

Water Technology Centre

SUTRAM for EASY WATER

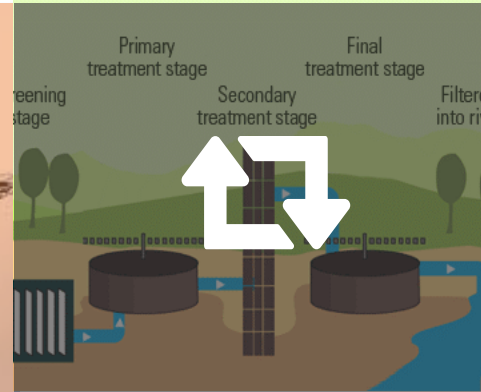
Sustainable Treatment, Reuse and Management for
Efficient, Affordable and Synergistic Solutions for
Water



Surface water runoff



Water Purification



Wastewater treatment



Industrial water

Principal Investigators

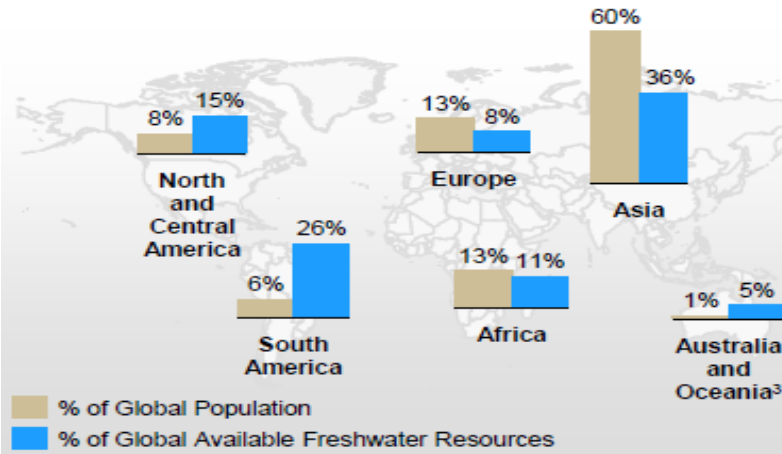
-

Ligy Philip & T. Pradeep

Lead institute

-

IIT Madras



DRUG COCKTAIL
Active pharmaceutical ingredients in Patancheru

Drugs	Levels in µg/l
Ciprofloxacin	28,000-31,000
Losartan	2,400-2,500
Cetirizine	1,300-1,400
Metoprolol	800-950
Enrofloxacin	780-900
Citalopram	770-840
Norfloxacin	390-420
Lomefloxacin	150-300
Enoxacin	150-300
Ofloxacin	150-160
Ranitidin	90-160

Source: D G Joakim Larsson et. al, Effluent from drug manufactures contains extremely high levels of pharmaceuticals, *Journal of Hazardous Materials*, Volume 148, July 2007, pp 751-755

Introduction

Water is a precious resource



Water scarcity is one of the main problems faced by most of the countries



Water resources are contaminated: indiscriminate discharge of wastewater from domestic & industrial sectors

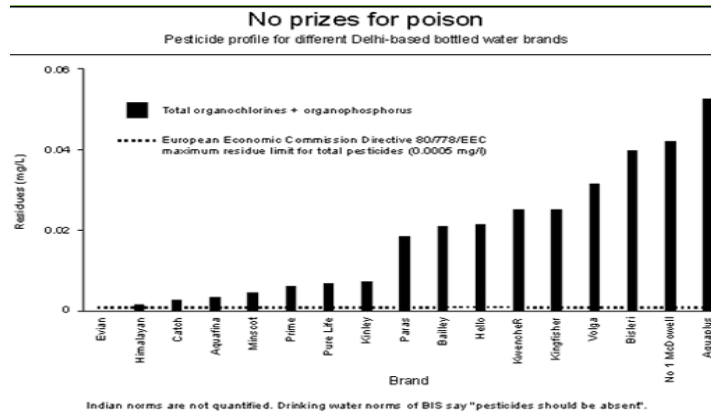


Ground water contamination by pollutants of natural and anthropogenic origin

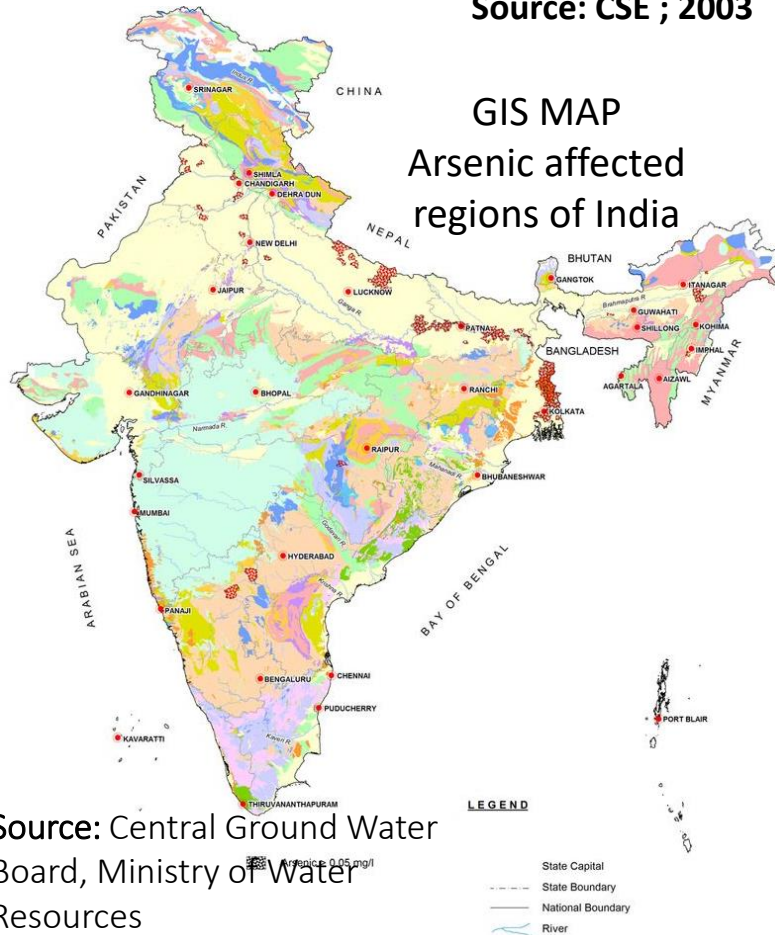


ECs like personnel care products, pharma, pesticides & other complex chemicals: Partially treated / untreated wastewater.

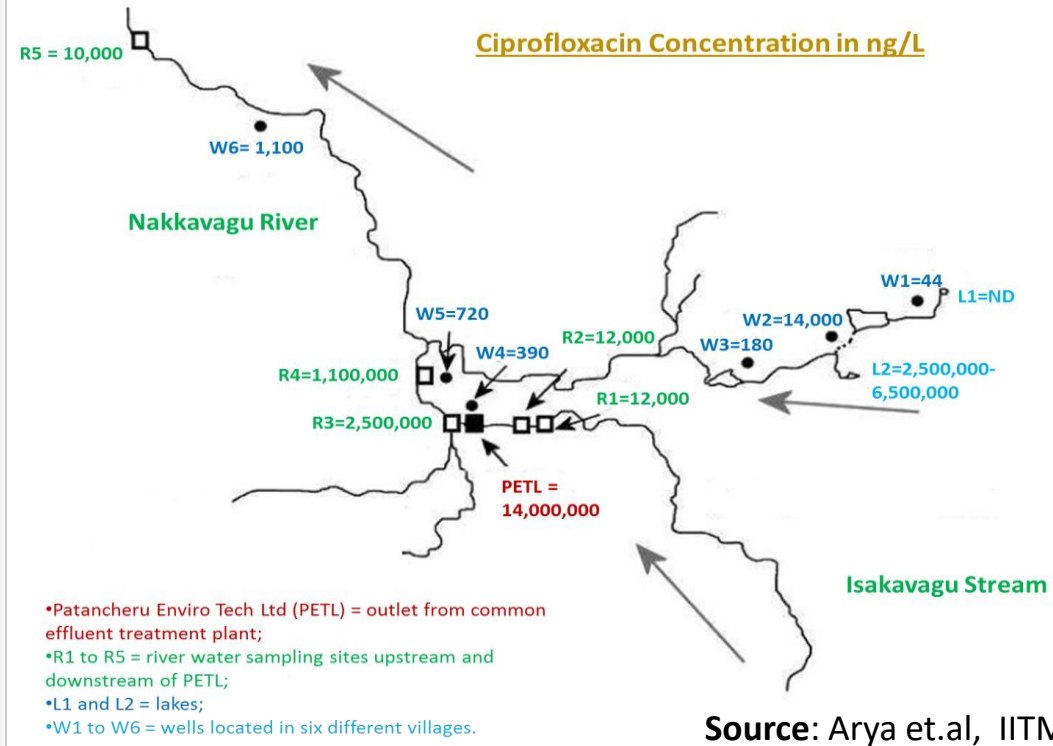
Fresh water constitutes 2.5 % of the total water on the earth. Half of the fresh water reserves support 86 % of the population



Source: CSE ; 2003



Source: Central Ground Water Board, Ministry of Water Resources



Fluoride

- ~28,000 habitations across 18 states are affected by fluorosis

Arsenic

- ~10,000 habitations are routinely exposed to arsenic

Ref: Format E29- Contaminated habitations, National Rural Drinking Water Program, Ministry of drinking water and sanitation

* Data Shown here is as per laboratory testing results entry done on regular basis hence may change



Rural and peri-urban India:
Unprotected surface or
groundwater for drinking purpose.
Most of these sources are
contaminated by multiple
pollutants



There is significant loss of water in
distribution systems.

Flood and drought frequencies are increasing
due to the climate change effects.
Appropriate management strategies for
storm water to augment water sources are
lacking.

Water intensive industries like
textile and tanneries : problems
with respect to water availability
and treatment of complex
wastewaters



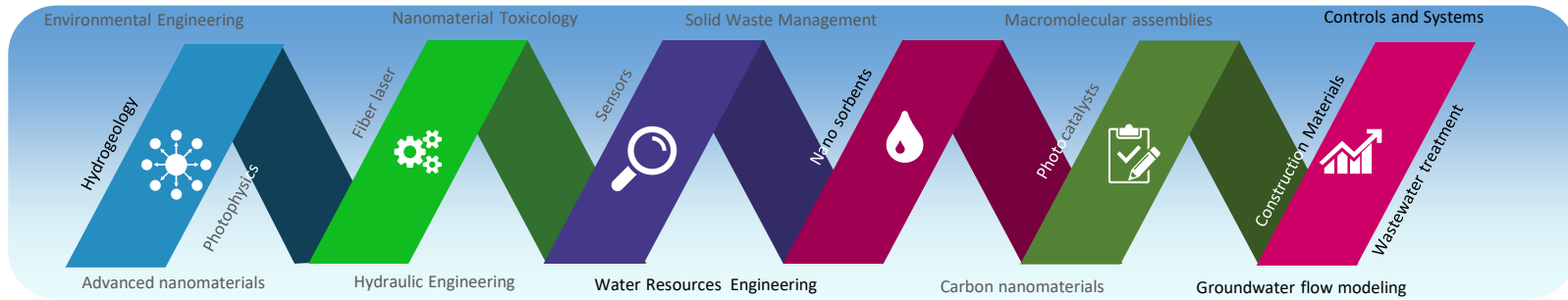
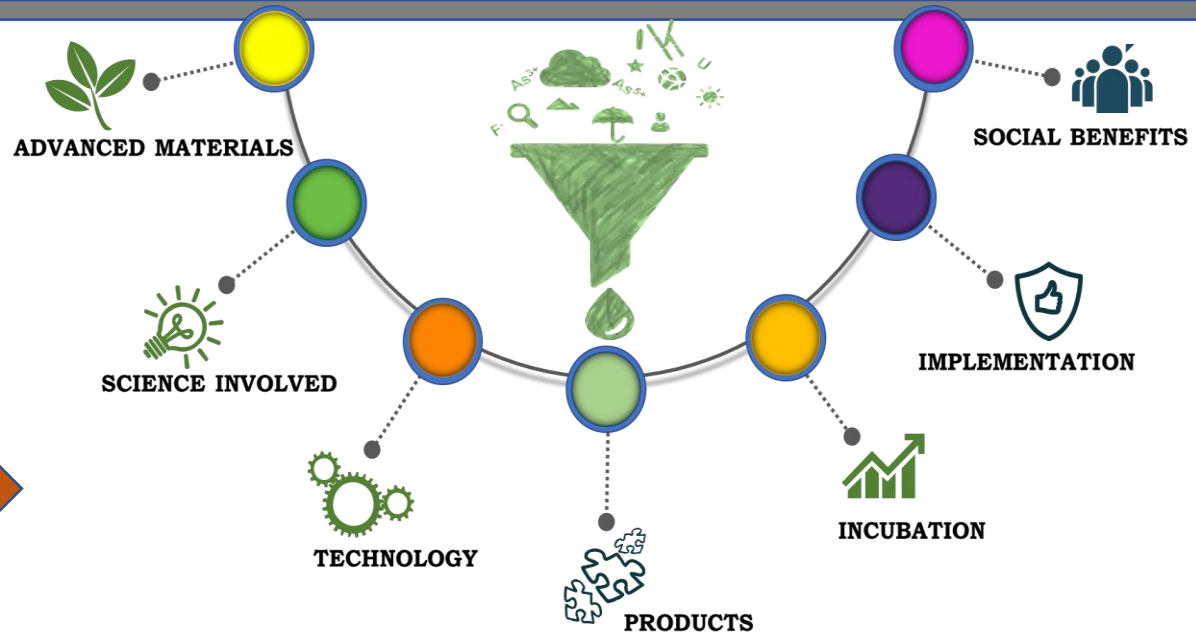
Hydrogeology of the location plays
an important role



There is an urgent need for sustainable management of the water resources to provide
adequate quantity of good quality water for all

Introduction

Project Expertise



01 IIT MADRAS

02 IITR LUCKNOW

03 ANNA UNIVERSITY

04 VIT CHENNAI

05 CLRI CHENNAI

06 IIT TIRUPATHI

07 IISER BHOPAL

08 KUMAUN, UTTARAKHAND

09 PRIST UNIVERSITY, TANJORE

10 INDUSTRIAL PARTNERS



Aims and Objectives

Aims

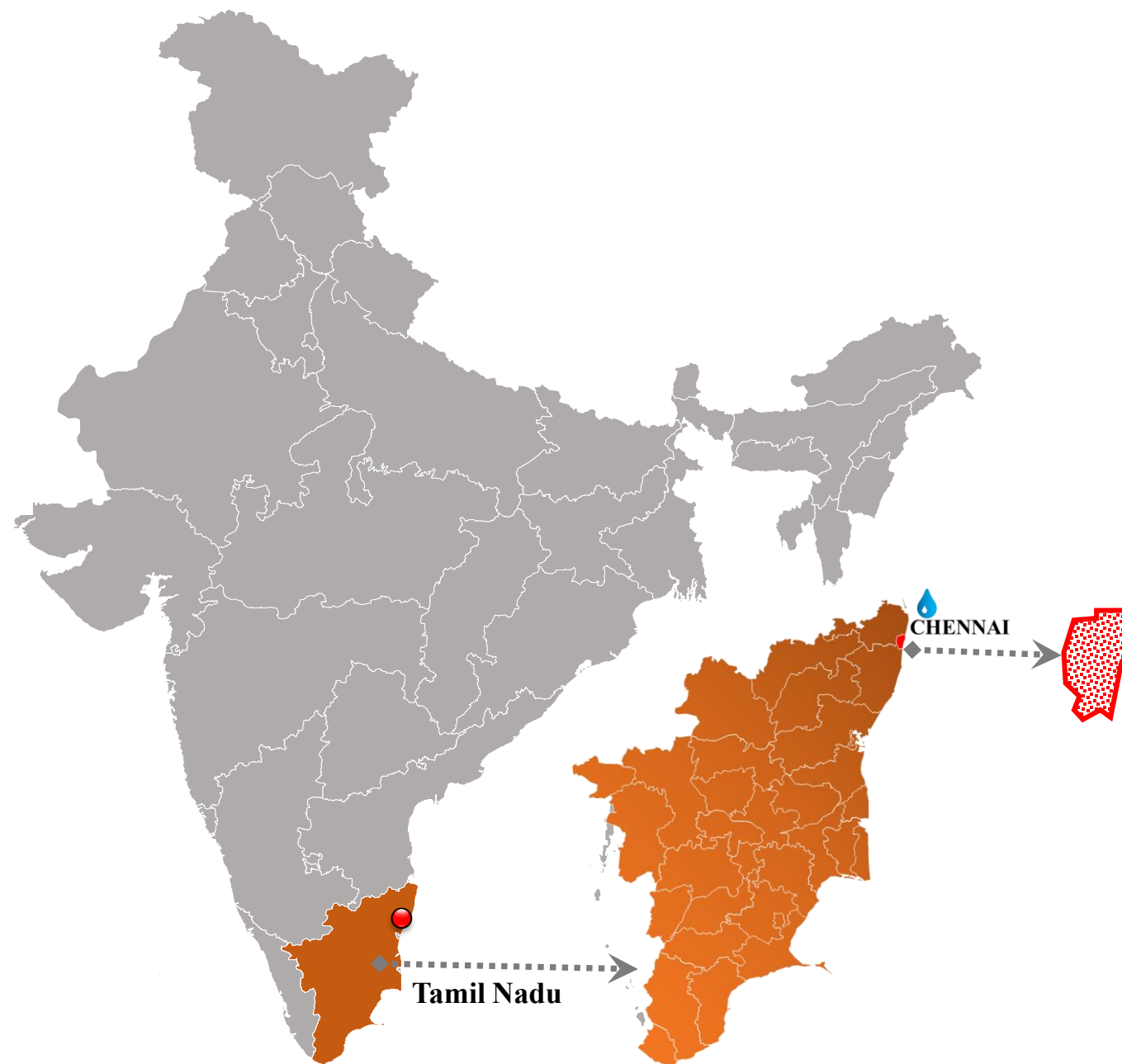
- The overall goal is to ensure adequate, safe, reliable and sustainable sources of drinking water for rural and urban India.
- Process water for highly polluting and water intensive industries through research, technology development and capacity building.

