## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: GEOGRAPHY (INLAND): GRADE 12 (TERM 1)



			CLIMATE	AND WEATHER			
TERM 1	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6
CAPS TOPIC	Mid-latitude cyclones (frontal depres	ssion, extra tropical cyclones)	Tropical cyclones	Subtropical anticyclassociated weather		Subtropical anticyclones and associated weather conditions	Valley climates Urban climates
CORE CONTENT, CONCEPTS, SKILLS, AND VALUES	Consolidation of Grade 11 Climatology work: Global air circulation Mid-latitude cyclones General characteristics Areas of formation Conditions necessary for the formation	Stages of development Cross-section through a mid- latitude cyclone Related weather conditions associated with cold, warm, and occluded fronts Impact on human activities (social and economic) and the (physical) environment Possible precautionary and management strategies Identification on synoptic weather maps and satellite images: Identification of stages of development on synoptic weather maps Impact of South Indian High and South Atlantic High on movement of the cyclone Reading and interpretation of weather symbols, predicted weather impact  Map work & GIS  Alphanumeric reference, grid reference Map coordinates, fixing position – stating the coordinates	General characteristics Areas of formation and associated terms in different parts of the world Factors necessary for their formation Stages of development Associated weather patterns Cross-section through a tropical cyclone (interpretation) Impact of tropical cyclones on environment (physical) human activities Pre-cautionary and management strategies manage the effects of tropical cyclones Identification on synoptic weather maps and satellite images: Identification of stages of development on synoptic weather maps Reading and interpretation of applicable weather symbols Case study of ONE recent tropical cyclone that affected southern Africa Map work & GIS Contour lines, contour interval and height and conventional signs Compass direction True bearing Satellite images, remote sensing, resolution, and interpretation of synoptic weather maps	South Africa: South Atlantic South Indian Kalahari high General characte high-pressure cel Influence of anticy Africa's weather a (integration with p layer, ocean curre South Atlantic hig summer and wint Reading and intel information relate pressure cells on maps anti-cycloni	sure cells that affect chigh-pressure cell nigh-pressure cell pressure cell pressure cell ristics of the THREE ls y/clones on South and climate lateau, inversion ents and ridging of h-pressure cell) — er position pretation of d to the THREE high synoptic weather c air circulation and eather and climate  and magnetic bearing scales and of topographic	Development of travelling, moving disturbance associated with anticyclonic circulation:	Valley climates  Slope aspect:  Definition  Effect on the distribution of temperature in a valley  Definition and development of: Anabatic winds Katabatic winds Inversions Thermal belt Frost pockets Radiation fog  Influence, impact on human activities (economic, social, and environmental): Settlement Farming  Urban climates  Reasons for differences between rural and urban climates  Urban heat islands: Definition Causes of urban heat islands, factors contributing to higher city temperatures Effects of urban heat islands (economic, social, and environmental) Strategies to reduce the urban heat island effect  Pollution dome: Definition Causes of pollution domes Effects of pollution domes Effects of pollution domes (economic, social, and environmental) Strategies to reduce the pollution dome effect  Map work & GIS Calculation and interpretation of average gradient
REQUISITE PRE- KNOWLEDGE	Weather changes during cold fronts		Gr 11: High, low pressures, and pressure belts  Grade 11 content region circulation		parding HP, LP and pressure belts, global	Knowledge of temperatures in valley, slopes and urban, rural	
RESOURCES (OTHER THAN TEXTBOOK) TO ENHANCE LEARNING	weather radar app on smartphones	Synoptic weather maps, windy TV, weather radar app on smartphones or tablets	Synoptic weather maps, windy TV, weather radar app on smartphones or tablets	Topographic maps, s synoptic weather map video clips, Google so	os, temperature data,	Topographic maps, satellite images, synoptic weather maps, temperature data, video clips, Google search by learners	Topographic maps, video clips, photos, Google search by learners
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (CONTENT & MAPWORK)		Minimum of 3 data response tasks and case studies	Minimum of 3 data response tasks and case studies	Minimum of 3 data re	sponse tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks

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	GEOMORPHOLOGY							
TERM 1	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	WEEK 11			
CAPS TOPIC	Drainage systems in SA	Drainage systems in SA & fluvial processes	Fluvial processes	Fluvial processes	Assessment, consolidation			
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS, AND VALUES	<ul> <li>Concepts (definition, identification, and application of:         Drainage basin, catchment area, river system, tributary, confluence watershed, interfluve, source, river mouth, surface run-off, infiltration, groundwater, water table</li> <li>Types of rivers (definition, identification, and application): Permanent, periodic, episodic, exotic</li> <li>Identification, underlying rock structure, development, and characteristics of the following drainage patterns: Dendritic, trellis, rectangular, radial, centripetal, deranged, parallel</li> <li>Definition and impact of factors influencing drainage density (high, low drainage density): Precipitation, evaporation, soil moisture, vegetation, slope, gradient, porosity permeability         NOTE: The above should be taught with the understanding of infiltration         Integration map skills         Use topographic map to show concepts related to drainage basin, e.g. confluence, source, etc.         Use topographic map to show types of rivers and, drainage patterns         Cross-sections – drawing of cross-sections, indicating position of features on cross-sections, and identifying features represented by cross-sections         Intervisibility         Calculating vertical exaggeration     </li> </ul>	Determining of stream order (definition, identification, and interpretation)  Discharge of a river (definition, identification, and interpretation) Laminar flow and turbulent flow  River profiles: Definition, description and associated characteristics including stream load Cross, transverse profile Longitudinal profile Plan view of both profiles Relationship of both profiles to the stages of a river (upper, middle, and lower course)  Integration map skills Compare orthophoto map to topographic map Oblique and vertical aerial photographs – identifying landforms and features Use of size, shape, tone, texture, shadow, and patterns to identify features, landforms, and activities on photographs and orthophoto maps Orientation of orthophoto map with topographic map	Identification, description, formation and significance and impact of fluvial landforms, features: Meanders, undercut and slip-off slope, oxbow lakes, braided streams, floodplain, natural levee, waterfall, rapids, delta  Integration map skills  Use topographic map to identify fluvial landforms, features (meanders, undercut and slip-off slope, oxbow lakes, braided streams, floodplain, natural levee, waterfall, rapids, delta)  Drawing of a cross section, calculation of vertical exaggeration and concept of Intervisibility  GIS (definition)  Concepts (definition, identification, and application) of:  Remote sensing  Resolution  Pixels	River grading:     Definition (graded and ungraded rivers)     Processes involved in a river becoming graded. Distinguish between graded and ungraded streams     Base level of erosion     Temporary base level of erosion     Permanent base level of erosion     Integration map skills Use topographic maps Drawing of a cross section, calculation of vertical exaggeration and concept of intervisibility	Revision and application of content and skills covered			
REQUISITE PRE- KNOWLEDGE	Grade 9 concepts related to drainage basin Concepts used in where and why rivers flow at different velocities	Grade 9 concepts and stages of rivers	Grade 9 concepts and stages of rivers	Techniques and skills Grades 10-11				
RESOURCES (OTHER THAN TEXTBOOK) TO ENHANCE LEARNING	Topographic maps and orthophoto maps, video clips, photos, Google search by learners	Topographic maps, and orthophoto maps, video clips, photos, Google search by learners	Topographic maps, video clips, photos, Google search by learners, case studies	Topographic maps, orthophoto maps	Topographic maps, orthophoto maps			
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (CONTENT & MAPWORK)	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks				
SBA FORMAL ASSESSMENT		TASK 1: MA	PWORK (60)	TASK 2: CONTROLLED TEST (60)	Preparation and discussion of research task and rubric with learners			

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: GEOGRAPHY (INLAND): GRADE 12 (TERM 2)

