basic education
Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: MATHEMATICS: GRADE 9 (TERM 1)

TERM 1	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	WEEK 11
HOURS PER TOPIC	**8,5 hrs**		**9 hrs**		**2 hrs**	**9 hrs**		**9 hrs**		**4,5 (2,5) hrs**	**2,5 (4,5) hrs**
TOPICS, CONCEPTS AND SKILLS	**WHOLE NUMBERS** **Properties of numbers** • Describe the real number system by recognising, defining and distinguishing properties of: – Natural numbers, whole numbers, integers, rational numbers, irrational numbers **Multiples and factors** • Use prime factorisation of numbers to find LCM and HCF **Solving problems** • Solve problems in contexts involving: – Ratio and rate – Direct and indirect proportion • Solve problems that involve whole numbers, percentages and decimal fractions in financial contexts such as: – Commission – Rentals – Compound interest		**INTEGERS** **Calculations with integers** • Revise: – Addition and subtraction with integers – Multiplication and division with integers – Perform calculations involving all four operations with integers – Perform calculations involving all four operations with numbers that involve the squares, cubes, square roots and cube roots of integers **Properties of integers** • Revise: – Commutative, associative and distributive properties of addition and multiplication for integers – Additive and multiplicative inverses for integers		**FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASK** **ASSIGNMENT** • Whole numbers • Integers	**EXPONENTS** **Calculations using numbers in exponential form** • **Revise** the following general laws of exponents. – $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ – $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$, if $m>n$ – $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ – $(a \times t)^n = a^n \times t^n$ – $a^0 = 1$ • **Extend** the general laws of exponents to include: – integer exponents – $a^{-m} = \frac{1}{a^m}$ • Perform calculations involving all four operations using numbers in exponential form		**NUMERIC AND GEOMETRIC PATTERNS** **Investigate and extend patterns** • Investigate and extend numeric and geometric patterns looking for relationships between numbers including patterns: – Represented in physical or diagram form, not limited to sequences involving a constant difference or ratio, of learner's own creation, represented in tables, represented algebraically • Describe and justify the general rules for observed relationships between numbers in own words or in algebraic language		**REVISION**	**FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASK** **TEST** All topics
PREREQUISITE SKILL OR PRE-KNOWLEDGE	• The commutative; associative; distributive properties of whole numbers • 0 in terms of its additive property (identity element for addition) • 1 in terms of its multiplicative property (identify element for multiplication) • Recognise the division property of 0, whereby any number divided by 0 is undefined		• Perform calculations involving all four operations with numbers that involve squares, cubes, square roots and cube roots of integers • Calculate the squares, cubes, square roots and cube roots of rational numbers			• Recognise and use the appropriate laws of numbers involving exponents and square and cube roots		• Determine input values, output values and rules for patterns given in input-output diagrams • Determine equivalence of different descriptions of the same relationship or rule presented verbally, in a flow diagram, by a number sentence			

2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: MATHEMATICS: GRADE 9 (TERM 2)