Objectives

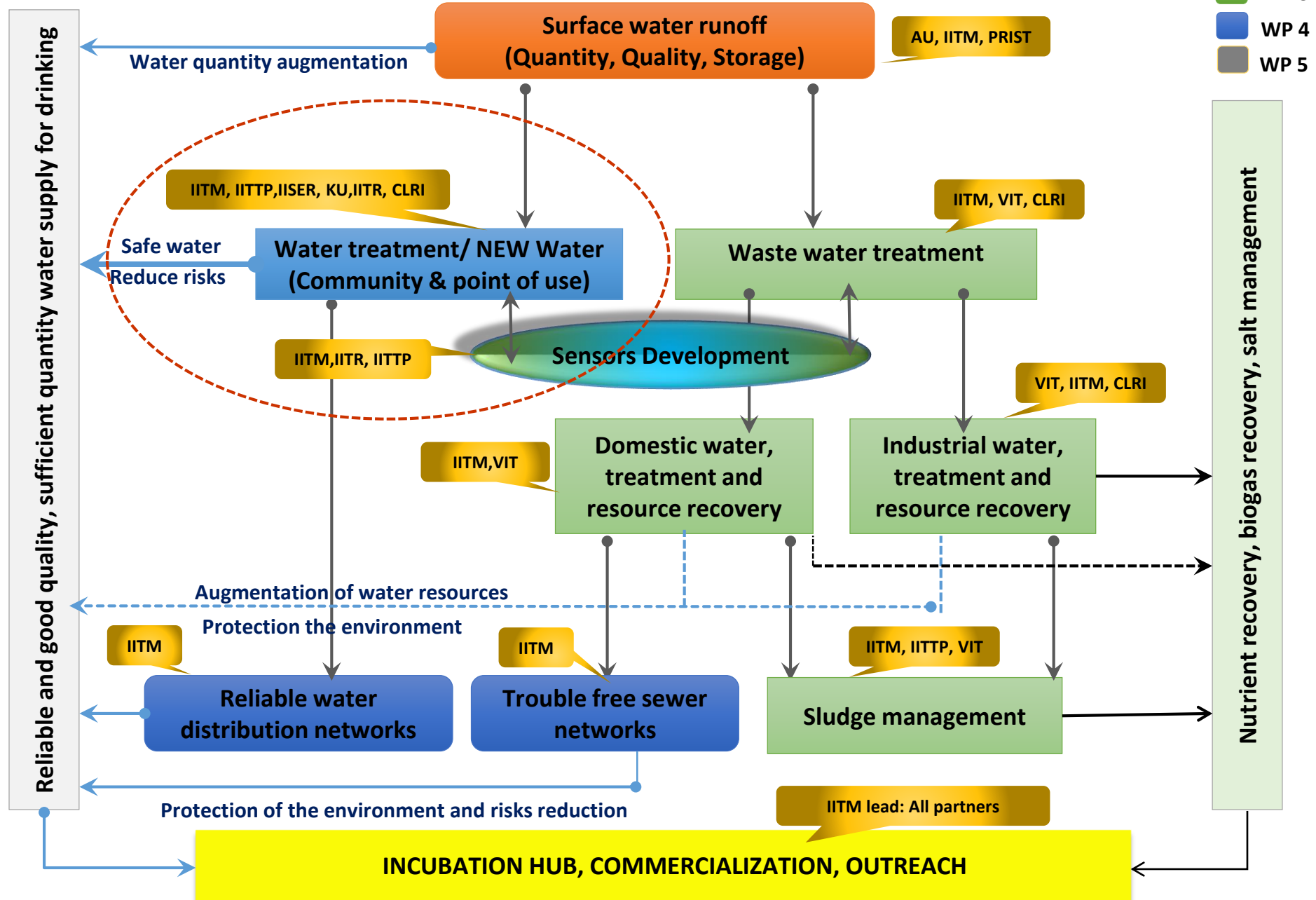
- To develop strategies and technologies for sustainable treatment, reuse and management of water.
- To translate the water technologies using the resources, mechanisms and knowledge acquired and close the innovation loop.
- To have active engagement with researchers and the innovators across the country and abroad
- Incubation and commercialization of developed technologies and products

Study Area

Chennai

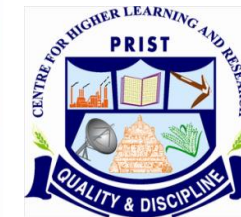
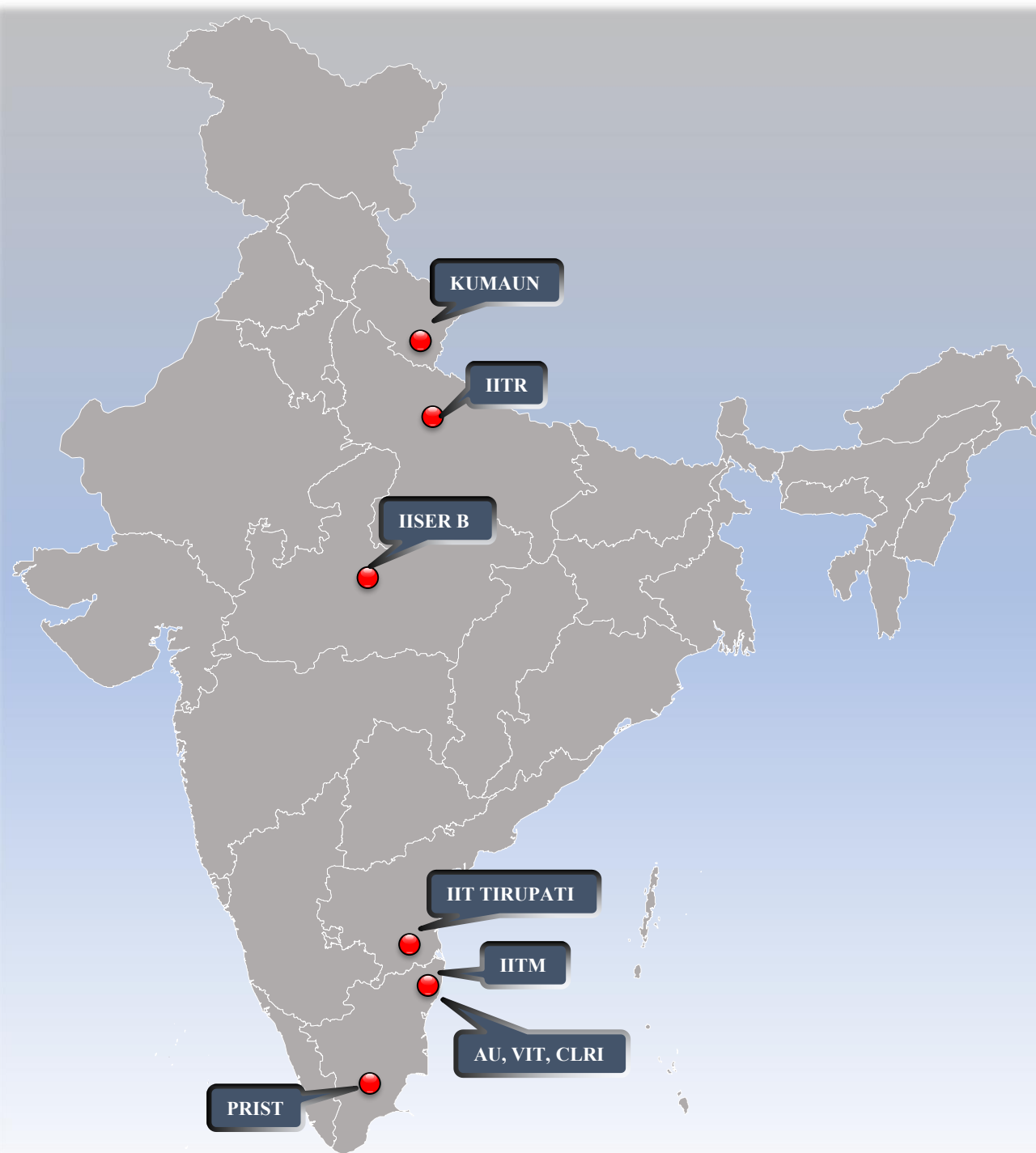


Overview of R&D Activities of Proposed Centre



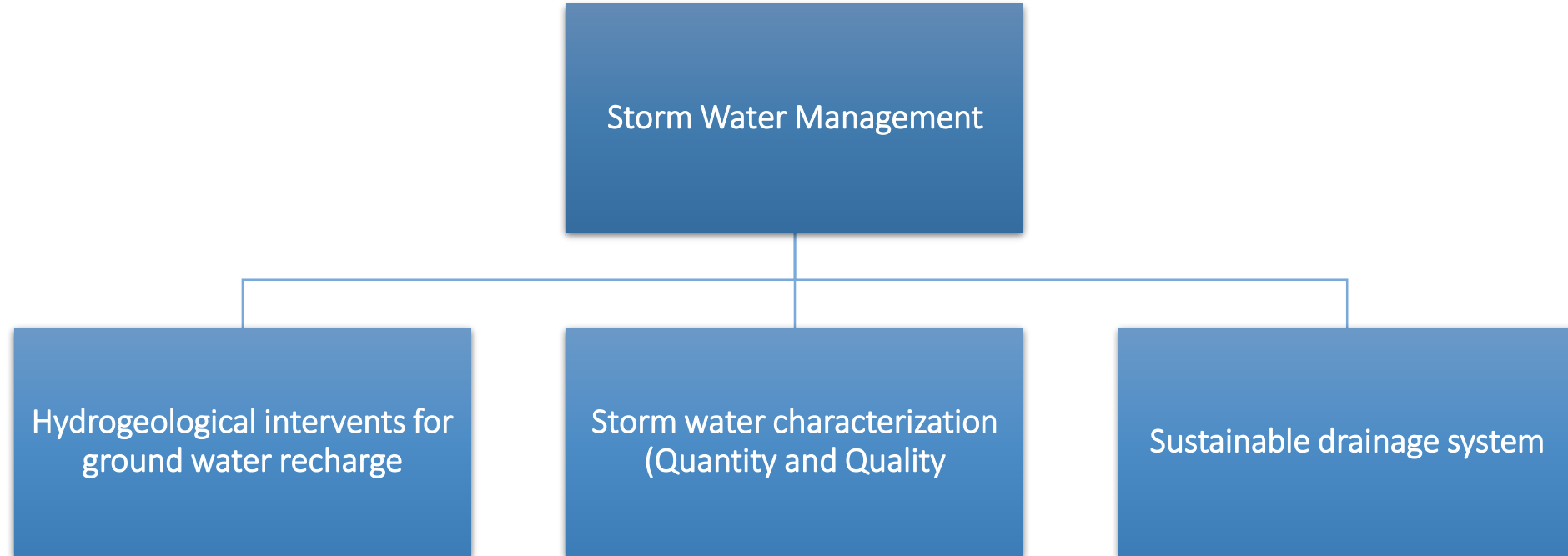


IIT Tirupati
Indian Institute of Technology Tirupati

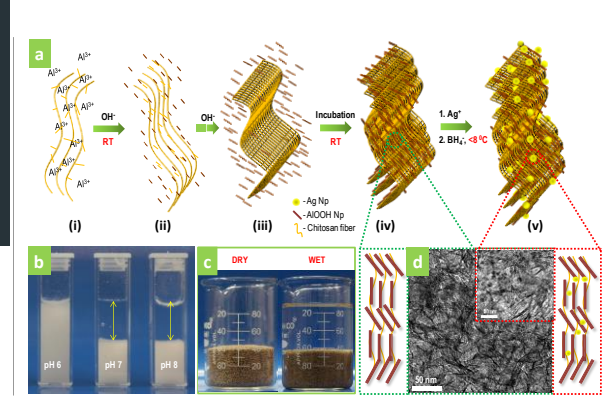
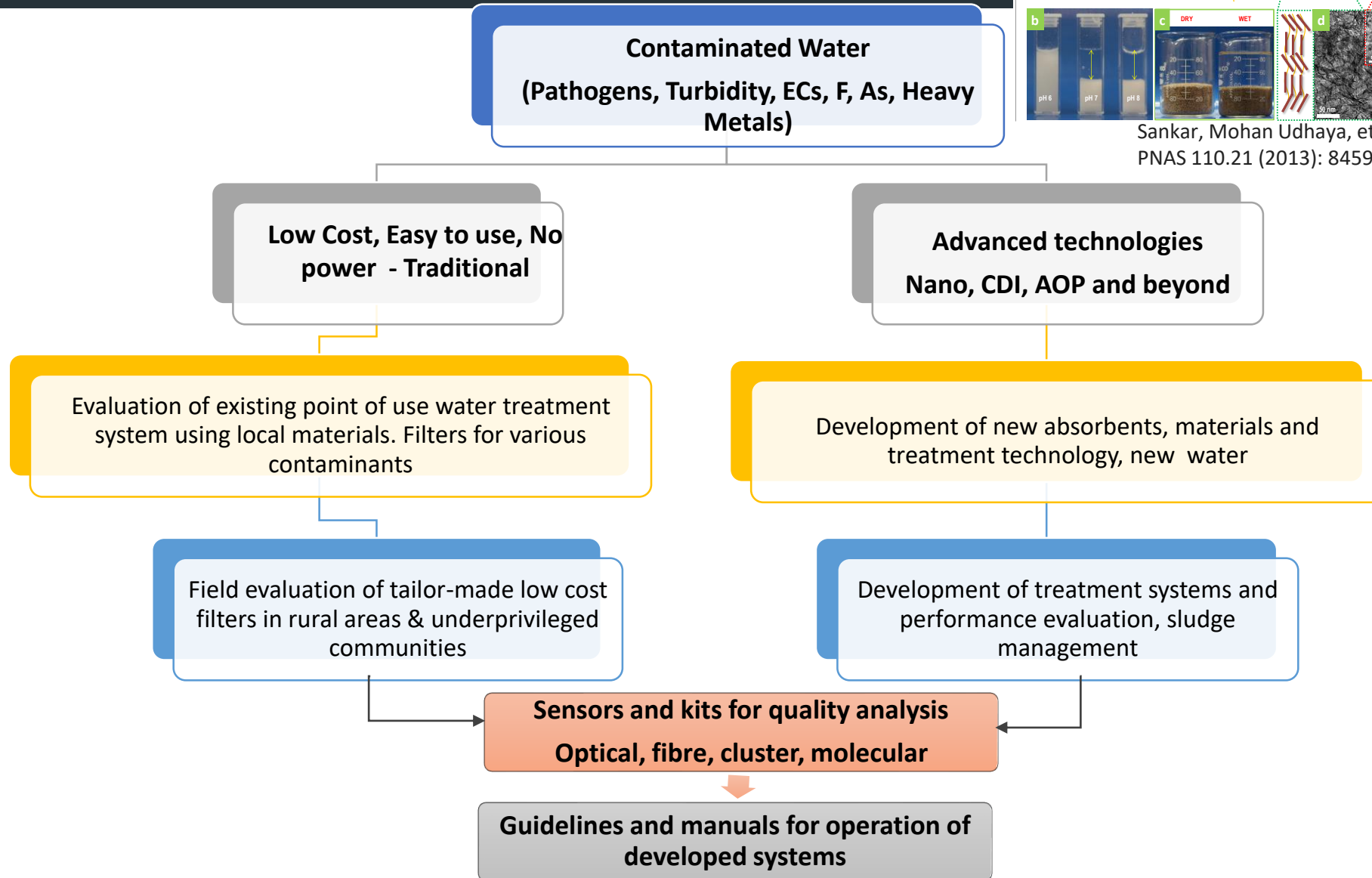


