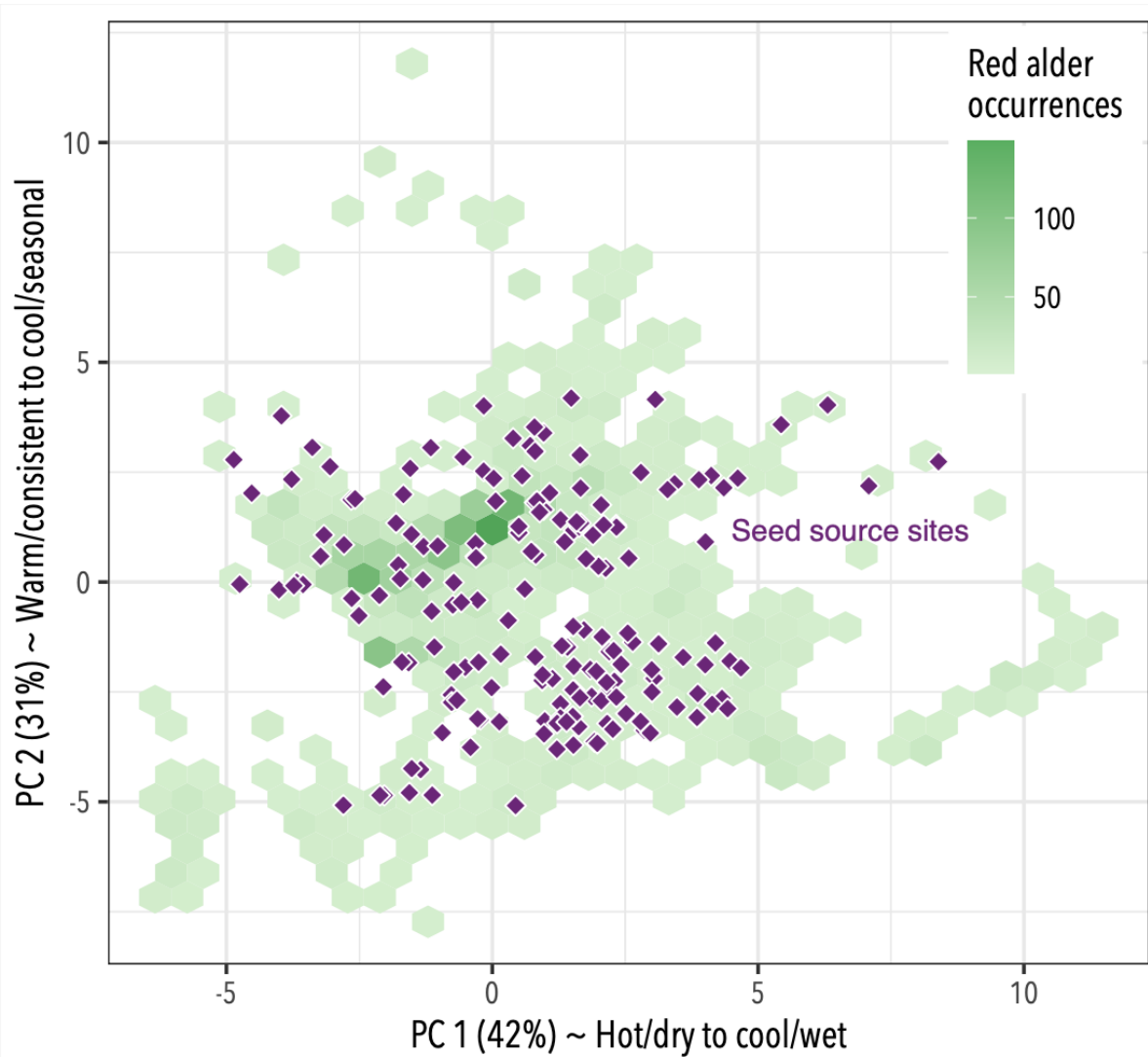
Range representation



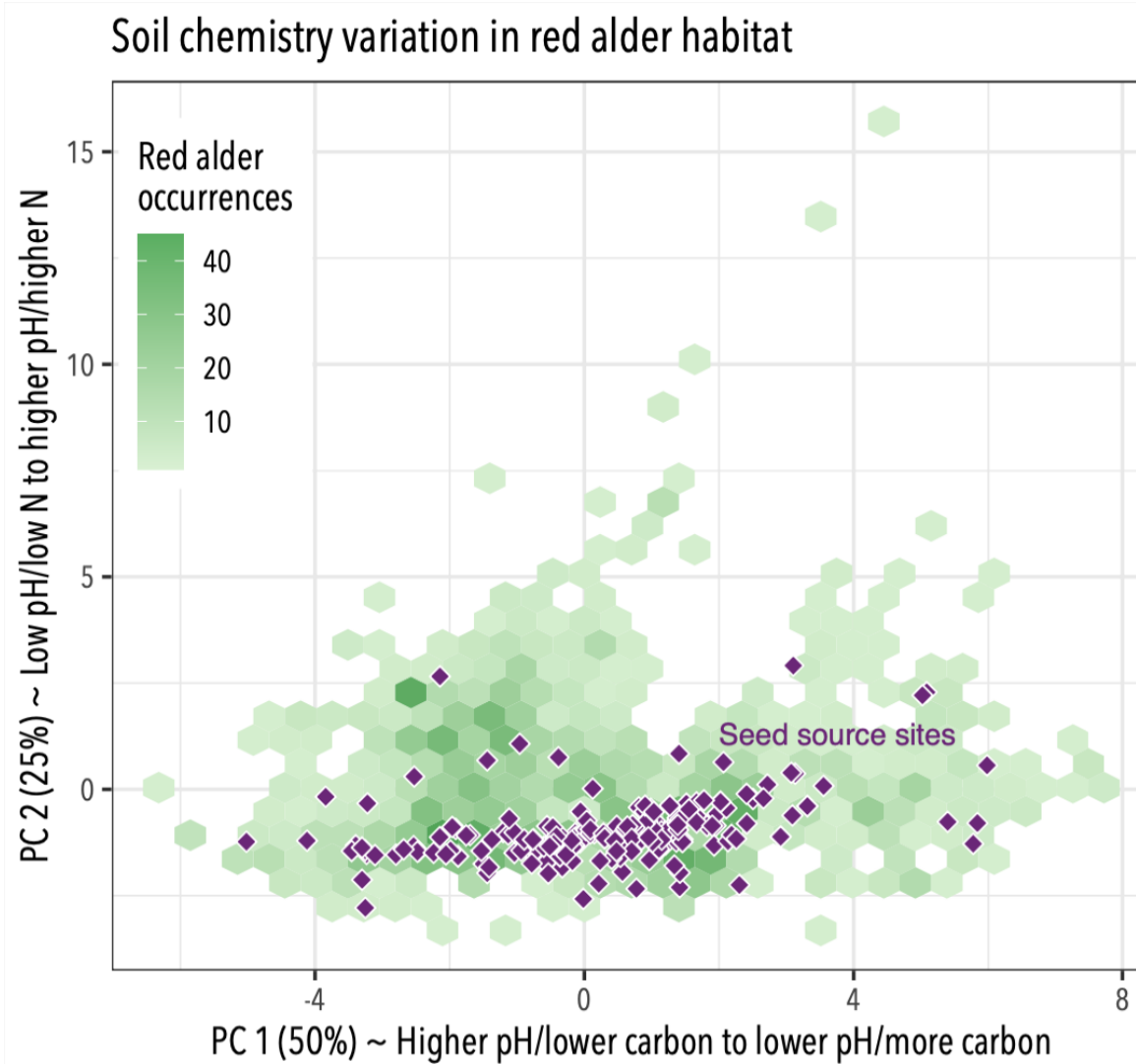
- Green contour: USDA
- Green dots: GBIF occurrences
- Purple dots: our provenances