	SETTLEMENT GEOGRAPHY					
TERM 2	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	
CAPS TOPIC	Fluvial processes	Fluvial processes & catchment and river management	Study of settlements and rural settlements	Rural settlement issues	Urban settlements	
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS, AND VALUES	River rejuvenation Definition Reasons for rejuvenation: Knickpoint Terraces, valley in a valley Incised, entrenched meanders Significance of rejuvenated landscapes (economic, social, and environmental) River capture, stream piracy: Concepts (definition, identification, and application) of: River capture, stream piracy, abstraction, headward erosion Features associated with river capture (identification, description, and application): Captor stream, captured stream, misfit stream, elbow of capture, wind gap Impact of river capture on captor stream and captured stream Implications of river capture for human activities, settlements, recreation, agriculture and ecosystems Integration map skills Identification of features associated with river capture on topographic maps Calculation of a gradient	Superimposed and antecedent drainage patterns (definition, description, and causes) Definition of river management Causes of poor river management Importance of managing drainage basins and catchment areas Impact of people on drainage basins and catchment areas: River pollution (e.g. eutrophication) Overgrazing Deforestation Human settlement Strategies to manage drainage basins, catchment areas Case study of one catchment management strategy in South Africa  Map skills Data standardisation Data sharing Data security  Application of GIS by the: Government Private sector  Developing a 'paper GIS' from existing maps, photographs, and other sources of information on layers of tracing paper Identifying and interpreting concepts using given data such as satellite images, topographic maps, orthophoto maps, aerial photographs, pictures, and statistics indicated on graphs and tables	Study of settlements  Definition of: Site Situation  Rural and urban settlements Classification of settlements according to: Factor Pattern Function  Rural settlements  Classification of rural settlements according to: Pattern Function  Rural settlements  Classification of rural settlements according to: Pattern Identification of different patterns Advantages and disadvantages  Function  Identification and reasons for different shapes of rural settlements: Round Linear T-shaped Crossroad Land use in rural settlements Identification of land use: Farming, forestry, and conservation  Integration map skills  Application of GIS concepts, e.g. buffering, vector data, raster data, spatial data, attribute data Use topographic to identify settlement patterns, and site and function	Rural settlement issues  Rural-urban migration (definition and application)  Push and pull factors  Definition of rural depopulation  Causes and consequences of rural depopulation on people and economy  Strategies to address rural depopulation  Case study that illustrates effects of rural depopulation and strategies to address them  Social justice issues associated with rural settlements  Definition, purpose, challenges in implementation, success stories that impact on communities  Access to resources (natural: Water and human-made: Limited investment and lack of infrastructure)  Land reform (land tenure, redistribution, and restitution)  Integration map skills  Application of GIS concepts  Data layering, thematic layering of information  Data layers (identification and interpretation)  Data manipulation and analysis:  Data manipulation  Calculation of an area and distance	Origin and development of urban settlement     Urbanisation of the world population     Concepts (definition, identification, and application) of:	
REQUISITE PRE- KNOWLEDGE		and pull factors, (Gr 8 and 10), demographic and social is	ssues, learners' knowledge and experiences of their own s	ettlement and surroundings		
RESOURCES (OTHER THAN TEXTBOOK) TO ENHANCE LEARNING	Topographic and orthophoto maps Vertical photographs and satellite images Municipal maps and street maps of local area Case studies, photographs, video clips, google search b Google Earth Statistics and graphs	y learners				
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (CONTENT & MAPWORK)	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	
SBA (formal assessment)	Discuss research task and rubric with learners Learners have 7 weeks to complete task and request support if needed		Submission of draft research task			

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	SETTLEMENT GEOGRAPHY					
TERM 2	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	W	/EEK 9	WEEK 10-11
CAPS TOPIC	Urban hierarchies and urban structure & patterns	Urban structure & patterns	Urban settlement issues	Urban settlement issue	es	Assessment and consolidation
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS, AND VALUES	Urban hierarchies  Concepts (identification, description, and interpretation) of:  Urban hierarchy  Central place  Threshold population  Sphere of influence  Range of goods  Concepts (identification, description, and interpretation) of:  Lower & higher order functions services, lower & higher order functions and services  Lower and higher order centres  Urban structure & patterns  Internal structure and patterns of urban settlements (includes shape of shape of urban settlements)  Take note of the difference between the difference between land-use (egg greenbelt and recreation) and land-use zones  Land use zones, including reasons for location, purposes, and characteristics  Commercial (CBD, OBD, types of commercial decentralisation)  Residential Industrial  Transition zone, zone of decay  Rural-urban fringe  Map skills & GIS  Use topographical map and orthophoto map to identify land use zones	Factors influencing the morphological structure of a city  Street pattern (plan)  Urban profile  Concept (definition, identification, and application) of urban profile  Reasons for shape of urban profile  Models of urban structure (description and characteristics)  Multiple-nuclei model (Harris and Ullman)  Modern American-western city  The third world city  South African city  Changing urban patterns and land use in South African cities  Map skills & GIS  Identification of features on a topographical map and orthophoto map  Concepts and application  Spatial resolution  Spatial and attribute data  Remote-sensing and resolution  Spatial, attribute data	Recent urbanisation patterns in SA Urban issues related to rapid urbanisation (definition, causes, impact, possible solutions like counter-urbanisation):  Pollution Urban blight Traffic congestion Lack of planning, urban sprawl Overcrowding, housing shortage overcrowding, service provision (basic services) Social challenges Informal settlements: Concept (definition and identification) Growth of informal settlements Issues associated with informal settlements Strategies to address issues related to informal settlements  Strategies to address issues related to informal settlements  Map skills & GIS Concepts and application Vector and raster data Spatial objects Points, nodes Lines Area, polygons GIS Concepts: Data manipulation Data integration Buffering Querying and statistical analysis	Case studies from So     Case studies on how     South Africa are man     Injustice issues in urb	outh Africa and the world selected urban areas in aging urban challenges an areas vironmental, social, and ice concerns concerns  ecosystems erns asport systems as to services esources (overview) and techniques, scale, ections or etation	
REQUISITE PRE- KNOWLEDGE			Revision of all map skills and GIS Grades 9-12			
INTEGRATION MAP SKILLS	Applying map skills and techniques, scale, contours and c Map and photo interpretation	ross-sections	Calculation of true bearing and magnetic declination			
RESOURCES (OTHER THAN TEXTBOOK) TO ENHANCE LEARNING	Topographic & orthophoto maps					
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (CONTENT & MAPWORK)	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data respo	onse tasks	
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT)			TASK 3: RESEARCH submission (100)			TASK 4: CONTROLLED TEST (60) OR MID-YEAR EXAMS (150)