Methodology

WP – 1: Storm Water Management

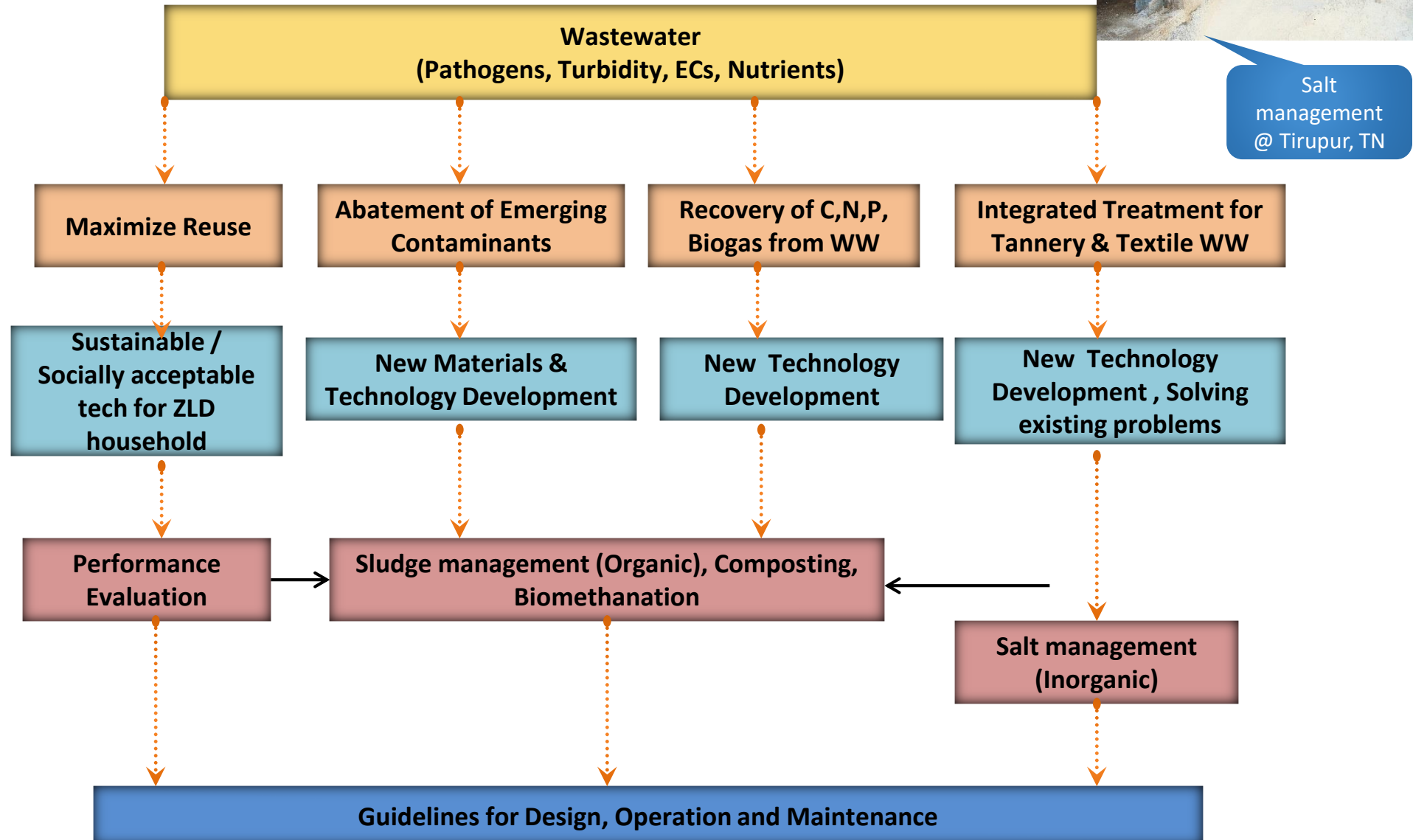


WP – 2 : Water Treatment

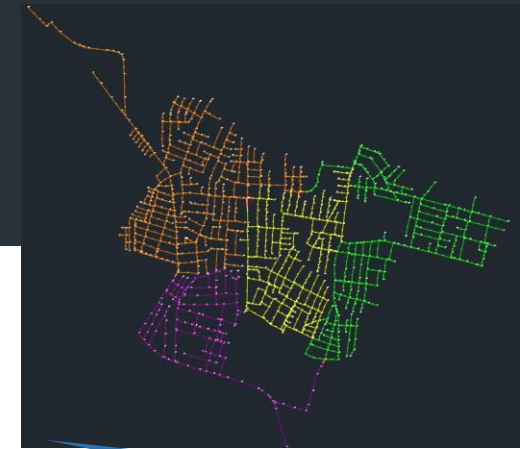
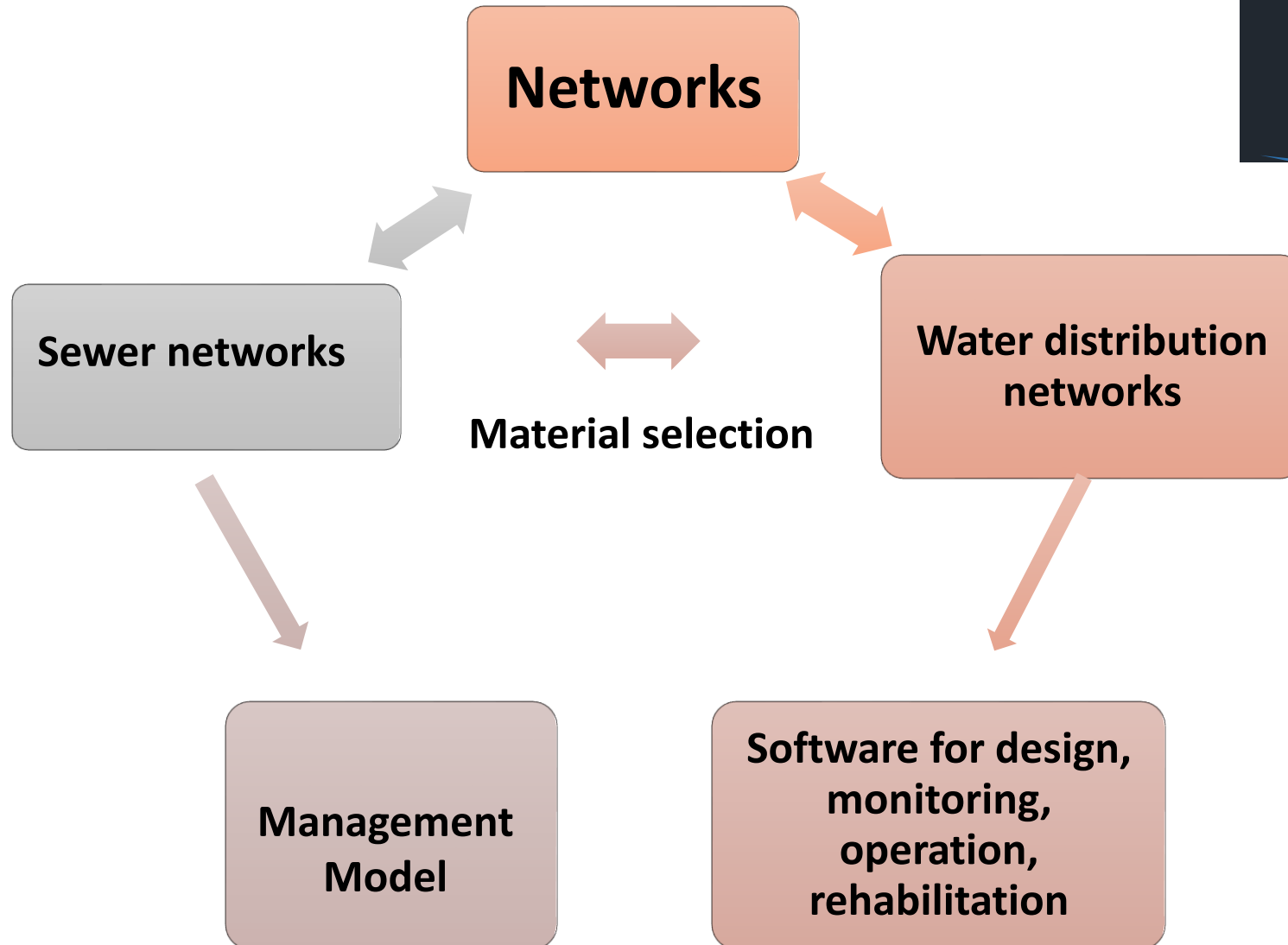


Sankar, Mohan Udhaya, et al.
PNAS 110.21 (2013): 8459-8464

WP – 3: Wastewater Management



WP – 4: Collection and distribution



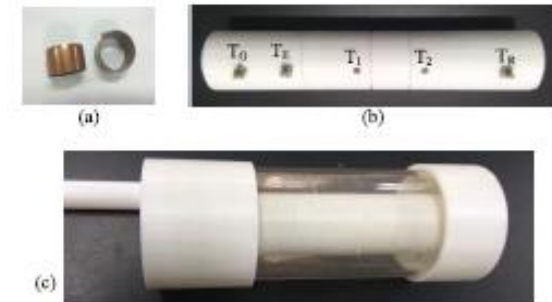
Pipeline map of IITM

WP-5: Incubation HUB – Commercialization Outreach



Work done

- Developed a new level sensor that can measure level and conductivity of water simultaneously. A prototype has been developed and tested in the laboratory, and conducted one test in the field. A patent is filed.
- Develop a new water quality sensor for online monitoring of recycled water. Sensor has been tested in the laboratory and in the field. Its cost is less than 5000 INR. A patent is filed along with the complete system. This work is partially funded.
- Develop a new non-contact conductivity sensor for continuous monitoring of conductivity of the liquid (water), in a pipe or in a tank or lake. Laboratory tests are conducted. There is a journal publication from this work. This work is partially funded.



(Water-IC for SUTRAM for EASY WATER)

Prof. T. Pradeep's research group

Targeted Objectives

Activity	Achievement/Milestone	Responsible Organisation
Fluoride free drinking water	Synthesis and lab scale performance evaluation completed	IITM
Low-cost microfluidic platform for multi-analyte assessment of water quality	Optimization for the detection unit is completed	IITM
Atmospheric Water Capture	Performance evaluation towards water capture completed	IITM
CDI Prototype	Large scale preparation of carbon based materials completed	IITM
Incubation Hub	Facility Building: Continuation and completion	IITM

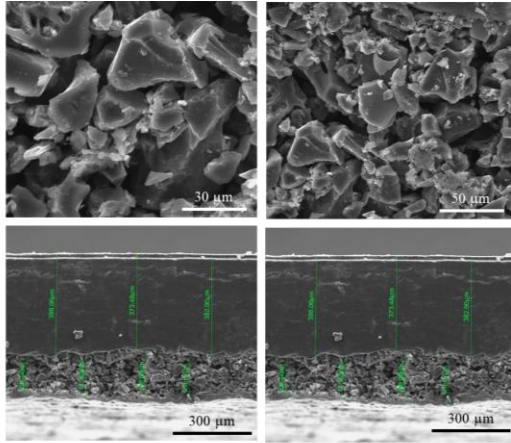
Vis-à-vis achievements in coordinated research

Milestone	Target Month	Progress
2.1.1. Synthesis and characterization of advanced materials	March, 2019	Complete
2.1.2. Lab-scale performance evaluation	May, 2019	Complete
2.5.1 Fabrication of hierarchically structured surfaces for atmospheric water capture	July, 2019	Complete
2.5.2. Performance evaluation of above surfaces for water capture	December, 2019	Complete
2.4.3.1. Optimization of microfluidic chip	June, 2019	Complete
2.4.3.2. Optimization for the detection unit	November, 2019	Complete
2.6.1. Large scale preparation of carbon based materials	December, 2019	Complete
Incubation Hub	Facility Building	Complete

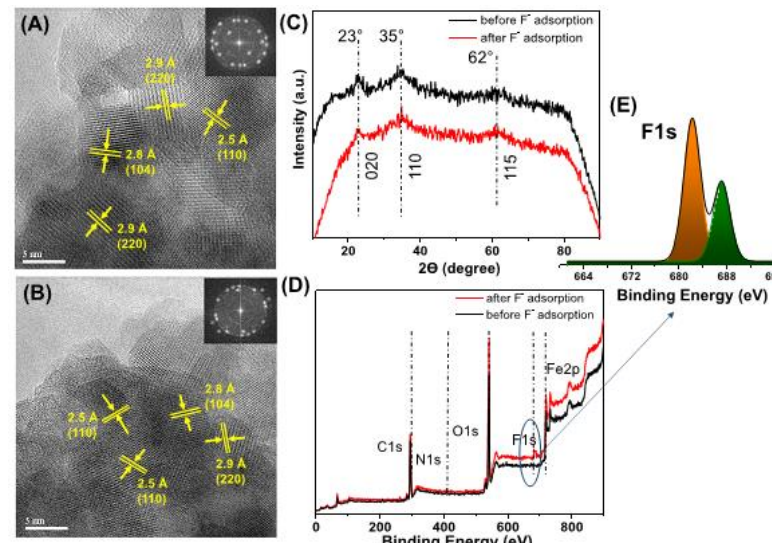
- GC-MS - Agilent
- Gas cylinders – Indo gas
- AAS and accessories – Thermo Fisher Scientific
- Ion selective electrode and water analysis kit

**(Purchased
and
installed)**

Technological outcomes

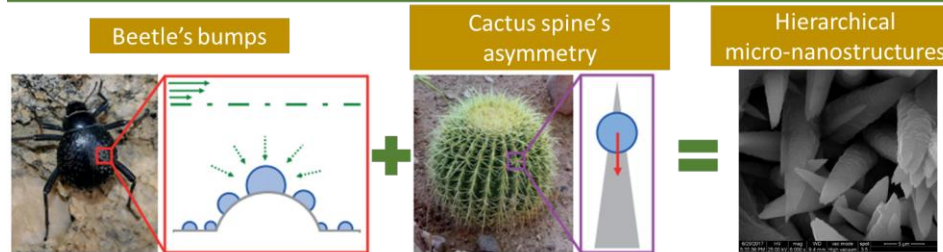


Large scale preparation of carbon based materials for CDI Prototype

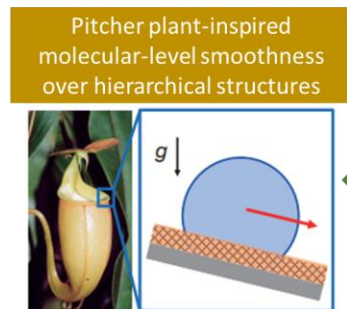


Synthesis and characterization of advanced materials for fluoride free drinking water

Hierarchical condensation



Lab-scale testing



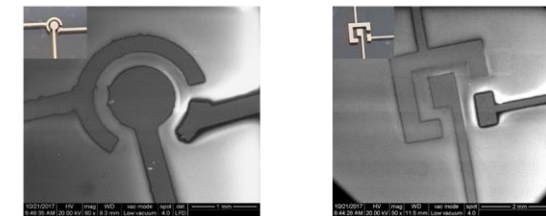
Surface type	Water Collected (L/ m²/ day)
Planar	84.00
Planar-superhydrophobic*	25.68
Hierarchical	193.03
Hierarchical-superhydrophobic*	49.28

*superhydrophobicity achieved by silane functionalization using dip coating

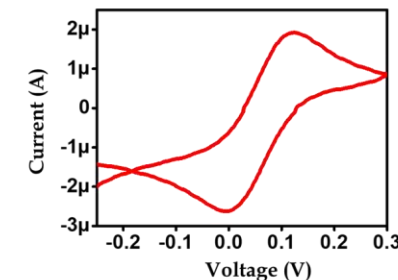
Fabrication of hierarchically structured surfaces for atmospheric water capture

Electrodes on Glass fabricated using Photolithography

Metallization Method : E-beam Deposition, Chrome Height - 5 nm, Gold Height - 75 nm



SEM of the fabricated electrodes.



Cyclic voltammery of 2 mM ferro/ferricyanide complex using the fabricated Au electrode.