Global Biodiversity Information Facility

BioCLIM 30 year average PCA



Soil chemistry PCA

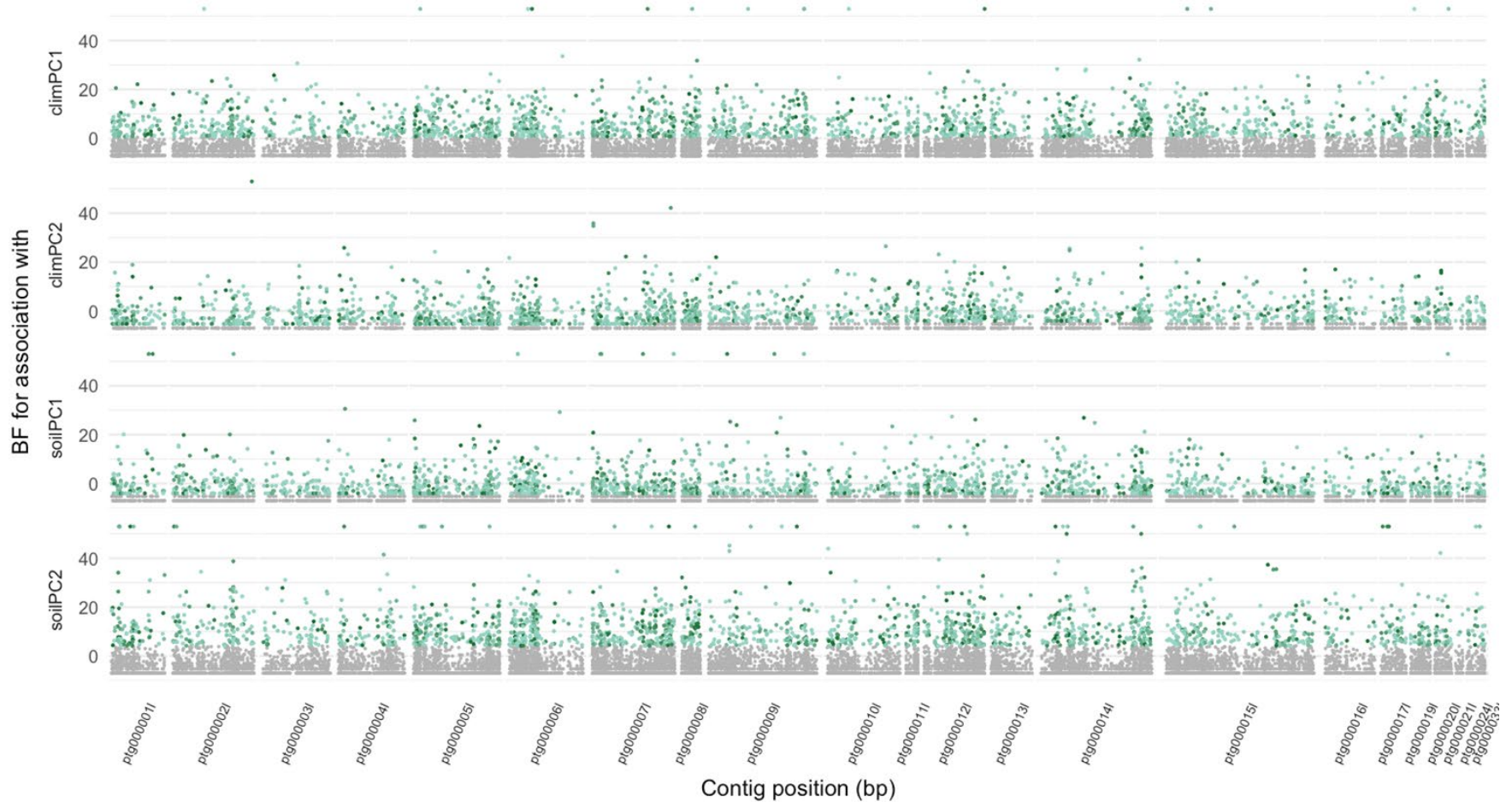


Gene-Environment GWAS

Associations with climate and soil variation

201,309 SNPs with MAF ≥ 0.01 and $< 50\%$ missing; top 1% of SNPs highlighted

Top SNP MAFs 