TERM 2	3 hrs	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	WEEK 11
HOURS PER TOPIC		13,5 hrs					9 hrs		4,5 hrs	4,5 hr	8 hrs	
TOPICS, CONCEPTS AND SKILLS	FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASK INVESTIGATION N.B. Administer an investigation on any ONE of the term 2 topics before teaching it.	ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS **Algebraic language** • Revise the following: – Recognise and identify conventions for writing algebraic expressions – Identify and classify like and unlike terms in algebraic expressions – Recognise and identify coefficients and exponents in algebraic expressions – Recognise and differentiate between monomials, binomials and trinomials **Expand and simplify algebraic expressions** • Revise the following: using the commutative, associative and distributive laws for rational numbers and laws of exponents to: – Add and subtract like terms in algebraic expressions – Multiply integers and monomials by: monomials, binomials, trinomials – Divide the following by integers or monomials: monomials, binomials, trinomials – Simplify algebraic expressions involving the above operations – Determine the squares, cubes, square roots and cube roots of single algebraic terms or like algebraic terms **NB. ENSURE THAT COMMON FRACTIONS AND DECIMAL FRACTIONS ARE PART OF CALCULATIONS WITH EXPRESSIONS (Page 122 and 123 of CAPS)** • Extend the above algebraic manipulations to include: – Multiply integers and monomials by polynomials – Divide polynomials by integers or monomials – The product of two binomials – The square of a binomial • Determine the numerical value of algebraic expressions by substitution **Factorise algebraic expressions** • Factorise algebraic expressions that involve: – Common factors – Difference of two squares – Trinomials of the form: ✓ $x^2 + bx + c$ ✓ $ax^2 + bx + c$, where *a* is a common factor • Simplify algebraic expressions that involve the above factorisation processes • Simplify algebraic fractions using factorisation						ALGEBRAIC EQUATIONS • **Revise the following:** – Set up equations to describe problem situations – Analyse and interpret equations that describe a given situation – Solve equations by inspection – Using additive and multiplicative inverses using laws of exponents – Solve equations by substitution – Use substitution in equations to generate tables of ordered pairs • Extend solving equations to include: – Using factorisation – Equations of the form: a product of factors = 0		FUNCTIONS AND RELATIONSHIPS **Input and output values** • Determine input values, output values or rules for patterns and relationships using: – Flow diagrams – Tables – Formulae – Equations **Equivalent forms** • Determine, interpret and justify equivalence of different descriptions of the same relationship or rule presented: – Verbally – In flow diagrams – In tables – By formulae – By equations – By graphs on a Cartesian plane	REVISION	FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASK TEST All term 1 & 2 topics	

TERM 2	3 hrs	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	WEEK 11
HOURS PER TOPIC		**13,5 hrs**					**9 hrs**		**4,5 hrs**	**4,5 hr**	**8 hrs**	
PREREQUISITE SKILL OR PRE-KNOWLEDGE		• Common and decimal fractions • Algebraic language • Factors and multiples • Expand and simply algebraic expressions • Substitution • Determine the squares, cubes, square roots and cube roots of single algebraic terms or like algebraic terms					• Write number sentences to describe problem situations • Analyse and interpret number sentences that describe a given situation • Solve and complete number sentences by: – Inspection – Trial and improvement • Identify variables and constants in given formulae or equations • Use substitution in equations to generate tables of ordered pairs • Extend solving equations to include: – Using additive and multiplicative inverses – Using laws of exponents					

2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: MATHEMATICS: GRADE 9 (TERM 3)

TERM 3		WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	WEEK 11
HOURS PER TOPIC		**9 hrs**			**9 hrs**		**15 hrs**				**4.5 hrs**	**4.hrs**
TOPICS, CONCEPTS AND SKILLS	**FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASK** **PROJECT** **The project should cover a combination of topics from term 1 to term 3 and must be completed before the end of term 3**	**GRAPHS** **Interpreting graphs** • Extend the focus on features of graphs with special focus on the following features of **linear graphs**: – x-intercept and y-intercept – Gradient **Drawing graphs** • Use tables of ordered pairs to plot points and draw graphs on the Cartesian plane • Extend drawing of graphs with special focus on: – Drawing linear graphs from given equations – Determining equations from given **linear graphs**			**GEOMETRY OF STRAIGHT LINES** **Angle relationships** • Revise and write clear descriptions of the relationship between angles formed by: – Perpendicular lines – Intersecting lines – Parallel lines cut by a transversal **Solving problems** • Solve geometric problems using the relationships between pairs of angles described above		**GEOMETRY OF 2D SHAPES AND CONSTRUCTION OF GEOMETRIC FIGURES** **Classifying 2D shapes** • Revise properties and definitions of triangles in terms of their sides and angles, distinguishing between: – Equilateral triangles – Isosceles triangles – Right-angled triangles **Constructions** **PROVIDE LEARNERS WITH ACCURATELY CONSTRUCTED FIGURES TO INVESTIGATE THE PROPERTIES OF TRIANGLES** • Investigate the angles in a triangle, focusing on the relationship between the exterior angle of a triangle and its interior angles **Classifying 2D shapes** • Revise and write clear definitions of quadrilaterals in terms of their sides, angles and diagonals, distinguishing between: – Parallelogram – Rectangle – Square – Rhombus – Trapezium – Kite **Constructions** **PROVIDE LEARNERS WITH ACCURATELY CONSTRUCTED FIGURES TO INVESTIGATE THE PROPERTIES OF QUADRILATERALS** • Investigate sides and angles. and diagonals in quadrilaterals, focusing on: – Exploring the sum of the interior angles of polygons – The diagonals of rectangles, squares, – Parallelograms, rhombi and kites **Similar and congruent triangles** • Through investigation, establish the minimum conditions for congruent triangles • Through investigation, establish the minimum conditions for similar triangles **Constructions** **PROVIDE LEARNERS WITH ACCURATELY CONSTRUCTED FIGURES** • Explore the minimum conditions for two triangles to be congruent **Solving problems** • Solve geometric problems involving unknown sides and angles in triangles and quadrilaterals, using known properties of triangles and quadrilaterals, as well as properties of congruent and similar triangles				**REVISION**	**FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASK** **TEST** All term 3 topics