Low-cost microfluidic platform for multi-analyte assessment of water quality

Publications/Patents

Sl no.	Title of the paper	Journal, Issue, Year etc.	Authors
1	Geologically-inspired monoliths for sustainable release of essential minerals into drinking water	ACS Sustain. Chem. Eng., 7 (2019) 11735-11744 (DOI: 10.1021/acssuschemeng.9b01902)	Swathy Jakka Ravindran, Ananthu Mahendranath, Srikrishnarka Pillalamarri, Anil Kumar Avula, Md Rabiul Islam, Sritama Mukherjee, Ligy Philip, and Thalappil Pradeep
2	Nanocellulose reinforced organo-inorganic nanocomposite for synergistic and affordable defluoridation of water and an evaluation of its sustainability metrics	ACS Sustainable Chem. Eng. 2020, 8, 1, 139-147 (doi: 10.1021/acssuschemeng.9b04822)	Sritama Mukherjee, Haritha Ramireddy, Avijit Baidya, A. K. Amala, Chennu Sudhakar, Biswajit Mondal, Ligy Philip, and Thalappil Pradeep

Sl no.	Title	Inventors	Filed on	Granted on
1	A green method for preparing robust and sustainable cellulose polyaniline based nanocomposite for effective removal of fluoride from water and a purifier thereof, 201941046691	Thalappil Pradeep; Sritama Mukherjee; Haritha Ramireddy	November 15, 2019	
2	A modified surface for condensation PCT/IN2019/50078	T Pradeep, Ankit Nagar, Ramesh Kumar	February 2, 2019.	

SUTRAM for Water

WP – 1: Stormwater Management

WP -1.2 : Sustainable drainage system (SUDS) components:
Design and development Methodology

Progress Report
Balaji Narasimhan
B.S. Murty

Deliverables

- ❖ Appropriate SuDS for Indian conditions, typical performance and design protocols /standards / manuals
- ❖ SuDS numerical tool box: For planning & Designing
- ❖ Experimental observatory of various SuDS

Methodology

Field test & Data Collection

- Rainfall
- Flow measurement
- Aquifer characteristics
- Soil characteristics

Simulation of Surface water model in SWMM

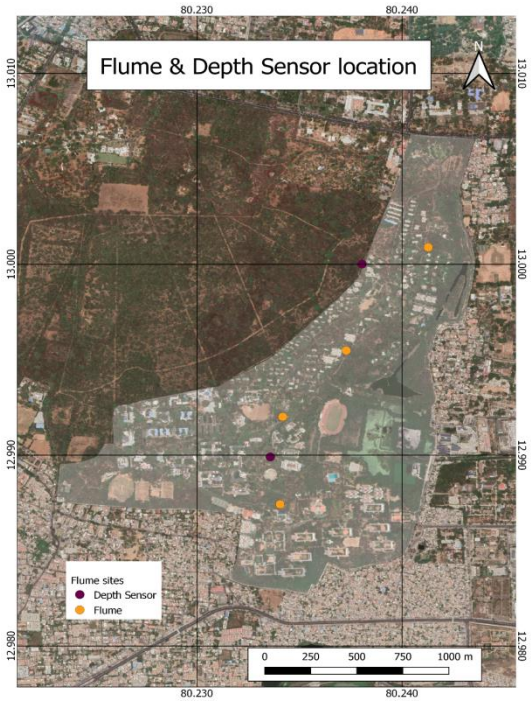
- Design component and parameter of SUDS
- Assess suitability of different scale of SUDS

Groundwater flow: HYDRUS

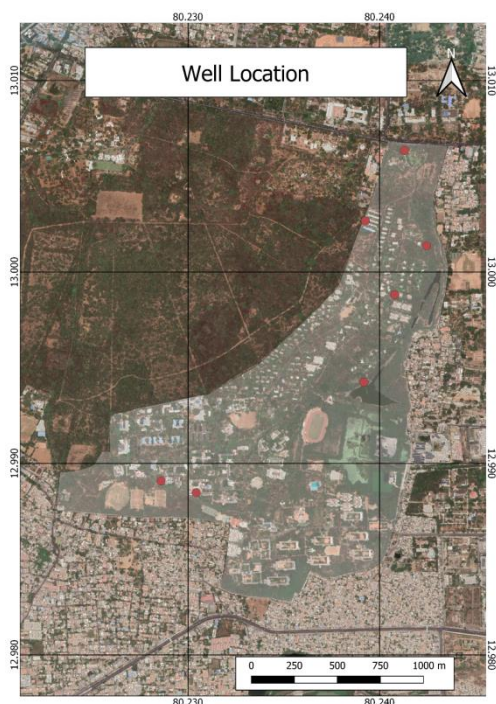
- Feasibility of suitable site of SUDS
- Simulated SUDS effect on GW recharge

Optimal Design of SUDS

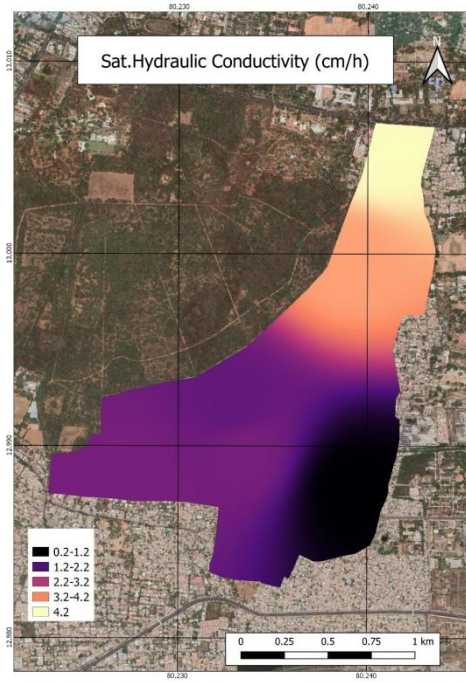
Flow Measurement



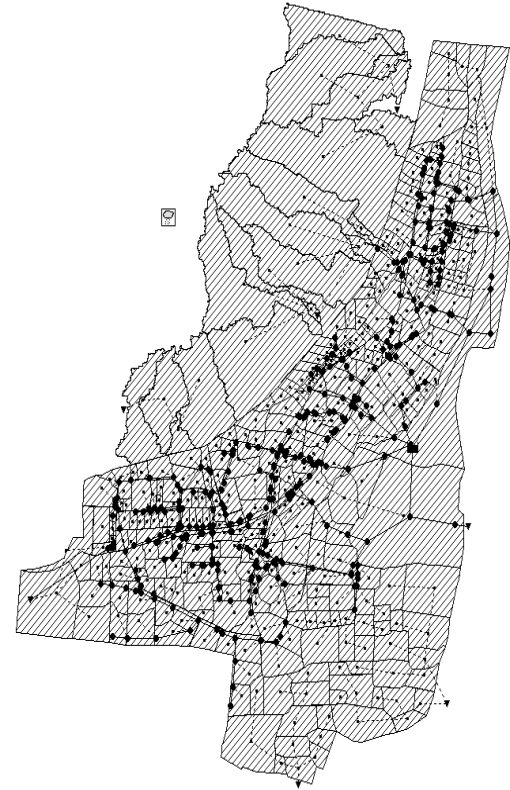
Groundwater level



Field Experiment

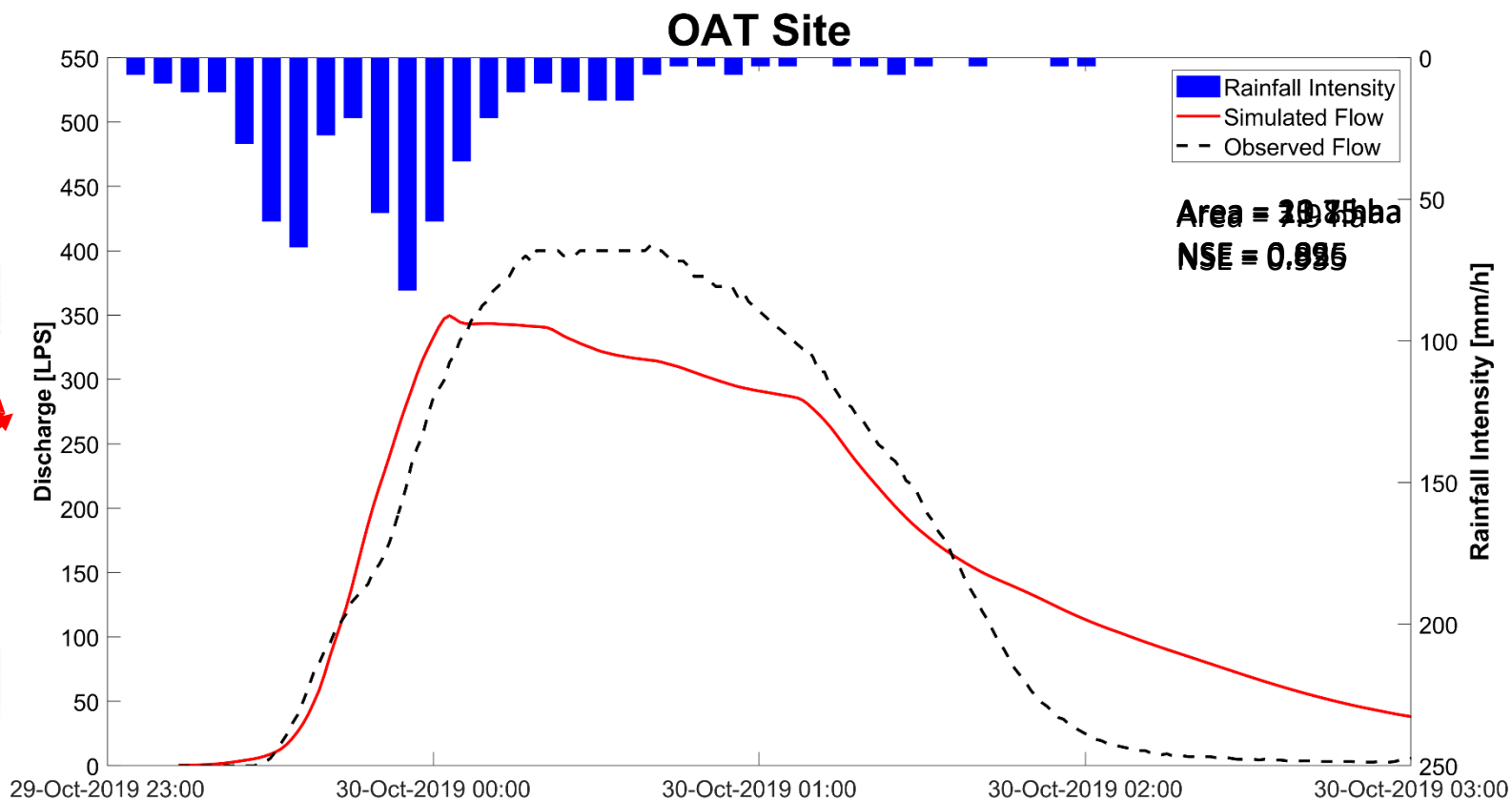
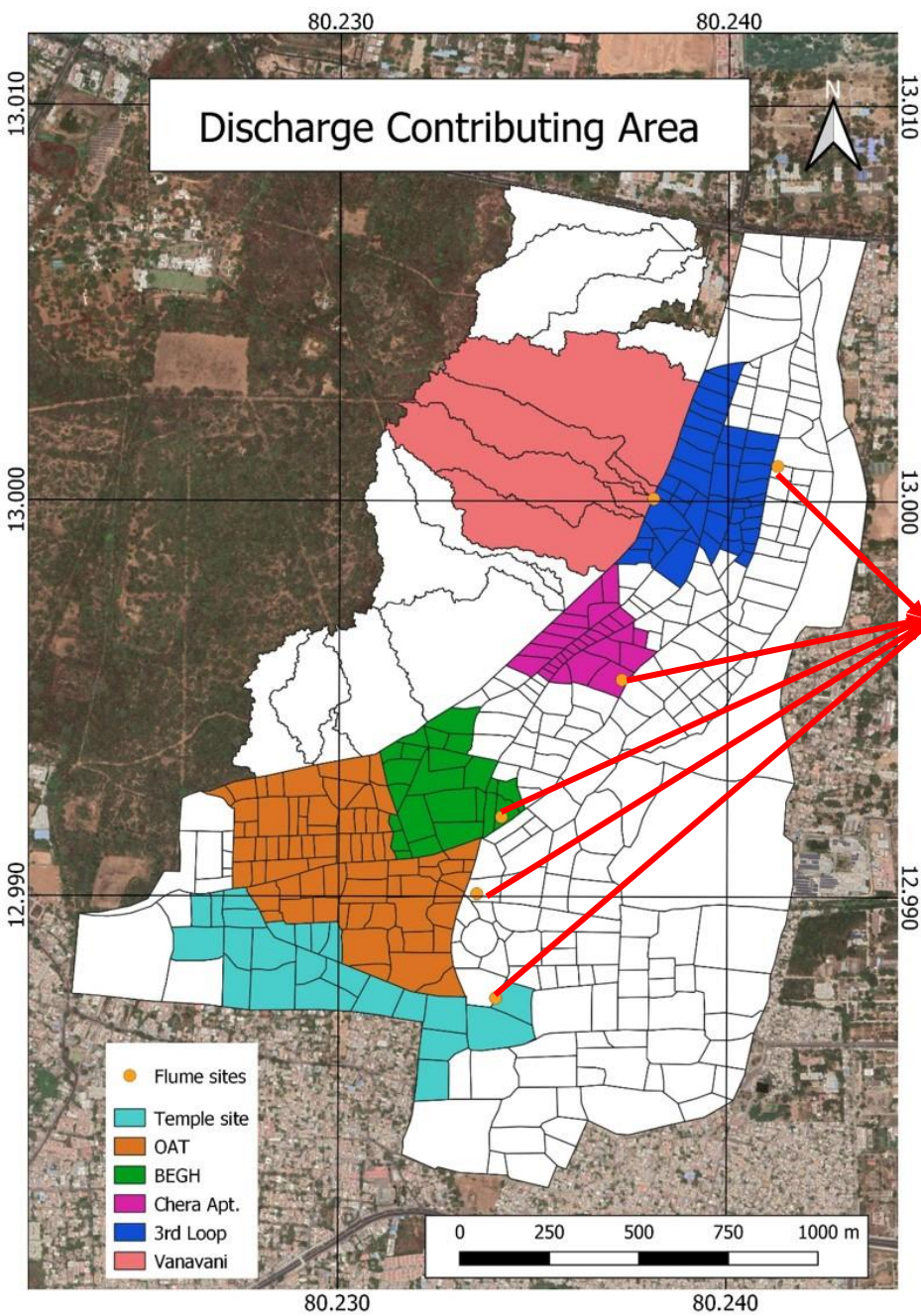


Model Setup (SWMM)



- **Sat. Hydraulic Conductivity**
- **Particle size distribution at different soil depth**
- **Dry bulk density, Porosity,**
- **Soil water retention relation parameter**

Calibrated Model



Publications

Title of the paper	Journal, Issue, Year	Authors
Evaluation of augmented infiltration based LIDs for low lying urbanizing coastal catchments using a numerical modeling approach: A case study of Chennai city, India	Under Review	Bagya Lakshmi & Narasimhan, B.
An analysis of challenges and opportunities for Low Impact Development (LID) techniques in urbanizing catchments of coastal city of Chennai, India – A case study	Under review	Bagya Lakshmi & Narasimhan,B.