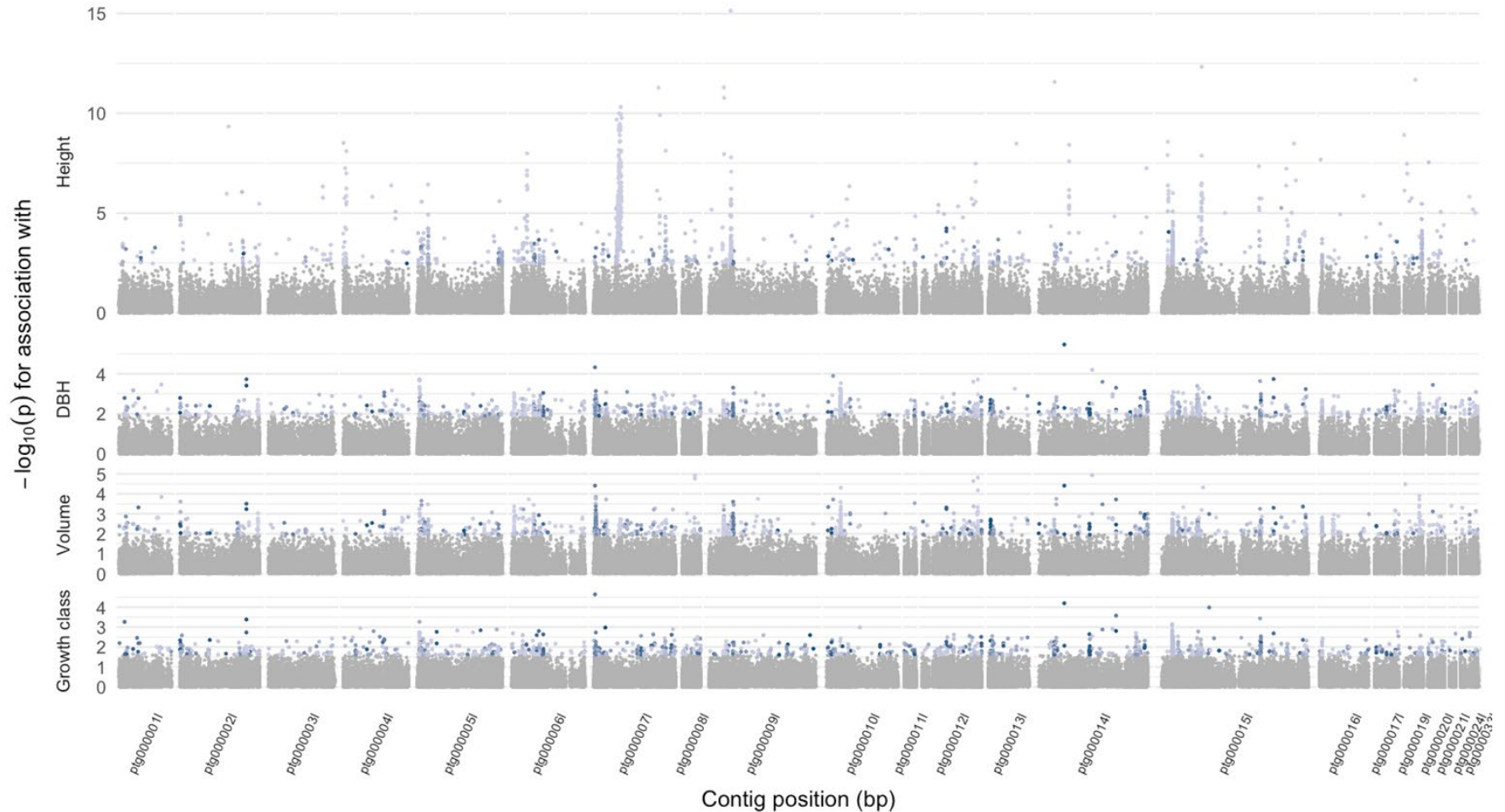
Climate PC1: warmer/drier; PC2: more coastal/temperate
Soil PC1: higher pH/lower SOC; PC2: lower N, lower pH

Growth trait GWAS

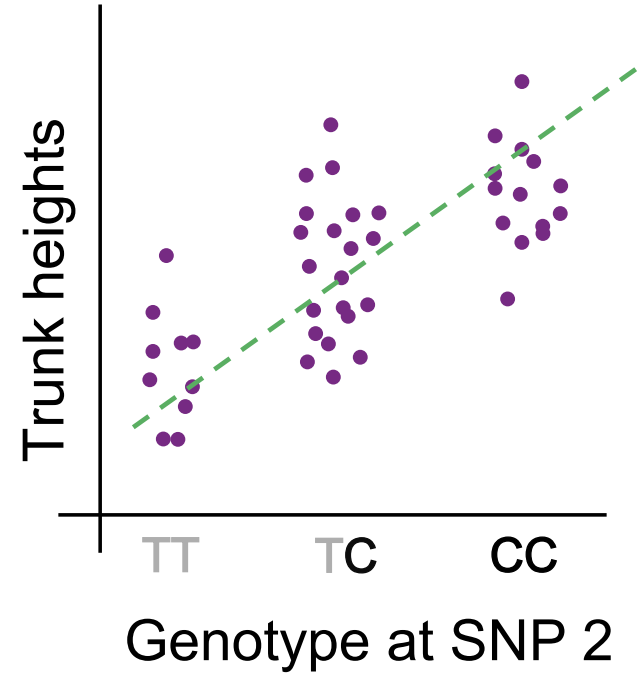
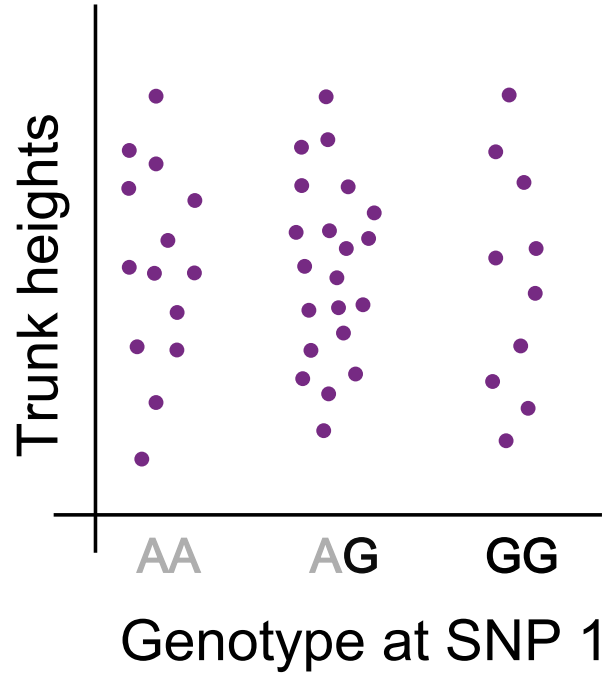
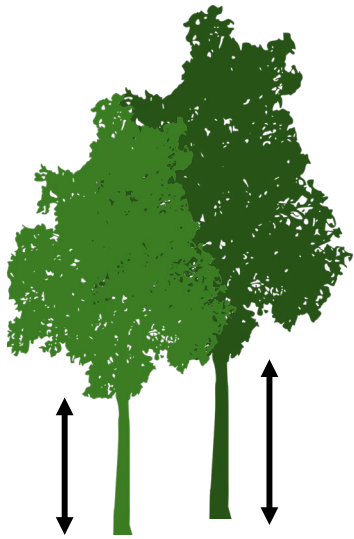
Associations with growth measures