TERM 3		WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	WEEK 11
HOURS PER TOPIC		9 hrs		9 hrs			15 hrs				4.5 hrs	4.hrs
PREREQUISITE SKILL OR PRE-KNOWLEDGE				• Recognise and describe pairs of angles formed by: – Perpendicular lines – Intersecting lines – Parallel lines cut by a transversal • Solve geometric problems using the relationships between pairs of angles described above			• The sum of the interior angles of triangles • Identify and write clear definitions of types of triangles focusing on sides and angles					

2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: MATHEMATICS: GRADE 9 (TERM 4)

TERM 4	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10
HOURS PER TOPIC	**7 hrs**		**9 hrs**		**9 hrs**		**4,5 hrs**	**12,5 hrs**		
TOPICS, CONCEPTS AND SKILLS	**TRANSFORMATION GEOMETRY** **Transformations** Recognise, describe and perform transformations with points, line segments and simple geometric figures on a co-ordinate plane, focusing on: – Reflection in the x-axis or y- axis – Reflection in the line $y = x$ – Translation within and across quadrants		**AREA AND PERIMETER OF 2-D SHAPES** • Use appropriate formulae and conversions between SI units, to solve problems and calculate perimeter and area of: – Polygons – Circles		**SURFACE AREA AND VOLUME OF 3D OBJECTS** • Use appropriate formulae and conversions between SI units to solve problems and calculate the surface area, volume and capacity of: – Rectangular prisms – Triangular prisms – Cylinders cylinders		**REVISION**	**FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASK** **EXAMINATION PAPER 1 AND PAPER 2** All topics from term 1-4		
PREREQUISITE SKILL OR PRE-KNOWLEDGE	• Translations, reflections, rotations enlargements and reductions with geometric figures and shapes on grid paper		• Determine whether a triangle is a right-angled triangle or not if the length of the three sides of the triangle is known • Use the Theorem of Pythagoras to calculate a missing length in a right-angled triangle, leaving irrational answers in surd form • Use of appropriate formulae to calculate perimeter and area of polygons to include circles to at least 2 decimal places and convert between appropriate SI units, including and up to km^2 • Calculate perimeter and area of complex figures		• Use of appropriate formulae to calculate the surface area, volume and capacity of cubes and rectangular prisms • Describe the interrelationship between surface area and volume of the objects mentioned above • Use and convert between appropriate SI units, including: – mm^2 ↔ cm^2 ↔ m^2 ↔ km^2 – mm^3 ↔ cm^3 ↔ m^3 – ml (cm^3) ↔ l ↔ kl				