Work to be Done

Ongoing:

- ❖ Review of SuDS practices worldwide
- ❖ Modifying and adapting SuDS practices to suit Indian conditions
- ❖ Development of a SUDS numerical tool-box

To be Done:

- ❖ Piloting of SuDS in two or three selected academic campuses
- ❖ Preparation of Design Manual

Integrated Methodology & Software for Water Network Design, Monitoring and Rehabilitation

Work Package 4

Prof. Sridharakumar Narasimhan, Prof. Shankar Narasimhan

Prof. B. S. Murty, Prof. Ravindra Gettu

IIT Madras

Objectives:

- Develop systematic methodologies for rehabilitation, operation and monitoring of water distribution networks
- Demonstrate the methodologies using simulations and experiments on the IIT Madras laboratory water network facility
- Develop state-of-art software and decision support system for water network design, monitoring, operation and rehabilitation

-
- **Date of commencement of project:**

23-Oct-2018

- **Reporting Period:** Oct 2019- Jan 2020

- **Approved date of Completion:**

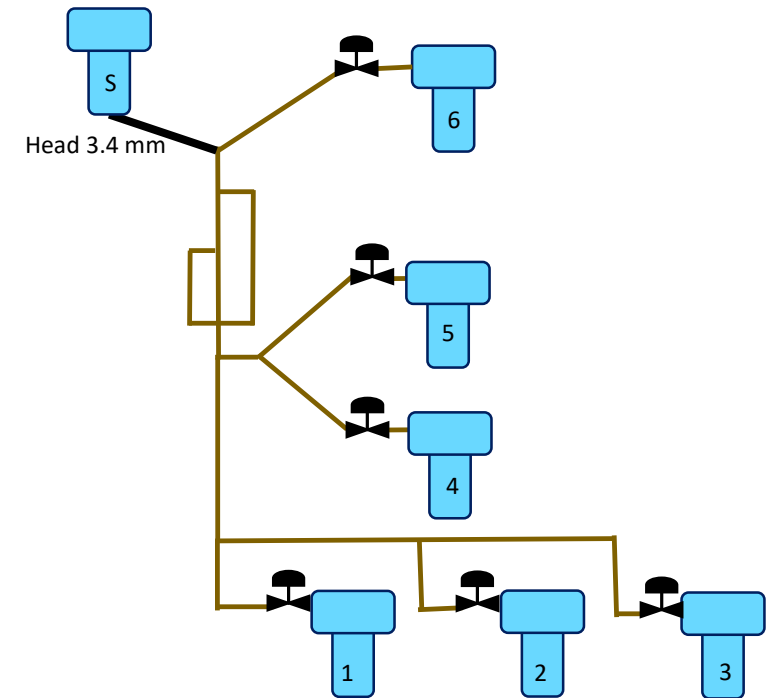
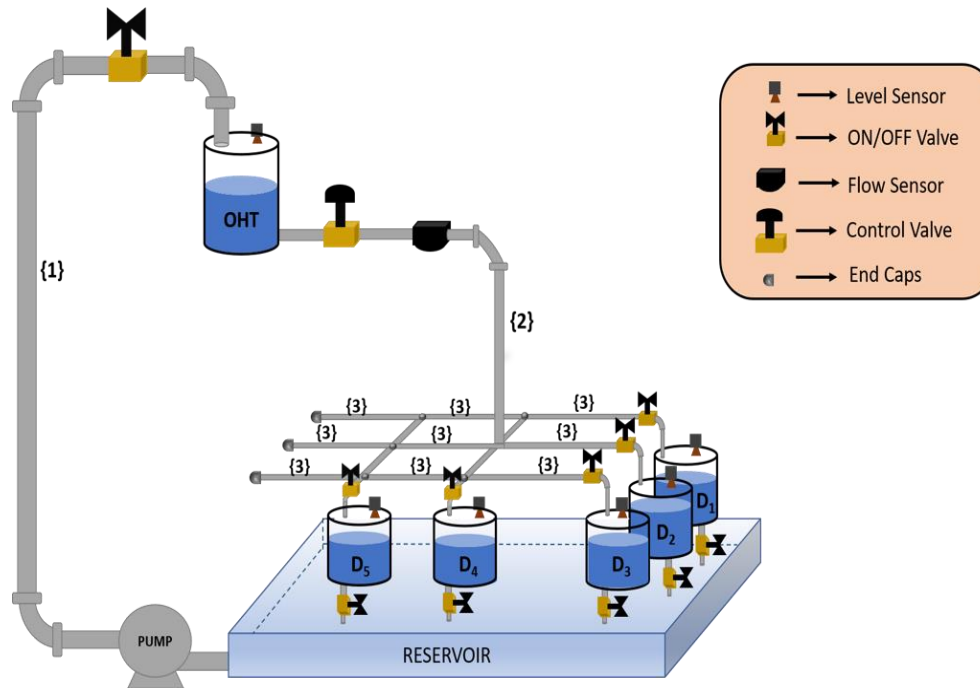
22-Oct-2023

Presentation in Five International Conferences

NETWORK CALIBRATION

Experiments

- Experiments are conducted on existing IIT Madras laboratory facility.




- A test network consisting of six tanks with provisions for on/off valve operations and data acquisition is used for study.

NETWORK OPERATIONS

Software

- Software for scheduling of WDNs operated with On/Off valves is completed.

Scheduler: System For Scheduling of Piped Water Networks, IIT Madras 

[Scheduler Usage Details](#) | | [Add New](#) | [Delete](#)

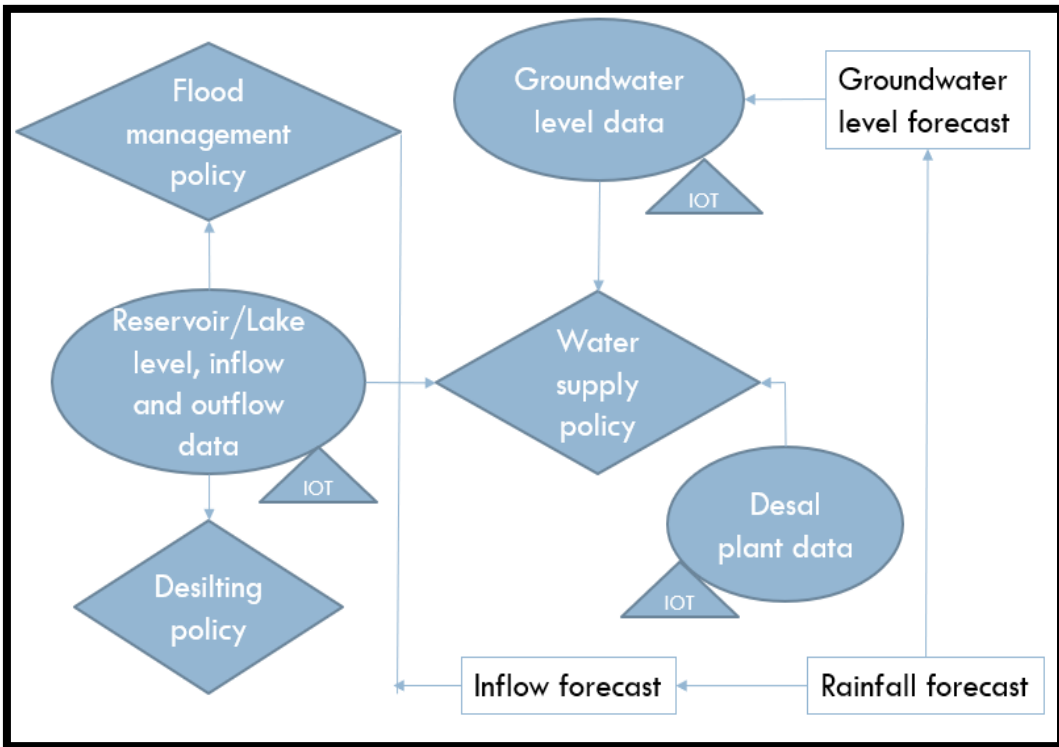
NETWORK DESCRIPTION	<input type="checkbox"/> Pipe ID	Start Node	End Node	Length (m)	Diameter (mm)	Roughness	Choose a Type	Pump Curve ID	Efficiency Curve ID
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General	1	4	3	100	100	150	Pump	61	51
<input type="checkbox"/> Demand Patterns	2	3	2	100	100	150	Pipe		
<input type="checkbox"/> Tariff Patterns	3	3	1	100	100	150	Pipe		
<input type="checkbox"/> Junctions									
<input type="checkbox"/> Pump Curves									
<input type="checkbox"/> Efficiency Curves									
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pipes									
<input type="checkbox"/> RESET									
EXPORT/IMPORT NETWORK DATA									
<input type="checkbox"/> Upload JSON File									
<input type="checkbox"/> Export Network									
OPTIMIZE NETWORK									
<input type="checkbox"/> Schedule									
HELP									
<input type="checkbox"/> Units									
<input type="checkbox"/> Contact Info									

- Scheduling software is hosted in Robert-Bosch Centre for Data Science & Artificial Intelligence (RBCDSAI) website <http://10.21.184.209:8080/scheduler/>.
- Software for scheduling of WDNs operated with Continuous valves is ongoing.

DSS SYSTEM

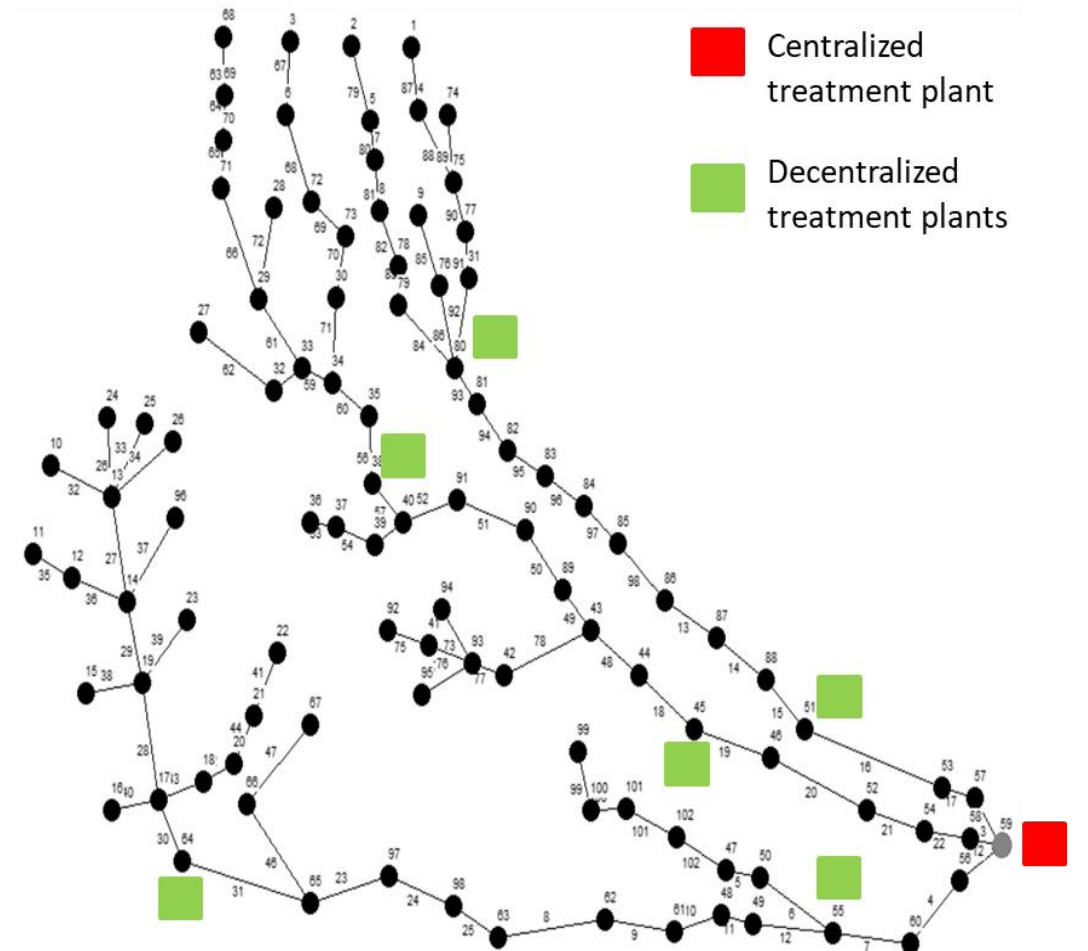
Methodology

- Building DSS System to monitor water availability and demand; and use it to take key policy decisions like
 - Amount of water to be supplied to different areas
 - Method of water transport



An Analytical Hierarchical Process Method for Pipe Material Selection

Optimal Implementation of DWWM



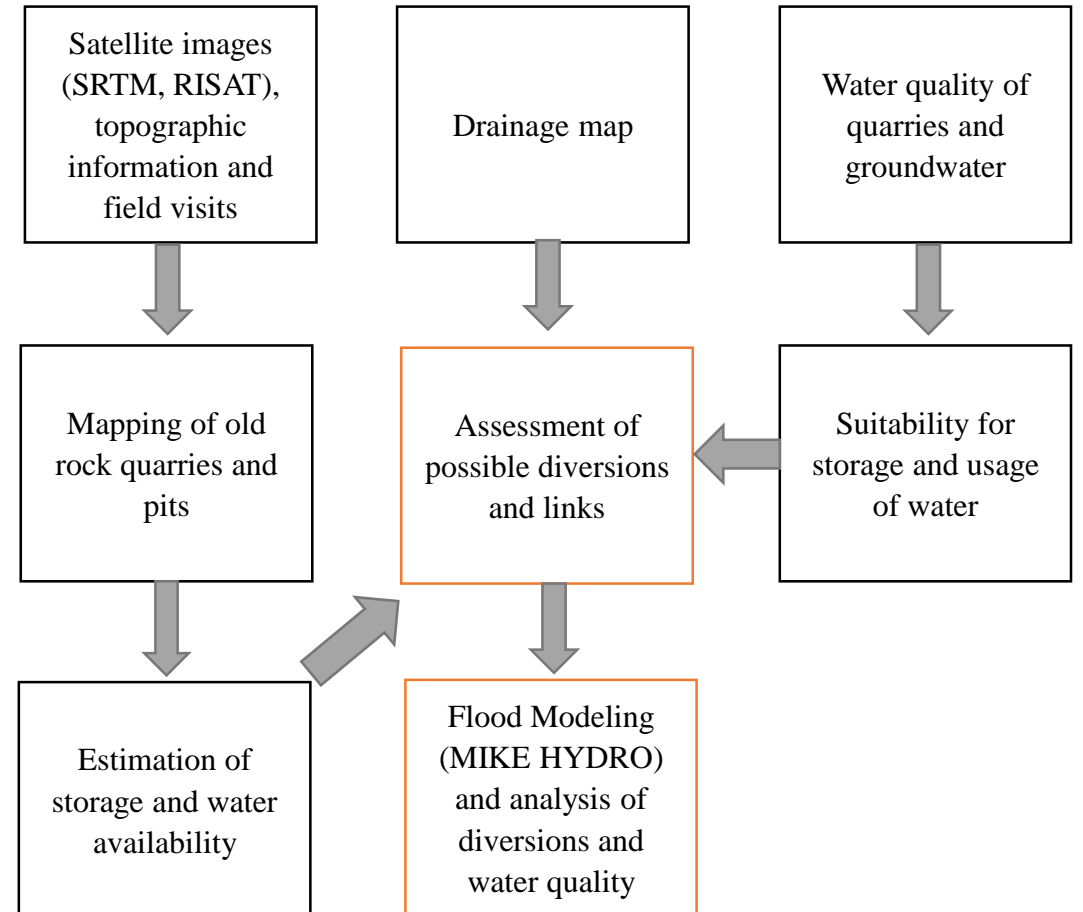
***WP1.3. Hydrogeological interventions
for flood mitigation and
augmentation of groundwater recharge***

DST/TM/WTI/WIC/2K17/82(G) Date: 23.10.2018

**L. Elango
Department of Geology
Anna University
Chennai**

Objectives and Methodology

- To identify the existing pits/quarries to use them as storage reservoir to conserve storm water and augment groundwater recharge
- To identify measures to divert flood water to improve water storage and reduce flood inundation through modelling
- To come up with a methodology for effective balancing of surface and groundwater for water sustainability



Accomplishment in Terms of Milestone for the Review Period

Milestones	Target month	Progress
Collection of existing data (Lithologs, Rainfall, Soil, Water level)	March, 2019	Completed
Topographic survey	July, 2019	Completed
Identification of pits/ quarries/ tanks	August, 2019	Completed
Assessment of quarry water, surface water and groundwater quality	periodical up to June, 2023	Completed for the samples collected during 2019. Have to do it periodically



Conference

Title of the paper	Conference	Date of the conference	Authors
Significance of reservoir operation during extreme rainfall event in flood mitigation and water demand management in a metropolitan city of India: a case study	EGU general Assembly 2020	4 – 8 May, 2020	Anahdharuban Panchanathan, Michele La Rocca, Elango Lakshmanan
Groundwater quality assessment in the urbanized city, Chennai, Tamilnadu, India	Indian National Groundwater Conference (INGWC-2020) at CWRDM, Kozhikode, Kerala.	18 -20 February, 2020	Merin Sackaria and Elango. L
Role of a domestic water supply reservoir during hydrologic extreme events in the coastal city of Chennai, India	Asia-Pacific Coastal Aquifer Management Meeting	11 – 14 December, 2019	Anandharuban P. and Elango. L
Impact of rainfall distribution in flood modelling of an ungauged river basin using HEC-HMS - A case study	8 th International Groundwater Conference on sustainable management of Soil-Water at IIT Roorkee	21-24, October, 2019	Anandharuban P. and Elango. L

Publications

Title of the paper	Journal / Issue / Year	Authors
A box model approach for reservoir operation during extreme rainfall events: A case study	Journal of Earth System Science	Anandharuban P., Michele La Rocca, Elango L.
Organic micropollutants in groundwater of India – A Review	Water Environment Federation	Merin Sackaria, Lakshmanan Elango