~120,000 SNPs with MAF ≥ 0.01 and $< 20\%$ missing; top 1% of SNPs highlighted

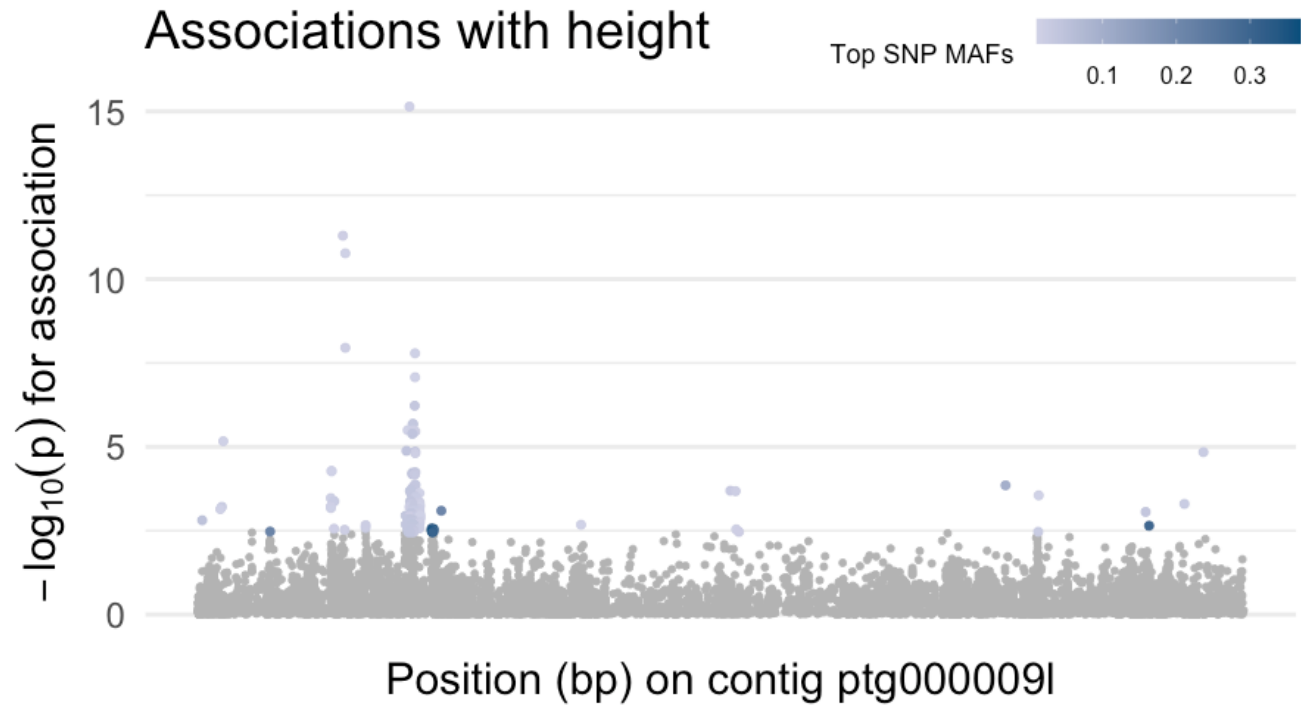
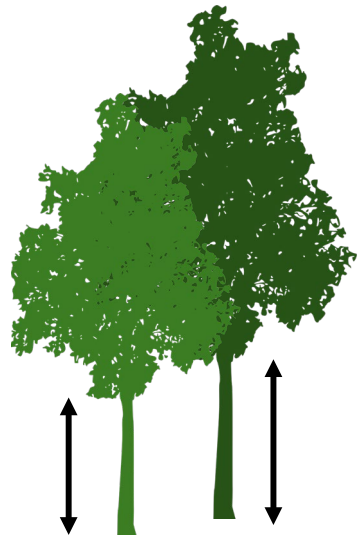
Top SNP MAFs  0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5