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: GEOGRAPHY (INLAND): GRADE 12 (TERM 3)

	ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY OF SOUTH AFRICA						
TERM 3	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5		
CAPS TOPIC	Structure of the economy	Agriculture	Mining	Secondary and tertiary sectors	SA industrial regions		
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS, AND VALUES	Economic sectors     Primary     Secondary     Tertiary     Quaternary      Contribution of economic sectors to the South African economy:     Definition, interpretation of, value and contribution to, GNP and GDP     Employment (linked to different sectors, interpretation, and application)      Use, interpretation of statistical and graphical information      Map skills & GIS  Interpretation of graphs and infographics	Contribution of agriculture to the South African economy Small-scale farming and large-scale farming: definition, characteristics, and interpretation Main products produced (definition and examples) home market and export market A case study of maize: Areas of production on a map, identification, and interpretation Apply factors that favour and hinder agriculture in South Africa to maize Contribution of maize to the South African economy Food security Definition of food security and food insecurity Importance of food security in South Africa Factors influencing food security in South Africa Strategies to improve food security in South Africa Case studies related to food security and food insecurity in South Africa Case studies related to food security and food insecurity in South Africa Tase Strategies to improve food security and food insecurity in South Africa In South Africa Map skills & GIS Use topographical map and orthophoto (integration – small scale and large-scale farming)	Contribution of mining to the South African economy Significance of mining to the development of South Africa A case study of platinum Location of platinum studied on a map, identification, and interpretation Apply factors that favour and hinder mining in South Africa to platinum Contribution of platinum to the South African economy  Map skills & GIS Use topographical map and orthophoto Identification of mining activities  Grid referencing, map code, and map symbols	Secondary sector  Contribution of secondary to the South African economy  Types of industries (definition, description, examples, and current characteristics):  Heavy and light Raw material orientated Market orientated Footloose industries, ubiquitous industries Bridge (break of bulk point) industries Factors influencing industrial development in South Africa: Raw materials, labour supply, water supply, energy supply, transport, political intervention, competition, trade  Factors hindering industrial development in South Africa: Over-concentration, transport, air pollution, labour supply, water supply, energy supply, raw materials, political interference, competition, trade  Map skills & GIS Use topographical map and orthophoto for integration	South Africa's core, main industrial regions     Gauteng (PWV), Durban-Pinetown, Port     Elizabeth-Uitenhage, South-Western Cape     Location of the above FOUR core industrial     regions on a map      The two prescribed industrial regions are     Gauteng (PWV)     Port Elizabeth-Uitenhage		
REQUISITE PRE- KNOWLEDGE	Definitions of primary, secondary, tertiary, and quaternary sectors	Food resources and food security covered in Grade 9	Grade 11 resource use and sustainability	Definitions of secondary, tertiary, and quaternary sectors	Map of SA location of industrial regions		
RESOURCES (OTHER THAN TEXTBOOK) TO ENHANCE LEARNING	Statistics, tables, graphs	Statistics, graphs, case studies	Statistics, graphs, case studies	Statistics, graphs, case studies	Statistics, graphs, case studies on specified core industrial areas		
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (CONTENT & MAPWORK)	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks		
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT)							

	ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY OF SOUTH AFRICA					
TERM 3	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9-11		
CAPS TOPIC	Strategies for industrial development	Tertiary activities and informal sector	Geographical skills and techniques consolidation	PAPER 1 150 marks	PAPER 2 150 marks	
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS, AND VALUES	<ul> <li>Overview of apartheid industrial development strategy         <ul> <li>Good Hope Plan</li> </ul> </li> <li>Overview of post-apartheid industrial development strategies:         <ul> <li>The Reconstruction and Development Programme (RDP)</li> <li>Growth, Employment and Redistribution (GEAR)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Industrial Development Zones (IDZs) and Spatial Development Initiatives (SDIs)         <ul> <li>Case studies of TWO Industrial Development Zones (IDZs) and Spatial Development Initiatives (SDIs)</li> <li>Prescribed: Coega (IDZ) and Wild Coast (SDI)</li> <li>Concentrate on:             <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Tertiary Sector</li> <li>Contribution of tertiary activities to the South African Economy</li> <li>Definition of tertiary activities</li> <li>Examples of tertiary activities</li> <li>The role of trade (local and international) in economic development (definition, balance of trade and trade agreements)</li> <li>The role of transport (public, private) in economic development</li> <li>Interpretation of graphs and tables on tertiary activities</li> <li>Case studies of contribution of tertiary activities to the South African economy</li> <li>Informal Sector</li> <li>Concept of informal sector employment</li> <li>Characteristics of informal sector employment</li> <li>Reasons for high informal sector employment in South Africa</li> <li>Challenges facing South Africa's informal sector</li> <li>Strategies for strengthening the informal sector</li> <li>Case studies to illustrate the above in the South African context</li> </ul>	Map work skills, topographic maps and GIS, using atlases and revision and application of content and skills covered	3 hours  Question 1 (Climate and weather) 60 marks Short questions (15) 3 sub-questions of 15 marks each on climate and weather  Question 2 (Geomorphology) 60 marks Short questions (15) 3 sub-questions of 15 marks each on geomorphology  Question 3 (Map work) 30 marks Map skills and calculations (10 marks) Map interpretation (12 marks) GIS (8 marks)	Question 1 (Rural and urban settlements) 60 Marks Short questions (15) 3 sub-questions of 15 marks each on rural and urban settlements  Question 2 (Economic geography of South Africa) 60 Marks Short questions (15) 3 sub-questions of 15 marks each on economic geography of South Africa  Question 3 (Map work) 30 marks Map skills and calculations (10 marks) Map interpretation (12 marks) GIS (8 marks)	
REQUISITE PRE- KNOWLEDGE	Grade 11: Trade and development: International trade and world markets	Knowledge of informal sector like street vendors	Techniques and skills Grades 9-11	Cognitive levels Lower order – 25% Middle order –50% Higher order – 25%		
INTERGRATION MAP SKILLS	Grid referencing and exact position	Map and photo interpretation – it includes reading and analysis of physical and constructional features on orthophoto maps				
RESOURCES (OTHER THAN TEXTBOOK) TO ENHANCE LEARNING	Statistics, graphs, case studies on specified SDI's and IDZ's	Statistics, graphs, case studies	Topographic maps and orthophoto maps			
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (CONTENT & MAPWORK)	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Minimum of 3 data response tasks	Previous question papers			

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: GEOGRAPHY (INLAND): GRADE 12 (TERM 4)

TERM 4	WEEK 1	WEEK 2		
CAPS TOPIC	Climate and weather geomorphology	Settlement geography Economic geography of SA Map work skills and techniques	PAPER 1 150 marks 3 hours	EXAMINATION  PAPER 2 150 marks 3 hours
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS, AND VALUES	Revision and consolidation of content completed	Revision and consolidation of content completed	Question 1 (Climate and weather) 60 marks Short questions (15) 3 sub-questions of 15 marks each on climate and weather  Question 2 (Geomorphology) 60 marks Short questions (15) 3 sub-questions of 15 marks each on geomorphology  Question 3 (Map work) 30 marks Map skills and calculations (10 marks) Map interpretation (12 marks) GIS (8 marks)	Question 1 (Rural and urban settlements) 60 marks Short questions (15) 3 sub-questions of 15 marks each on rural and urban settlements
REQUISITE PRE- KNOWLEDGE	Gr 11: High and low pressures, and pressure belts Weather changes during cold fronts	Gr 11: High and low pressures, and pressure belts Weather changes during cold fronts		Question 2 (Economic geography of South Africa) 60 marks Short questions (15) 3 sub-questions of 15 marks each on economic geography of South Africa  Question 3 (Map work) 30 marks Map skills and calculations (10 marks)
RESOURCES (OTHER THAN TEXTBOOK) TO ENHANCE LEARNING	Past question papers	Past question papers		
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT (CONTENT & MAPWORK)	Data response tasks	Data response tasks	Cognitive levels Lower order – 25%	Map interpretation (12 marks) GIS (8 marks)
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT)			Middle order – 50% Higher order – 25%	