**Centre for Sustainable Treatment, Reuse and Management
for Efficient, Affordable and Synergistic Solutions for Water
(*WATER-IC for SUTRAM of EASY WATER*)**

WP: A Point of Use Single Probe Multi-analyte Sensor

**Prof. Ligy Philip
Prof. T. Pradeep
IIT Madras**



**J. Raghava Rao
S. Easwaramoorthi
CSIR-CLRI**

Objective

- **A point of use single probe multi-analyte sensor for Cr(III & VI), As(III & V), Hg(II) and other metal ions in industrial waste water**
- **Stakeholders**
 - ✓ **Small scale industries without an analytical lab for testing**
 - ✓ **Assists in planning the effluent treatment methods**

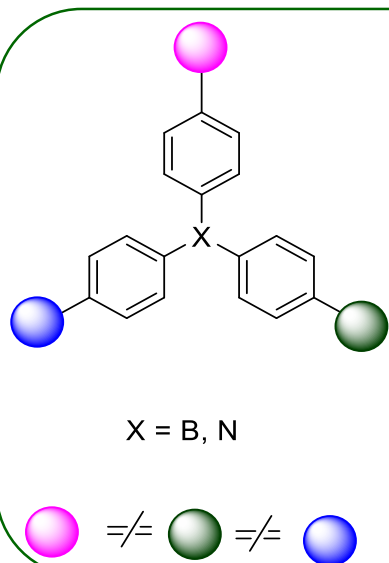
Deliverables & Milestones

S.No.	Milestones	Time Period	Deliverables
1	Project initiation, identifying the structural motifs , synthesis of intermediate compounds	Year 1	Identification of signaling units & receptors combinations
2	Evaluation, identifying the lead sensor molecules and incorporation of multiple receptors to one signaling unit	Year 2	Optical, fluorescent and electrochemical sensing studies for different analytes in ppm level (Cr, Hg, As) Patent/publication
3	Fine tuning the receptor structural motif to improve the sensitivity and selectivity	Year 3	Two sensor molecules Patent/publication
4	Testing the workability of the sensor in industrial waste water and protocol optimization	Year 4	Optimizing the workability in tannery and other industrial waste water Patent/publication
5	Exploring and proposing the possible standardized test protocol for identifying toxic analytes using the sensors.	Year 5	Sensor strips with ppm level detection limit, standardized protocols for naked eye detection, consolidation of the work report Patent/publication

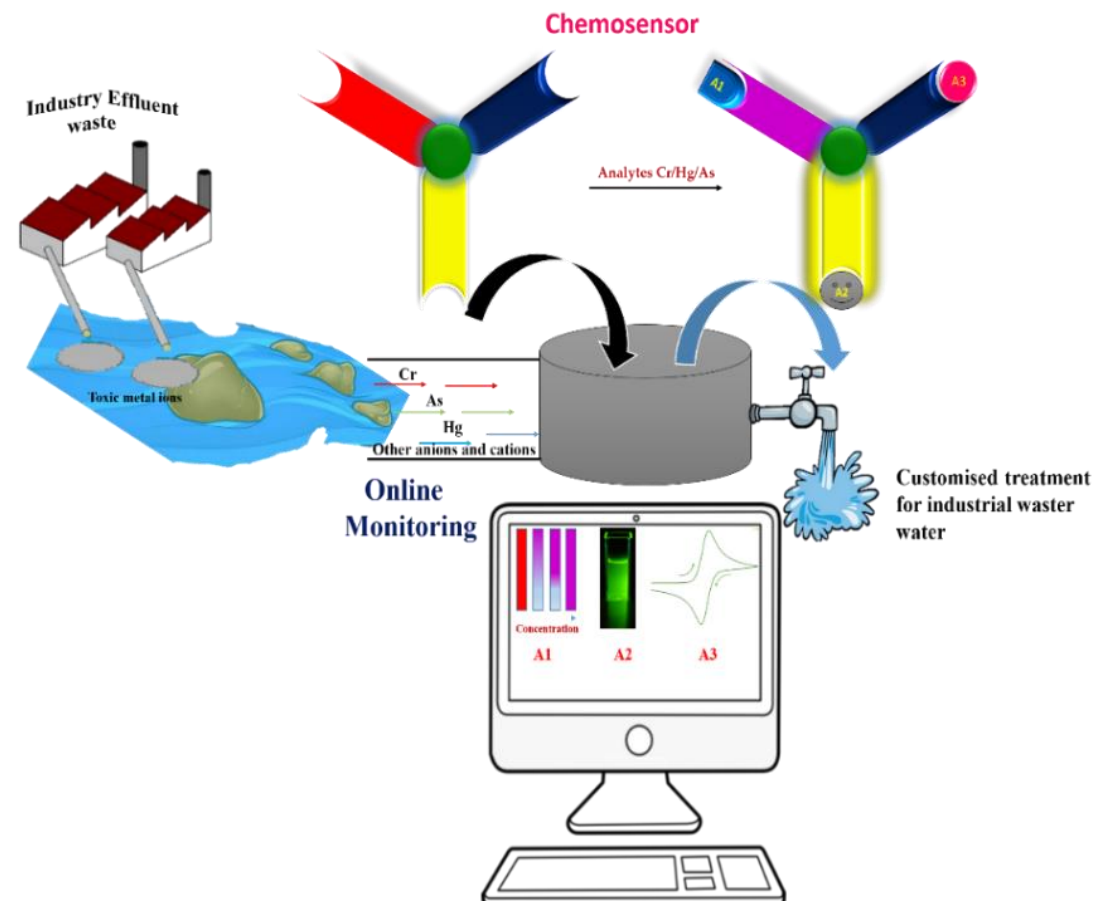
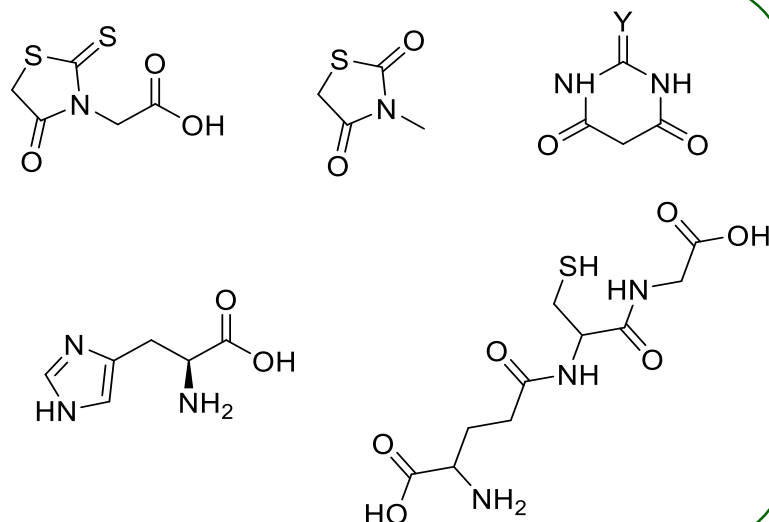
Sensor Design Principles

- ✓ Single probe multianalyte sensors
- ✓ Non-interfering orthogonal signal mechanism
- ✓ Water solubility

Signaling motif's



Receptors



Interactions

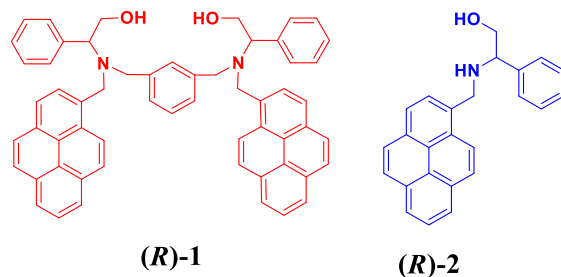
- Electrostatic Interactions
- Chemical reactions
- Complexation induced changes

Signals

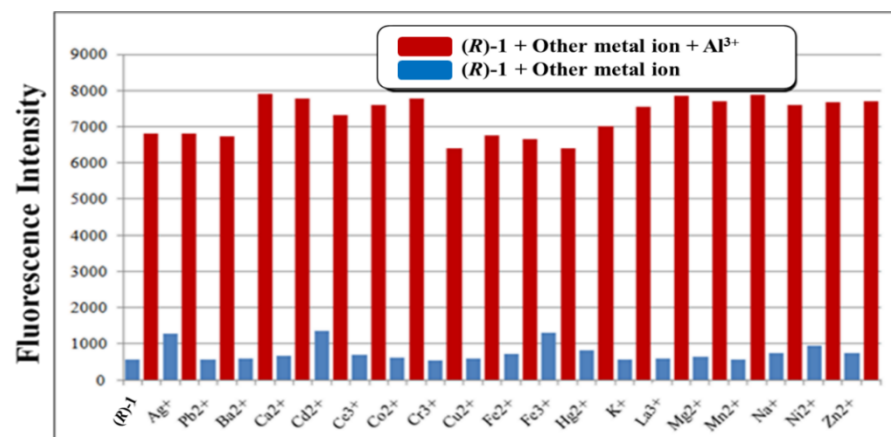
- Optical
- Fluorescent
- Electrochemical
- Changes in solubility

Pyrene-Phenylglycinol chemosensor

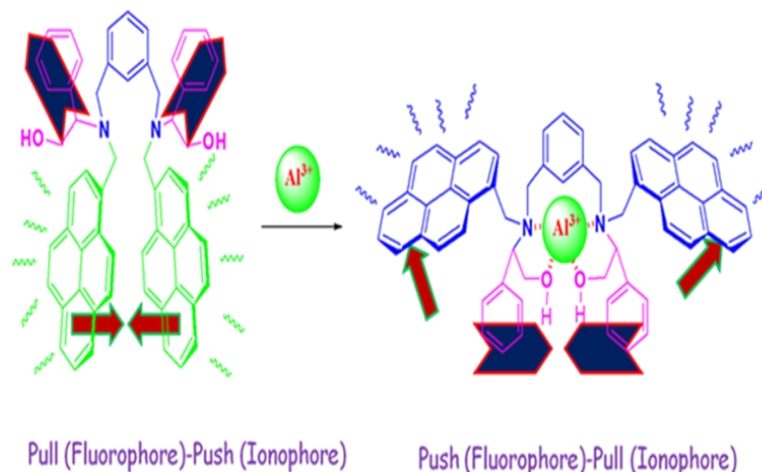
Sensor



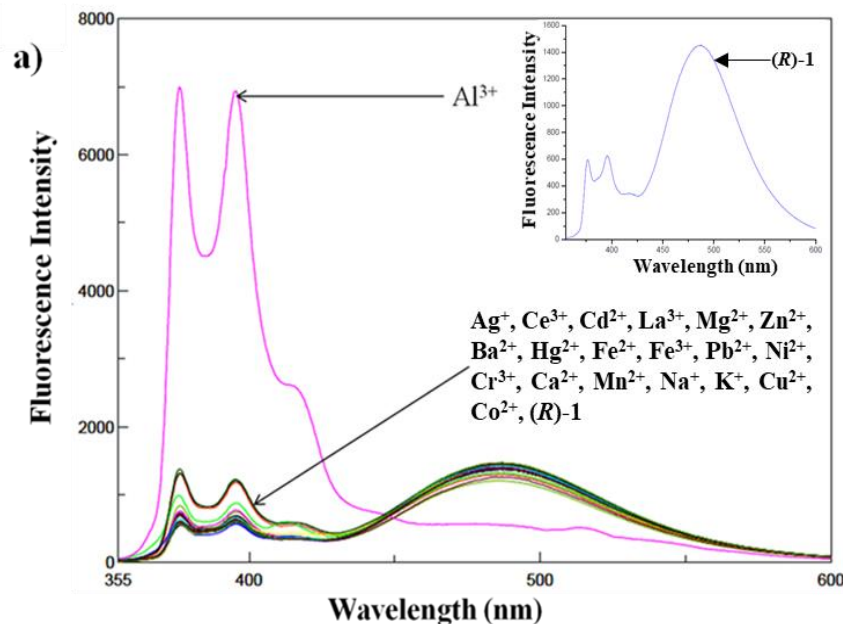
Selectivity



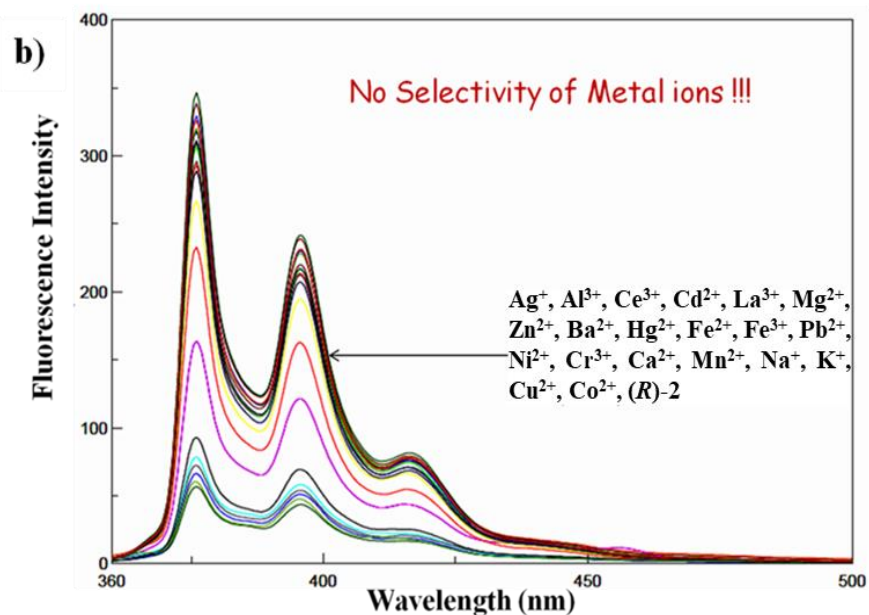
Mechanism



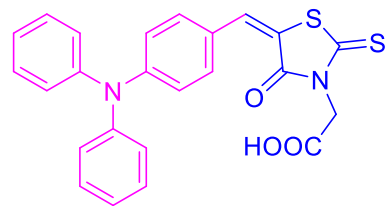
a)



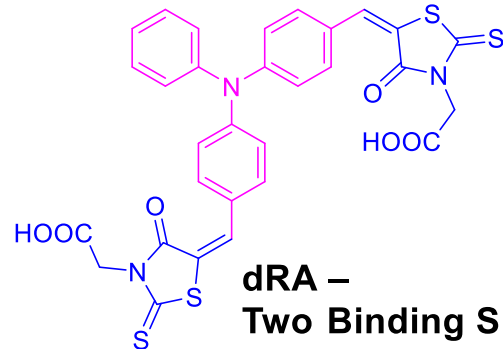
b)



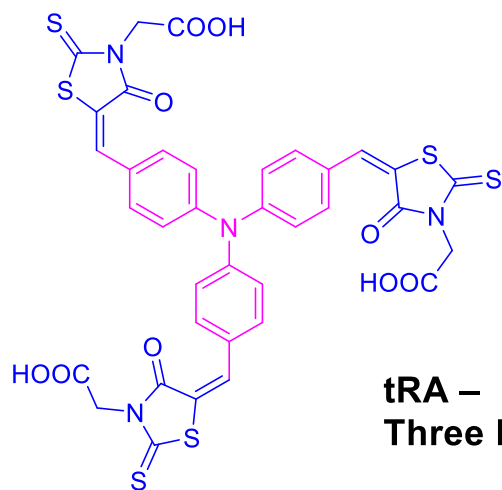
Multipolar Sensor – Multiple binding sites