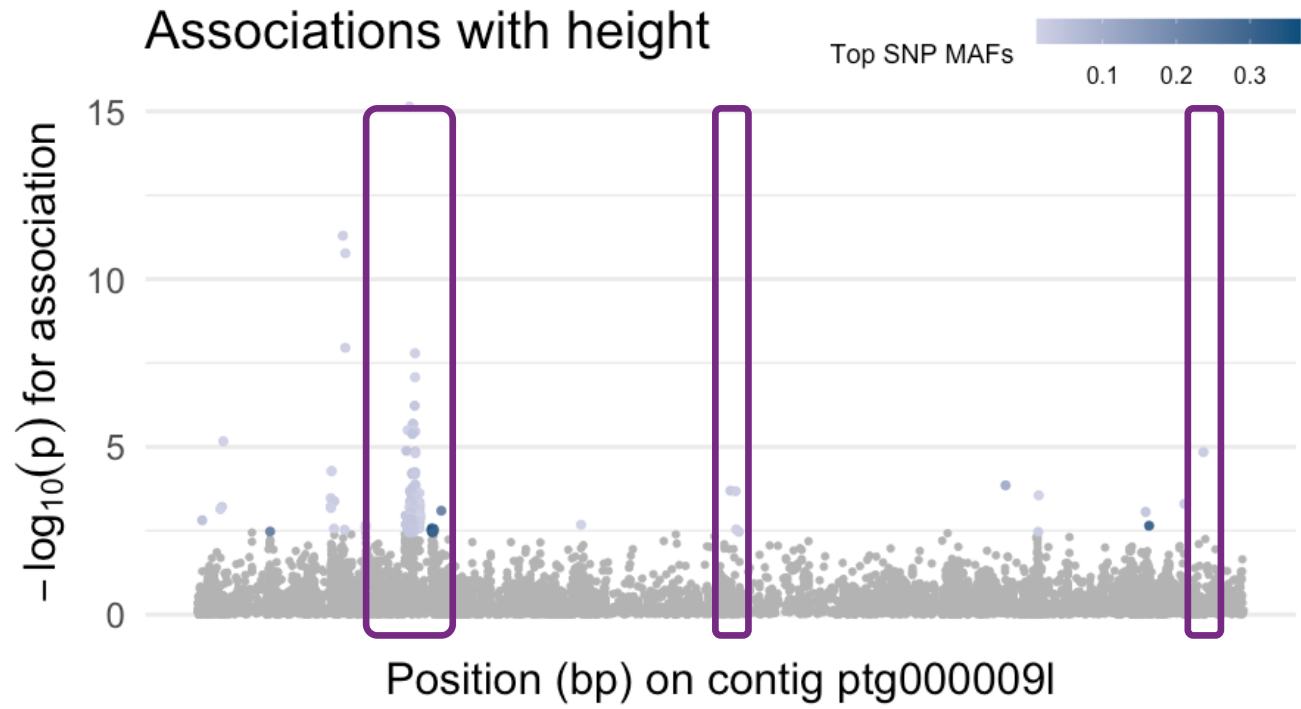
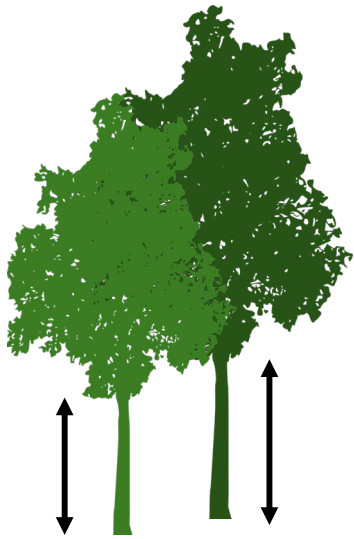


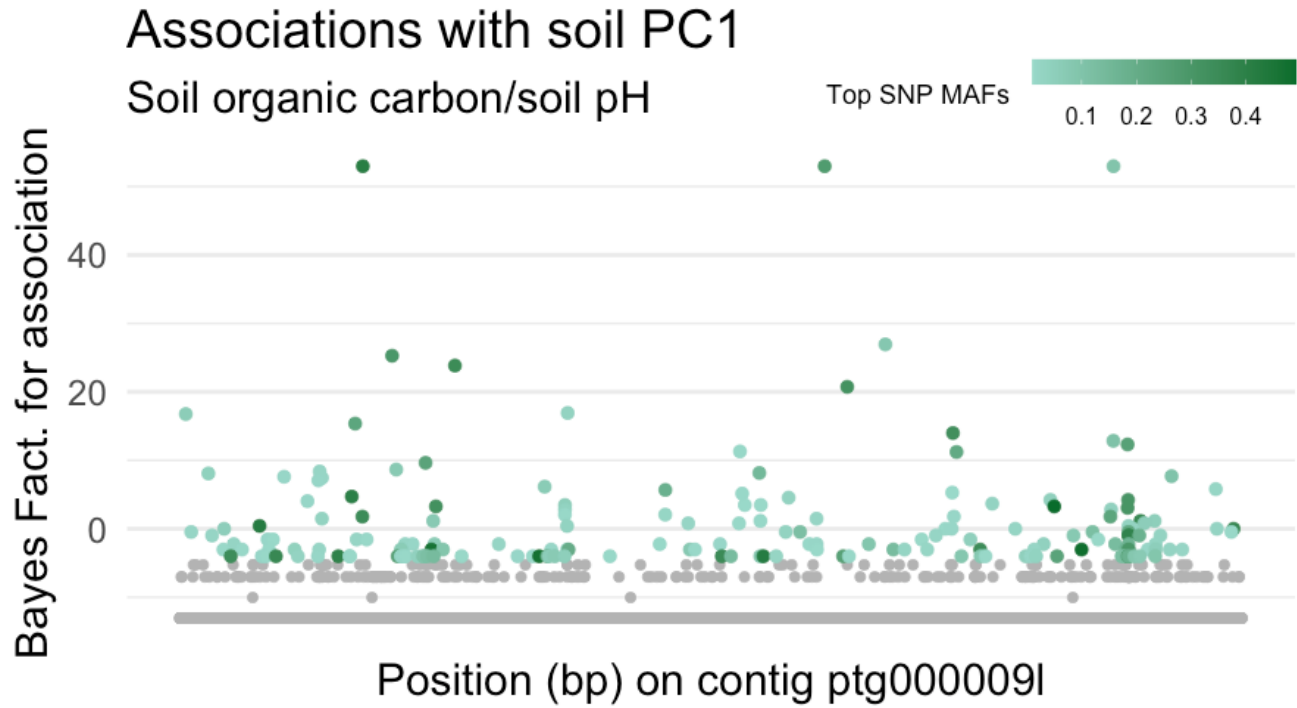
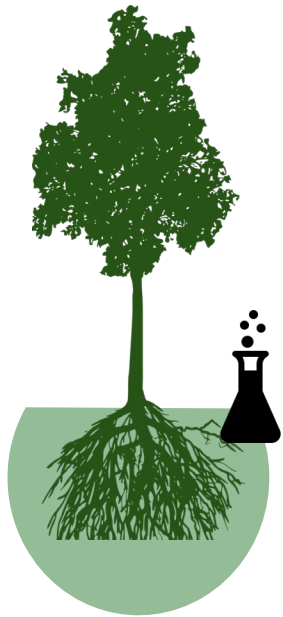
120,055 SNPs for growth class; 119,909 for other measures

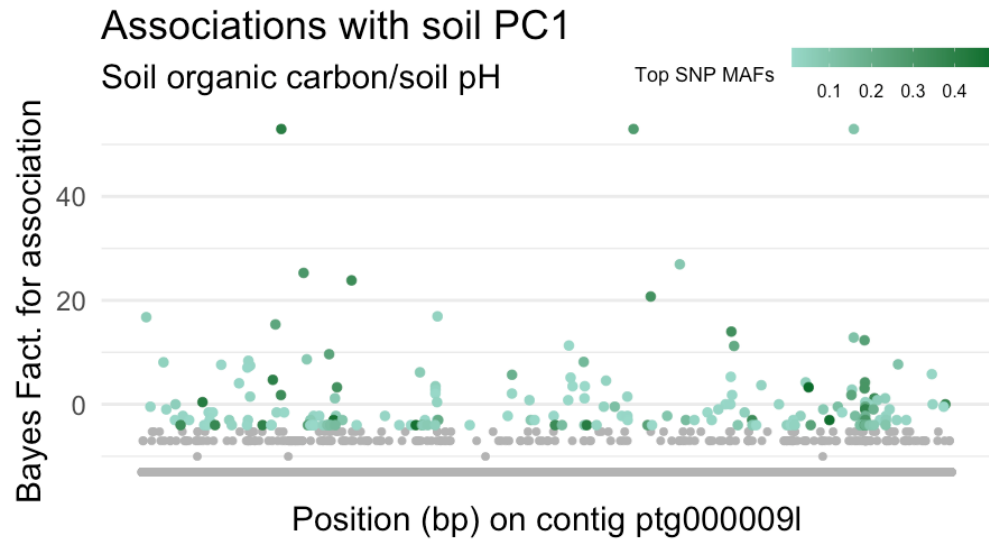
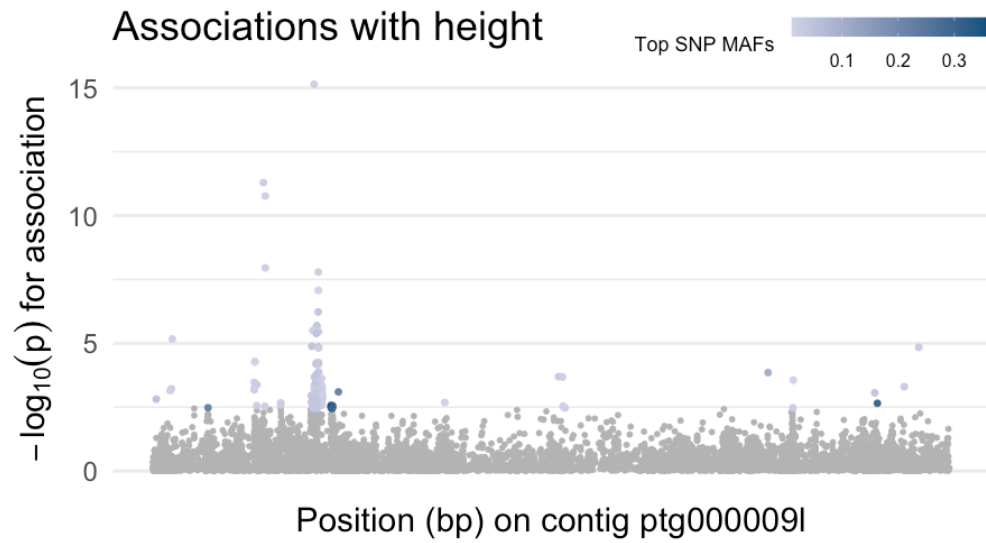
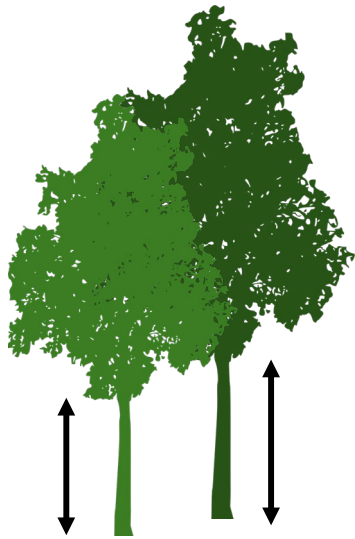