**mRA –
Single Binding Site**

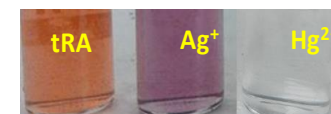
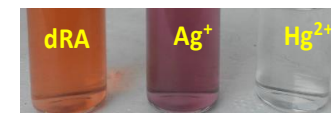
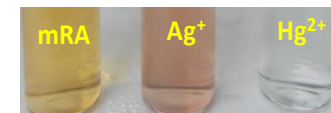
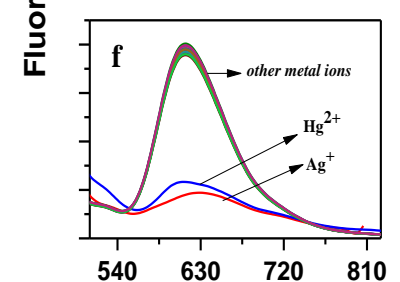
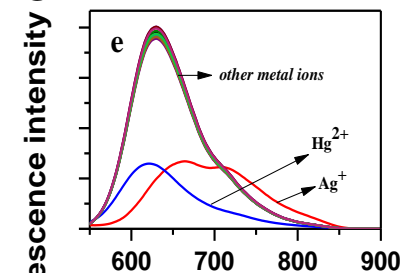
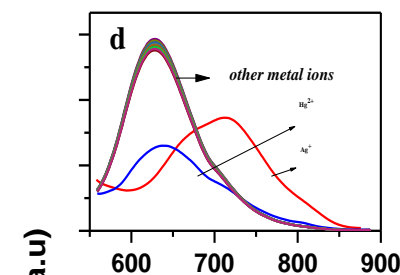
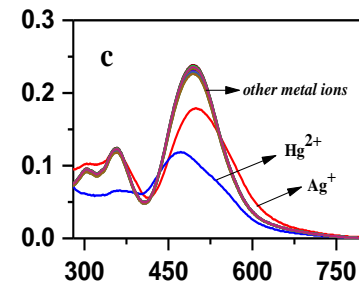
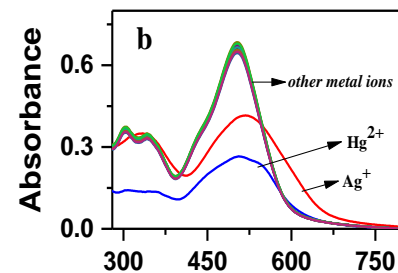
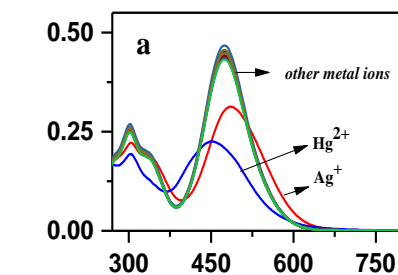


**dRA –
Two Binding Sites**



**tRA –
Three Binding Sites**

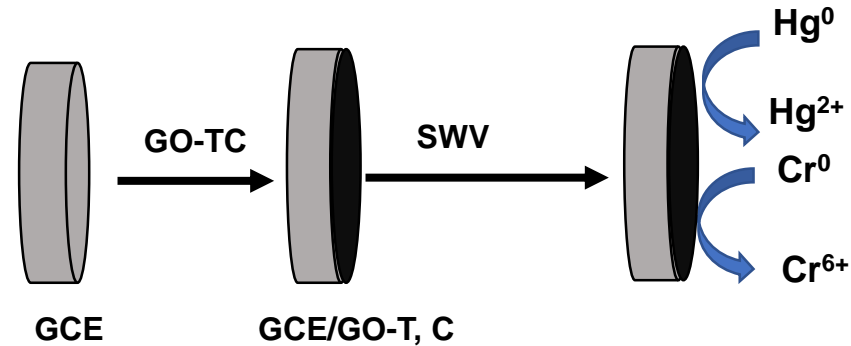
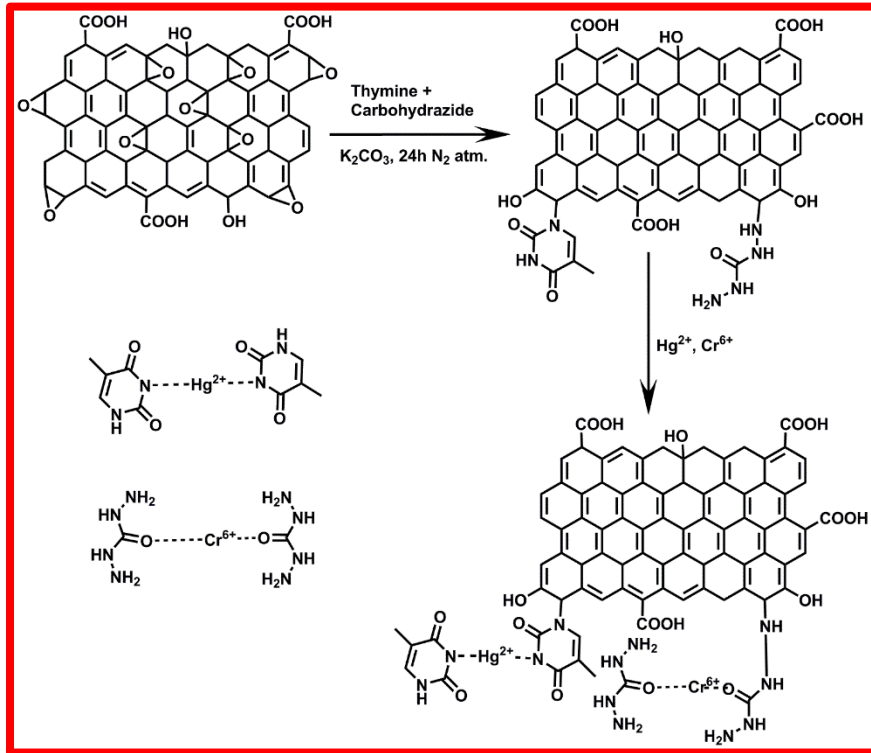
- Second and third binding site doesn't involve in binding – Negative cooperativity in binding



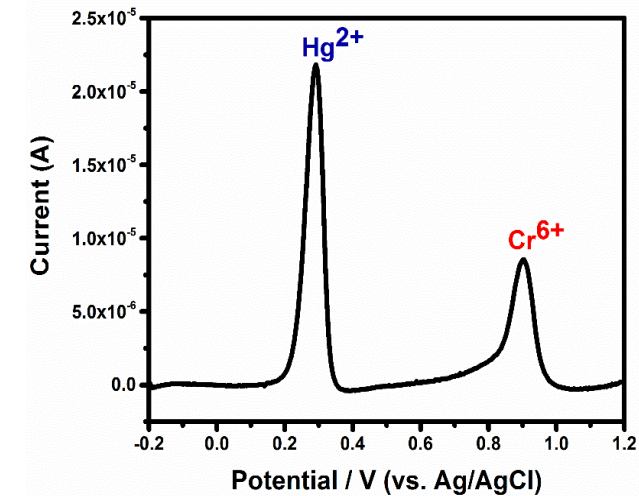
**Detection
limit (ppm)** ➔

Cmpd.	Ag ⁺	Hg ²⁺
mRA	1.58	0.14
dRA	1.06	0.99
tRA	0.56	0.79

Thymine, Carbohydrazide-Covalently Functionalized Graphene oxide sheets



GCE - Glassy carbon electrode
 GO - Graphene oxide
 T - Thymine
 C - Carbohydrazide
 SWV - Square wave voltammetry



Typical Square wave voltammetric of the sensor for different (Hg^{2+}) and (Cr^{6+})

Optimization in using low cost screen printed electrodes and exploration of possible point of care device setup in collaboration with other partners (IITM) is in progress

Low level - 156 ppb

Maximum - 100 ppm

Summary

- Several target compounds were synthesised and the evaluation of sensing properties are in progress
- Reporter having more than one receptor was synthesized and it responds to Ag^+ and Hg^{2+} with different signals
- An electrochemical sensor to detect Cr^{6+} and Hg^{2+} with different signals with the LOD of ppb was developed and further work is in progress in optimization of performance and device development

Centre for Sustainable Treatment, Reuse and Management for Efficient, Affordable and Synergistic solutions for Water (WATER-IC for SUTRAM of EASY WATER)

**WORK PACKAGE NO : 3.5
Tannery wastewater treatment**

**WP Lead : Dr.S.V.Srinivasan, Principal Scientist
Environmental Science and Engineering Division,
Central Leather Research Institute (CSIR-CLRI),
Chennai , India**

WP 3.5 – Targeted objectives and Timelines

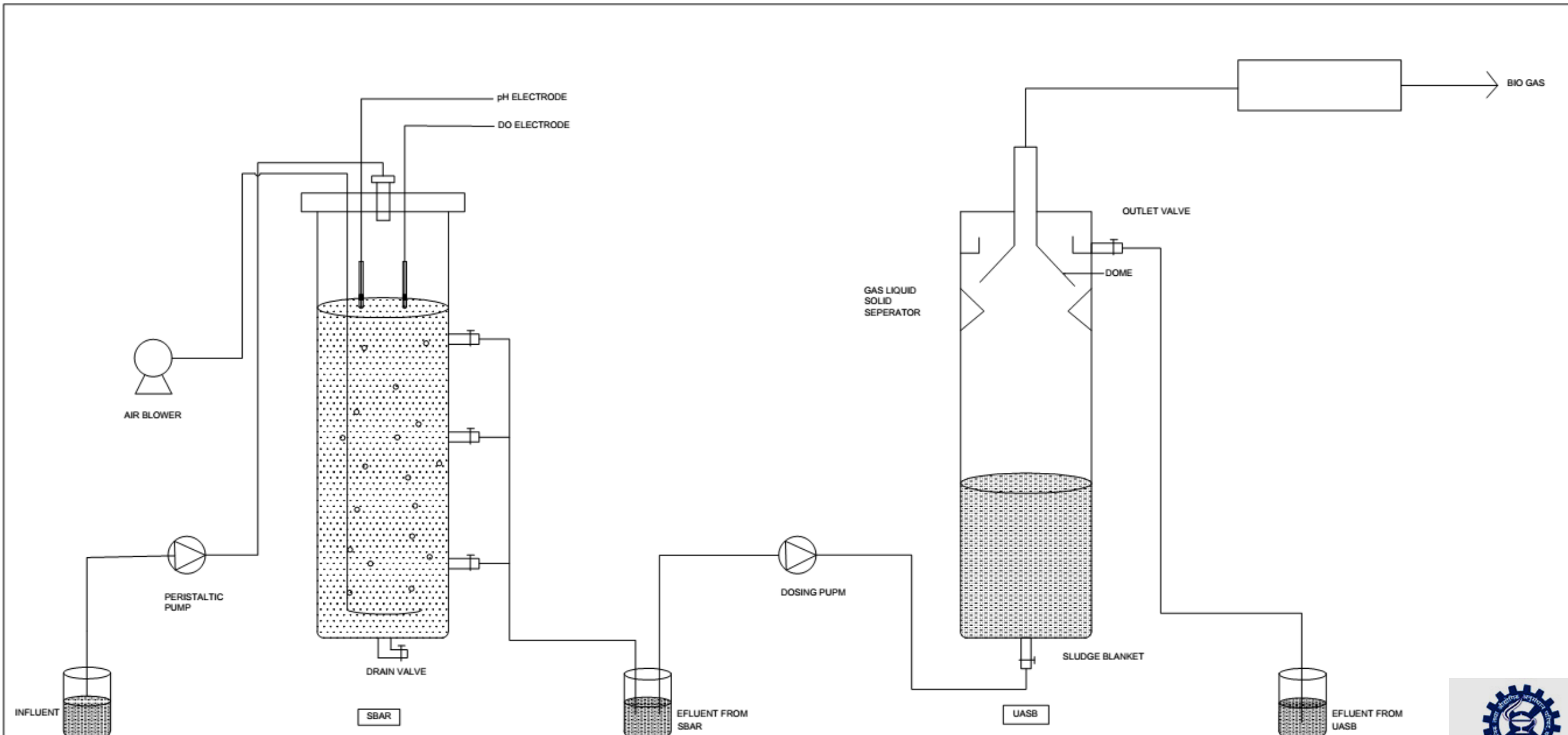
Milestones

- ❖ Proposed process flow scheme and design parameters for assesment
- ❖ Developed bacterial consortium for lab scale bioreactor study
- ❖ performance of bacterial consortia on CNS removal in batch scale study (Synthetic wastewater)
- ❖ performance of bacterial consortia on CNS removal in batch scale study
- ❖ Quantitative real time RT-PCR data analysis of nitrifiers, denitrifiers and sulfur reducers
- ❖ CNS removal in SBR under different COD loading rates
- ❖ CNS removal in SBR under different Nitrogen loading rates
- ❖ CNS removal in SBR under different sulphur loading rates
- ❖ Microbial community structure and diversity in SBR system
- ❖ Final project report with the results obtained

Deliverables

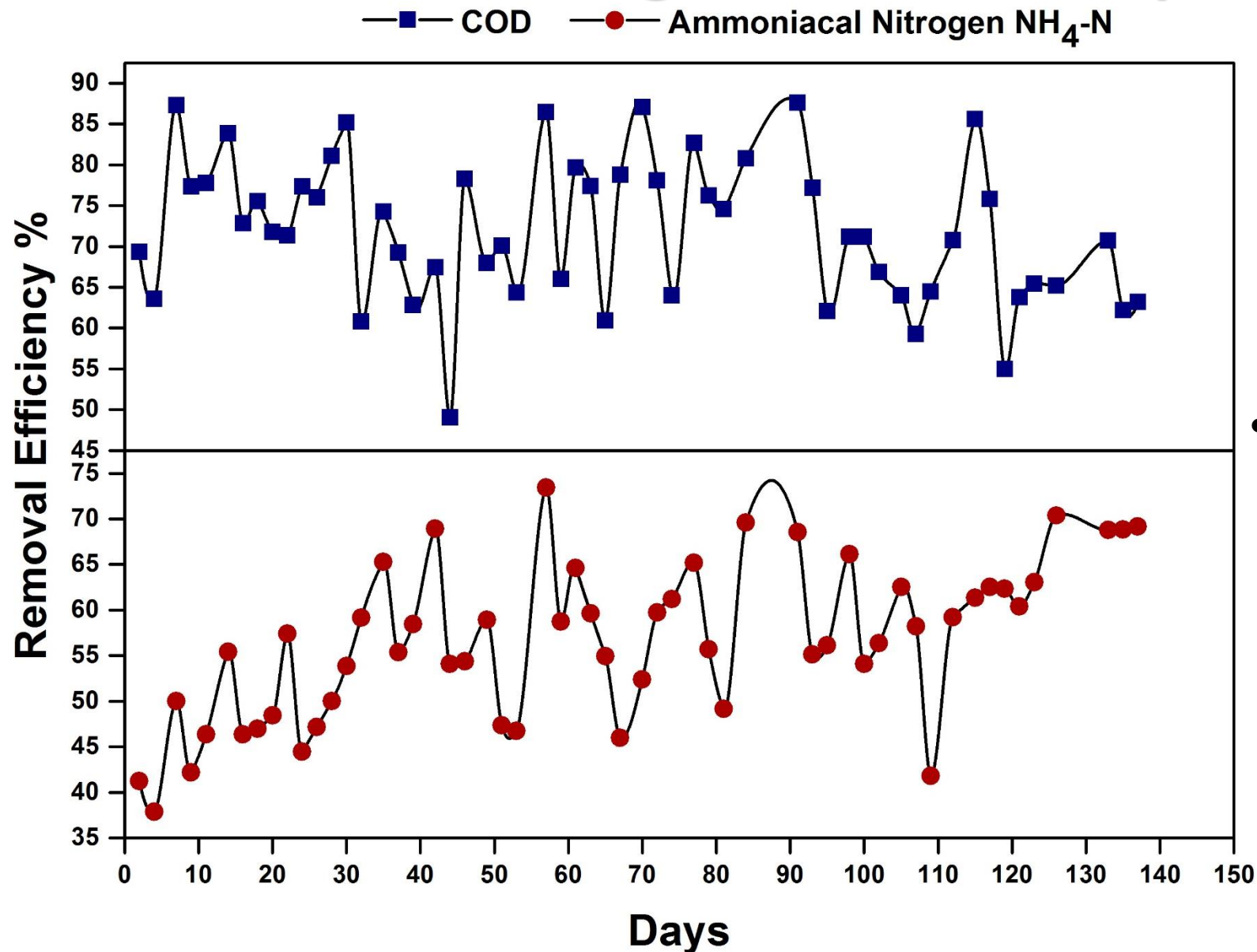
- ❖ Review of literatures and detailed charcterization of tannerywastewater
- ❖ Acclimatization of bacterial consortia and design of lab scale bioreactor for CNS removal
- ❖ Batch study in lab scale bioreactor with synthetic wastewater
- ❖ Sequential Batch reactor (SBR) study with synthetic wastewater
- ❖ Gene expression/abundance studies on nitrifiers, denitrifiers and sulfur reducing organisms.
- ❖ Effect of COD loading rates in real tannery wastewater with SBR
- ❖ Effect of nitrogen loading rates in real tannery wastewater with SBR
- ❖ Effect of sulfur loading rates in real tannery wastewater with SBR
- ❖ Metagenomic sequencing studies of the developed microbial consortia
- ❖ Evaluvation of Techno-economic aspect

Current Status of the project - Summary



The process flow scheme

Removal efficiency of COD and Ammoniacal nitrogen in SBAR during the treatment period



- Maximum removal efficiency of COD was found to be 85% and Ammoniacal nitrogen was found to be 75 %

Technological achievements during December 2018 – March 2020

- ❖ Background study on treatment methods for tannery wastewater and Current state of art technologies for removal carbon, nitrogen and Sulphur has been carried out.
- ❖ Seed inoculum for the treatment of Synthetic tannery wastewater was developed from the Aerobic sludge of CETP, aerobic sludge from STP and nitrifiers rich soil using enrichment medium for nitrifiers.
- ❖ Inoculum development i.e., Cultivation and enrichment of sulfur reducing bacteria (SRB) using three different medium based on the literatures and the seed culture was obtained from existing biogas plant in Central Leather Research Institute (CLRI)
- ❖ Acclimatization of bacterial consortium for the removal of Sulphur and Nitrate and residual COD from the synthetic tannery wastewater has been initiated.
- ❖ Sequential batch process was performed to study the efficiency of inoculum for the aerobic process (C & N removal) with the cycle time of 36 hrs was evaluated over a period of 150 days.
- ❖ Removal of COD with more than 87% and Ammoniacal nitrogen with the maximum removal of 75 %. Over 50 % conversion of Ammonical nitrogen into nitrate was observed

WATER TECHNOLOGY CENTRE: SUTRAM FOR EASY WATER

Review Meeting

Centre for Sustainable Treatment, Reuse and
Management of Water (WATER-IC for SUTRAM of
Water)

IIT Tirupati



WP 2: Objectives

- Development of affordable nanoscale materials for the removal of the pathogenic organism and heavy metals in water
- Develop a sustainable waste management protocol for handling spent materials.

Achievements in terms of Lab scale study

1. Developed a point-of-use disinfection system with enhanced antibacterial efficacy in presence bicarbonate ions
2. Developed an affordable and granular binary metal nanocomposite nanocomposite



1



2

Publications

Title of the paper	Journal, Issue, Year etc.	Authors
Book Chapter: Measurement, Analysis, and Remediation of Biological pollutants in the water	Measurement, analysis, and remediation of environmental pollutants. Springer Nature, 211-242, 2020. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-15-0540-9_11 .	U. Kannan, S. K. Prashanth, and S.M. Maliyekkal
Occurrence, contamination, speciation, and analysis of selenium in the environment	Measurement, analysis, and remediation of environmental pollutants. Springer Nature, 245-269, 2020. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-15-0540-9_12 .	M.S.V.N. Jyothi, B.J. Ramaiah, and S.M. Maliyekkal
Development of an eco-friendly and reusable point-of-use disinfection system	Journal of Cleaner Production (Communicated)	U. Kannan, P.C. Sabumon, and S.M. Maliyekkal

Publications

Title of the Talk/paper	Symposium/ Conference	Dates of the Symp/Conf.	Presenter /Authors
An affordable and eco-friendly methodology towards the clean water	Water Future conference, Indian Institute of Science, Bengaluru	24-27, September 2019	U. Kannan and S.M. Maliyekkal (2019)



WP2.7. Environmental impact

Satyakam Patnaik, Ph.D
Water Analysis Lab
Nanomaterial Toxicology Group
CSIR-Indian Institute of Toxicology Research (IITR)



- **Targeted Objectives and timelines:**

- Environmental impact (19-26 months)

- **Publications/Patents:**

- Journal of Hazardous Materials, 385, 121525, 2019 (IF-7.650)

- **Financial and Manpower Status:**

- Procurement of proposed equipment is completed with installation and demonstration. Manpower hiring is in the process.

Development of Cost Effective Nano Composite Based Water Filtration Units for the Efficient Removal of Hazardous Impurities Found in the Lakes of Nainital, Uttarakhand

By

Prof. Nanda Gopal Sahoo



**Professor Rajendra Singh Nanoscience and Nanotechnology Centre
Department of Chemistry
DSB Campus, Kumaun University, Nainital**

DELIVERABLES

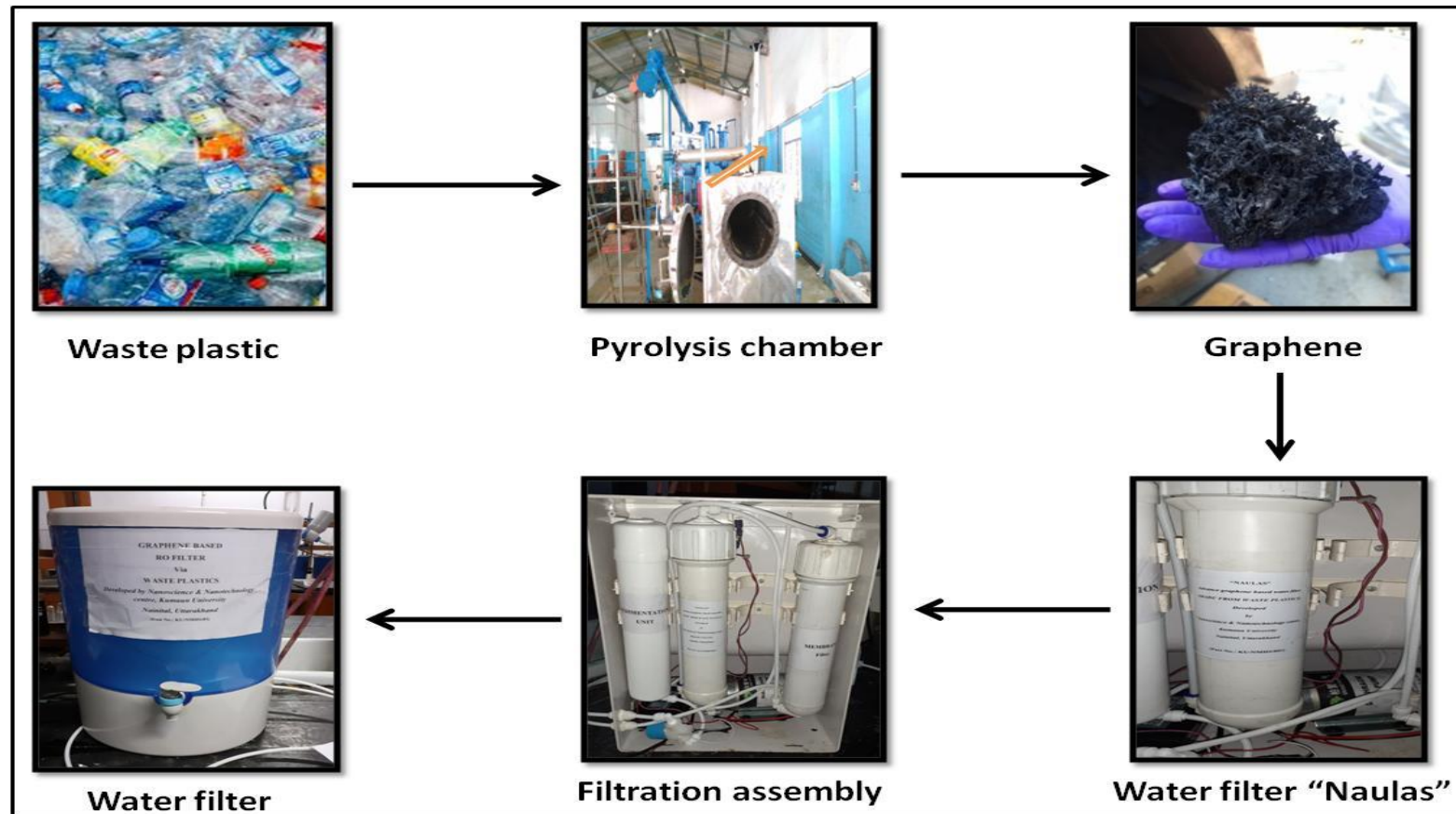
Time period (in months)	Deliverables
0-6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Water samples collection from the lakes of Nainital region
6-12	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Examination and Identification of the collected samples
12-18	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Synthesis of porous carbon nanomaterials/activated carbon black by using traditional precursors and waste plastic.Research Paper
18-24	
24-30	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Carbon nanomaterials /activated carbon black/nano-zeolite based polymer nano composites as filter membranes for water filtration unit.Research Papers and patent
30-36	
36-42	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Highly advanced water filters using by nanocomposite materials for the removal of all kind hazardous impurities (biological/non- biological).Research Papers and patent
42-48	
48-54	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Optimization and development of cheaper and efficient water filters
54-60	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Final Technical Report

ACHIEVEMENTS

- In this frame of time, we successfully collected the water samples from the lake of Nainital region, and done the examination and identification of the samples.
- In this frame of time, we successfully synthesized the 2D nanomaterial i.e. graphene oxide using different precursor i.e. waste plastic, agricultural waste (Quercus ilex fruits), and paper waste.
- We studied the removal efficiency of dyes (brilliant green dye and methylene blue) using waste plastic generated graphene oxide.
- One step synthesis of self potassium doped graphene oxide from Quercus ilex fruits has been done and found its application in field of metal sensors for selective detection of iron (III) ions present in water samples. Fluorescence quenching effect of the K-doped GO in the presence of Fe^{3+} ion provided a platform for detecting Fe^{3+} ion from aqueous solution with detection limit 0.345×10^{-7} M.
- In this frame of time, we successfully published one research paper, four conference papers, two patents, one book chapter (under review).
- In this frame of time, our research scholar Chetna Tewari got two awards (best poster award and young scientist) in conferences.

PROTOTYPE

Development of graphene based RO water filter "Naulas"



PUBLICATION DURING THE PERIOD

Research Paper:

Title of the paper	Journal, Issue, Year etc.	Authors
A simple, eco-friendly and green approach to synthesis of blue photoluminescent potassium-doped graphene oxide from agriculture waste for bio-imaging applications	Materials Science & Engineering C, 104 (2019) 109970	ChetnaTewari, Gaurav Tatrari, Manoj Karakoti, Sandeep Pandey, Mintu Pal, Sravendra Rana, BoddepalliSanthiBhushan, AnandBallabhMelkani, Anurag Srivastava, Nanda Gopal Sahoo

Book Chapter:

Title of the book chapter	Publisher	Authors
Introduction, past and present scenario of plastic degradation	Materials Research Forum LLC	Neema Pandey, Bhashkar Singh Bohra, ChetnaTewari, S. P. S. Mehta, Nanda Gopal Sahoo

Conference Papers:

Title of the Talk/paper	Symposium/ Conference	Presenter/Authors
A Green and cost-effective approach to synthesis of potassium doped graphene oxide from agriculture waste for Biomedical application.	International Conference on Advances in Nanomaterials and Devices for Energy and Environment (ICAN-2019), 27-29 Jan, 2019, M. P., India	ChetnaTewari, Nanda Gopal Sahoo;
A Novel and Green cost-effective approach for synthesis of graphene oxide.	13thUttarakhand State Science & Technology Congress 2018-19,26-28 Feb, Dehradun, India	Chetna Tewari, Nanda Gopal Sahoo
Synthesis of graphene oxide for water purification	International conference on energy and functional materials & sustainable environment management , 24-26 May, 2019	Chetna Tewari, Nanda Gopal Sahoo

Patents:

Title	Inventors	Filed on
Hydro-solvo-thermal graphene oxide synthesis method	Chetna Tewari, Sandeep Pandey Manoj Karakoti, Gaurav Tatrari, Sunil Dhali, Himani Tiwari, A.B. Melkani, N.G. Sahoo	17/03/2020
Process of preparation of naturally doped silicon, magnesium and calcium graphene nanosheets from paper waste for energy application	Sandeep Pandey Manoj Karakoti, Sunil Dhali, Chetna Tewari, N. G. Sahoo	27/04/2020

WP-1.3. Storm water characterization (both, qualitative & quantitative), surveillance, modelling and forecasting

LEAD : Dr. Ashutosh Das/PRIST

Target Objectives & Timelines:

Months →	0-6	7-12	13-18
Milestone-I	Secondary Data-Collection (hydro-geol, morpho-climatic, etc), Image Procurement	Primary Data-Collection (storm-water & runoff quantity)	Basic Geospatial Analysis & querying
Milestone-II	Field-visit & Questionnaire Survey	Digitization, Georeferencing & Generation of Thematic Layers	Field validation & Surveillance
Milestone-III	Base Map-Preparation	Development of DEM models & zonation of Storm-water Regimes	Development of optimized Models, diagnostics & predictability

Achievements

Months →	0 to 18
Achievements in coordinated research	Secondary Data-Collection, Image Procurement, Questionnaire Survey, Base map preparation; Primary Data-Collection, development of DEM model & Zonation of storm-water regimes, Basic Geospatial Analysis & querying, Field validation & surveillance; Development of optimized models, diagnostics & predictability

*

NOTE : ALL TARGET OBJECTIVES HAVE BEEN ACHIEVED, HENCE, THERE IS NO SHORTFALL IN ACHIEVEMENT

Technological outcomes

Months →	0-6	7-12	13-18
DATABASE FOR MODELING	Secondary Data-base (incl. imageries) for all the three study areas*	Primary water <u>quantity</u> data-base (storm-water & runoff)	Primary water <u>quality</u> data-base (storm-water & runoff)
MODEL DEVELOPMENT	Base Map-Preparation	Development of DEM models & zonation of Storm-water Regimes	Development of optimized Models (integrated with water quality variation)
MODEL VALIDATION, DIAGNOSTICS & PREDICTABILITY	Base-map : Ground Truth Validation (GPS - aided)	Storm-water prediction Model Calibration (with updated rainfall data of 2019-20)	Validation of Water quality-integrated model through representative primary field data of 2019-20

* Study Areas : Thanjavur, Nagapattinam & Chennai of Tamil Nadu

PUBLICATIONS

Title of the paper	Journal, Issue, etc.	Authors
Development of digital elevation Model for storm -water modeling for deltaic regions of Thanjavur Suburbs of southern India	International Journal of Civil Engineering and Technology, Volume-10, Issue-4, April 2019, pp. 193-201	Sivasamandy. R, Jose Ravindra Raj. B, Aravind. S, Nithin. S, Niraj prabhu. R, Sivabalan. S, Sakthi dharmadurai. S, Ashutosh Das
Development of digital elevation model for storm -water modeling for coastal region in Nagapattinam using geospatial studies	International Journal of Civil Engineering and Technology, Volume-10, Issue-4, May 2019, pp. 108-117	Mahesh R, Jose Ravindra Raj B., Gokilan M, Arul Anban, Milan M, Nongmaithem Deepak Singh, Abdul Rahman J and Ashutosh Das
Spatio-Temporal Variability of Gamma Radiation Profile Along the Southern-Indian Coastline (Poompuhar To Nagapattinam Strech)	International Journal on Emerging Technologies (in press)	Mahesh, R., Parthiban, P., Sivasamandy, R. and Das, A.,
Study on effect of Monsoonal Transition of wind flow pattern in Cauvery delta zone of Thanjavur, Southern Tamilnadu, India	International Journal on Emerging Technologies (in press)	Sivasamandy, R. , Parthiban, P. , Mahesh, R., and Das, A.,

PATENTS FILED...

Title	Inventors	Filing Date & Appln. No.
Method of Preparation of Pigmented Particle Board Using Spent Biosorbents (Rice Husk and Baggase) Generated From Adsorptive Treatment of Dye Wastewater	: Dr. Ashutosh Das, Dr. Mukesh Goel, P. Parthiban and R.Mahesh	09.09.19 (Appln.no. 201941036259)
RO Reject Pressurized Water Jet Nano Grinding Machine	Dr. Ashutosh Das and Dr. TTM. Kannan	10.09.19 (Appln.no. 321472-001)

Work Package Objectives (VIT, Chennai)

WP3.4.1:

**Process Know-how for Removal/Recovery of Nutrients
from Wastewater**

W.P.3.6.2:

Decolorization of azodyes from textile wastewater

Research Accomplishments

- A nano-biotechnological Process for ammonia removal was developed in batch SBR and the effect of pH, temperature and potential inhibitors were studied (VIT and IIT T)
- Screening of 5 azodyes (Methyl Orange, Methy Red, Orange G, Chrysoidine Y, and Tartrazine) for decolourization using denitrification and/or sulphidogenesis using batch reactor studies and optimization of pH, dye concentration and biomass concentration effects were completed.
- An upflow lab scale anoxic continuous packed bed reactor studies for Methyl Orange decolourization (500 mg/L) was completed after operated around 1 year with varying HRT, COD/NO₃-N ratios.

Research Accomplishments

- Thermal pre-treatment of food waste and sewage was done for decentralized waste management involving co-digestion with enhanced recovery of biogas and nutrients.
- A low cost decentralized wastewater treatment system was developed and reuse potential of the treated effluent was investigated and the results are published in Water Science & Technology (International Water Association Publication).
- A laboratory scale SBR (3 L) with process control was started to develop SND process and to achieve simultaneous removal of C, N and P. The reactor was operated for 180 days till date and the optimum removals obtained were 90.49% of $\text{NH}_4^+\text{-N}$, 82.8% of TN, 79% of P and 86.6% of COD.

Research output

Publications:

International Journals: 2

International Conferences: 14