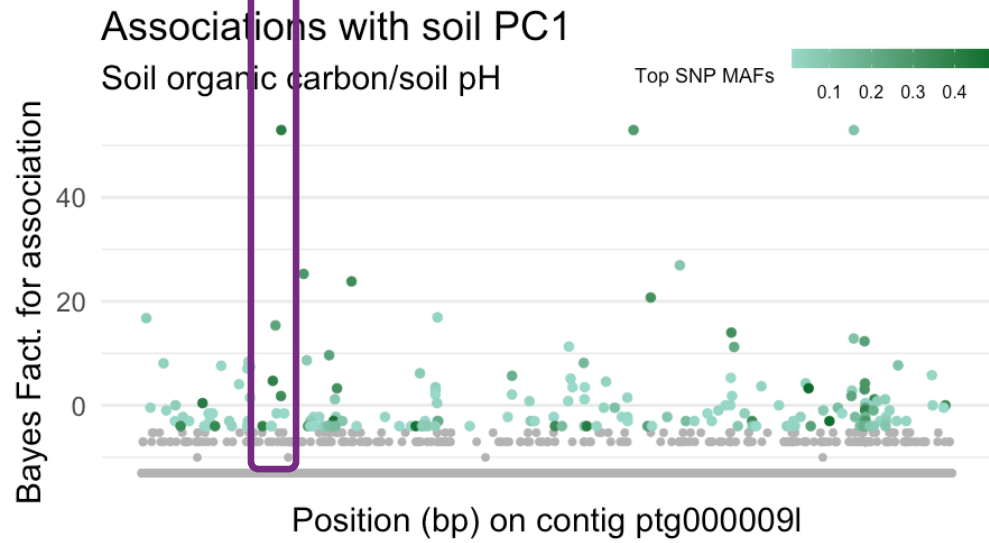
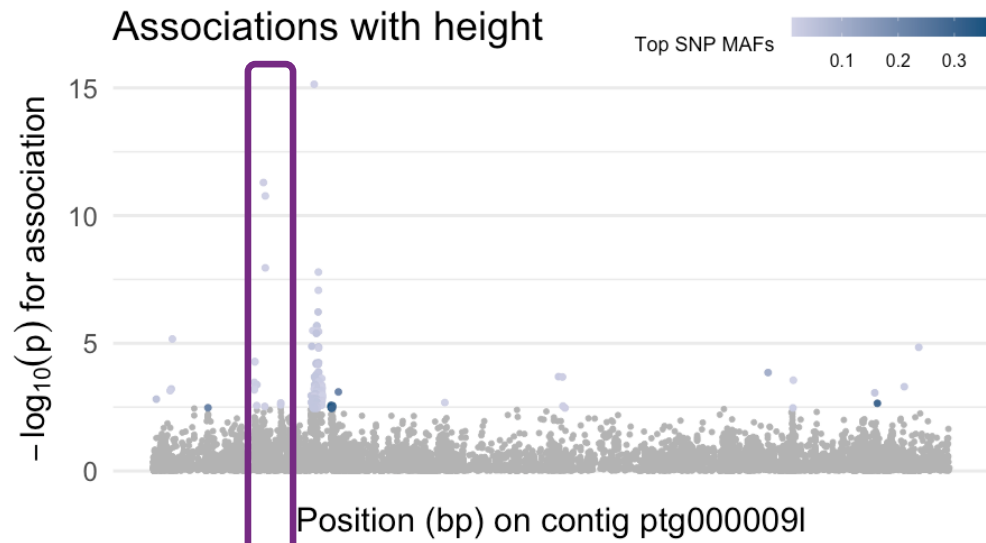
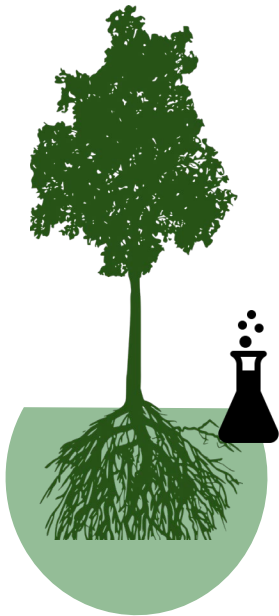
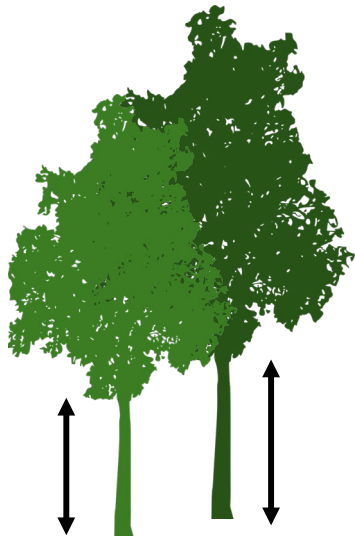
SNP 2 is “associated
with height

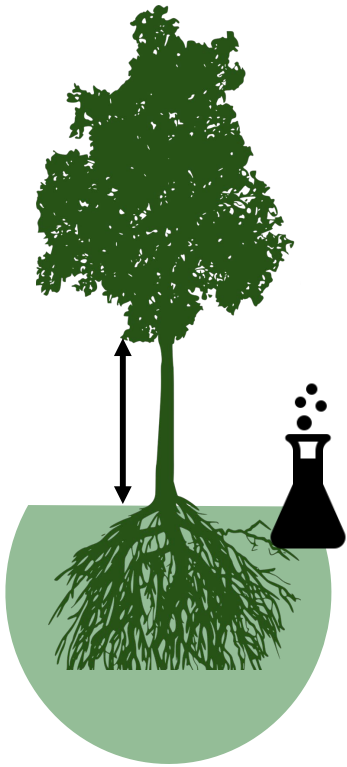




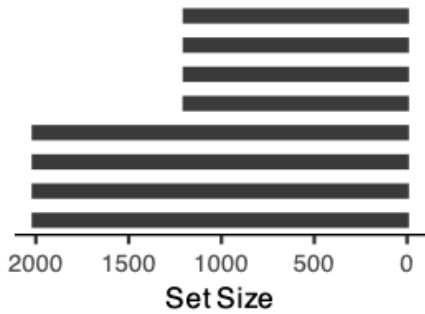
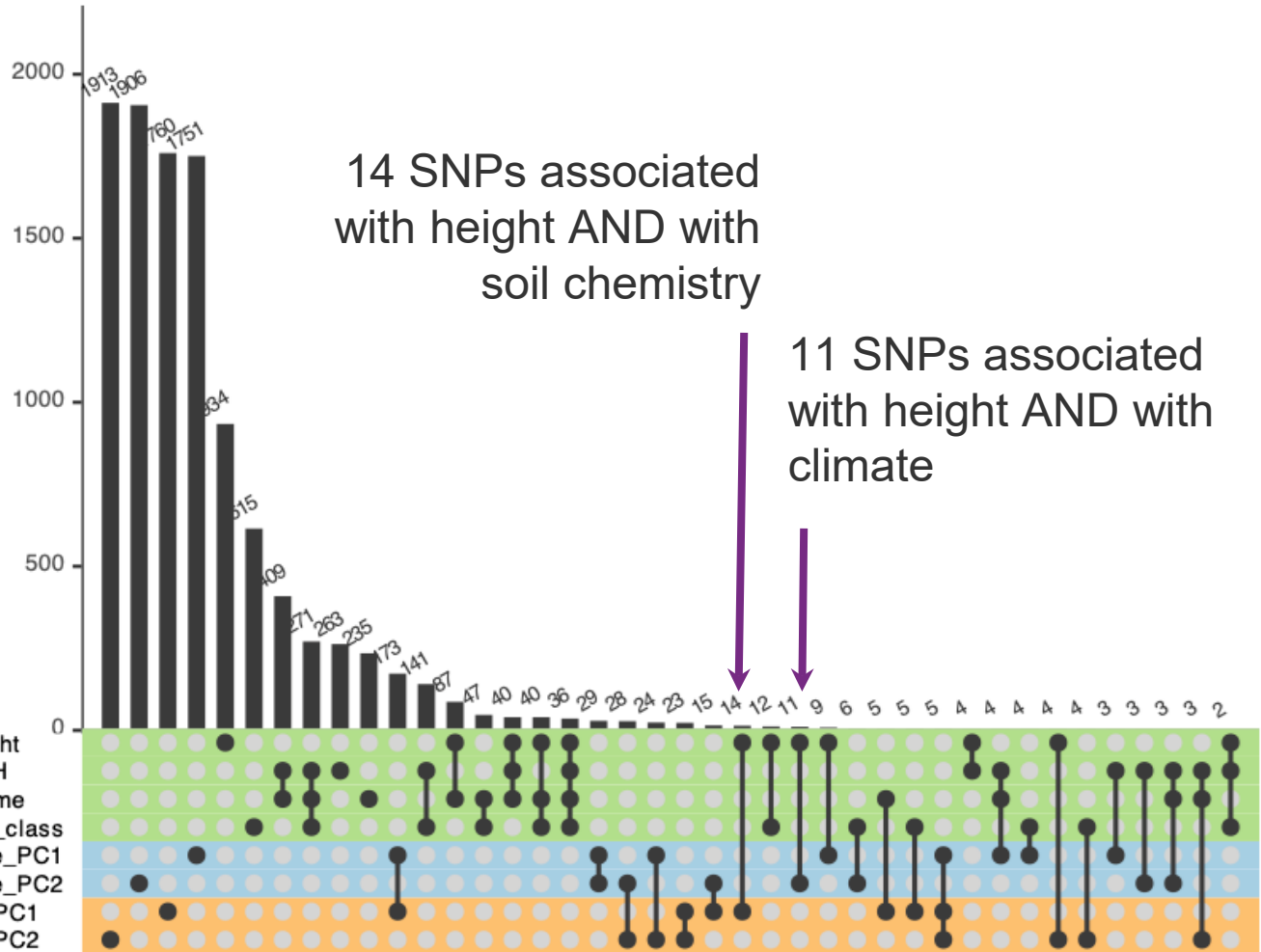




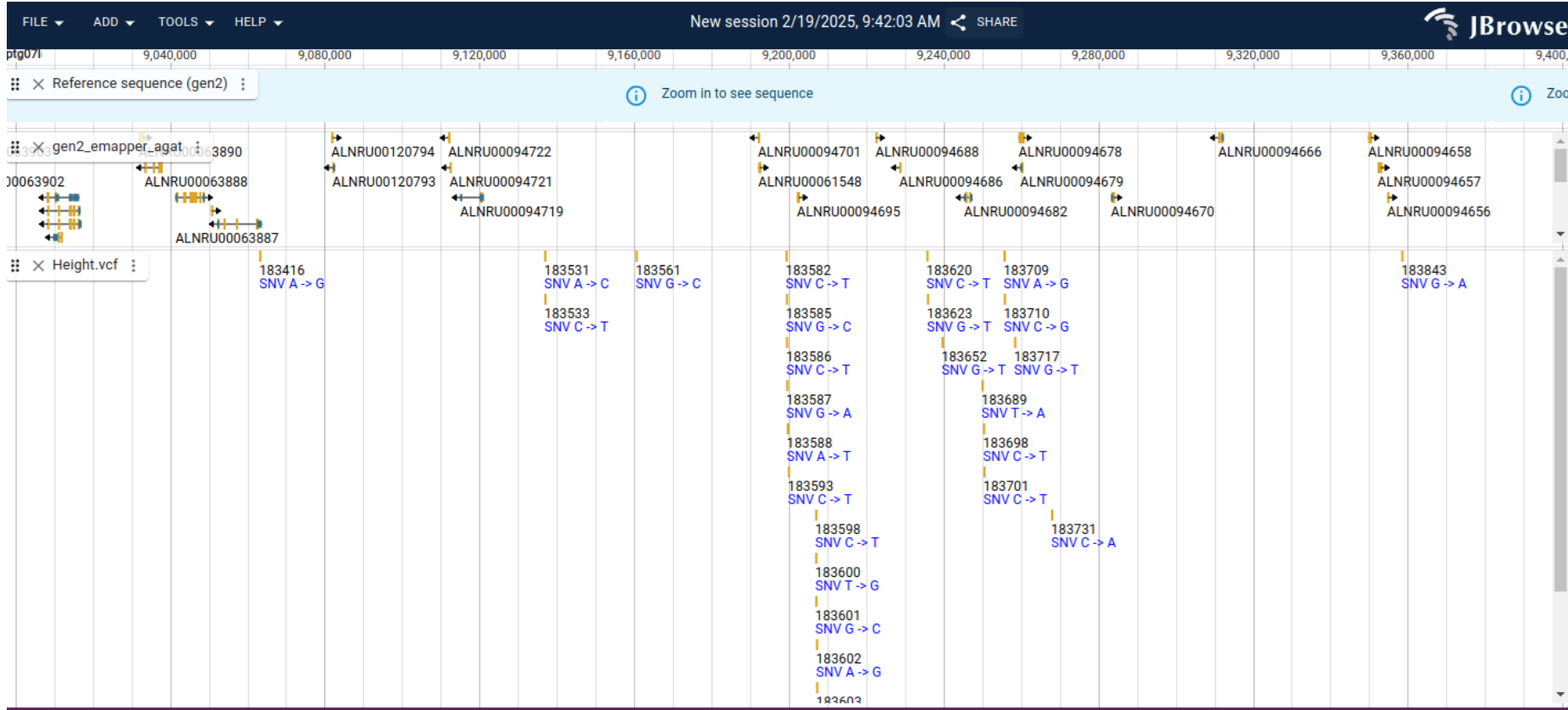




Intersection Size



Finding genes of interest...





Conclusion and discussion of opportunities

- Value of the trial?
- Future of trial site
- Future directions
- Interest in collaboration
- Funding opportunities
- Questions for us



Norman Lewis
Laurence Davin
Barri Herman
Mike Costa
Syed Moinuddin



**Pacific
Northwest**
NATIONAL LABORATORY

Kim Hixson



Andy Binns
Diego Fajardo
Johnny Sena
Nico Devitt

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Jeremy Yoder



Daniel Ballhorn
Robyn Dove